Pittsburgh Gazette.

VOLUME LXXXIV. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1869. NUMBER 170.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

THE CAPITAL.

Resisting the Revenue in Georgia—Counterfeit Government Securities—The Mississippi Election—Gen. Sickles' Instructions.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, July 27, 1869.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE REVENUE.

The enforcement of the revenue laws, in at least a portion of the State of Georgia, appears to be a matter of some difficulty, if not danger. Three gentlemen have declined the appointment of Assessor in one district, and abandoned the field to disorderly parties. The district complained of is known as the Third Georgia District, comprising twenty-three counties in the central and eastern part of the State. Collector Belcher has forwarded to Commissioner Delano the last appointee, William E. Haycord, with the statement that he (Haycord) found it impossible to discharge his duty, owing to threats, intimidations and actual violence, and that three unsuccessful attempts had been made to assess property in these counties. The matter will be brought to the attention of the President on his return, and if necessary the military will be used to aid in the enforcement of the laws.

COUNTERFEITING SECURITIES.

It is stated that there is information at the Treasury Department that counterfeiting of United States Securities in some European countries is being carried on to some extent, and bankers and others are warned to take the necessary precautions. Counterfeit coupons, which purported to have been attached to a one hundred dollar Five-twenty bond, of the issue of 1862, fourth series, was received by Gen. Spinner to-day. It was paid in New York, and came from Germany. The paper on which it is printed is poorer in quality than that used by the Government, and a close examination shows that it is merely a well executed lithograph.

THE MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.

A special says: Judge Dent and Governor Sharkey have become alarmed at General Ames' presence at Long Branch and are about to go there themselves. They wish to induce President Grant to caution Ames against influencing the Mississippi election by means of his military powers.

INSTRUCTIONS RELATIVE TO CUBA.

The impression still prevails in Washington that Minister Sickles has instructions relative to Cuba, which direct him in his dealings with the Spanish Court. Officials at the State Department, and Cuban agents, however, decline to say anything definite about the matter.

CONFEDERATE LABORATORY.

Dr. Culver, of Georgia, left Washington to-night with authority to take possession of the Confederate laboratory at Macon for the State Agricultural Fair. After the first of January it is probable the building will be converted into a hospital for aged and infirm negroes.

PROPOSED CONSOLIDATION.

A memorial has been prepared and will soon be circulated throughout Washington and Georgetown for signatures, to be presented to Congress, asking that the the two cities be consolidated under one municipal government, to be called the City of Washington.

PERSONAL.

The President is expected next Thursday.

Secretary Rawlins was at the War Department to-day, looking much improved in health.

FALSE REPORT.

The recently published statement that the Secretary of the Treasury would sell no more gold and buy no more bonds was without foundation.

REVENUE RECEIPTS.

The receipts from internal revenue from July 1st to date were $1,786,000.

LOUISVILLE.

Visit of Cincinnati Council—Heavy Doctors' Bill.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—The Common Council of Cincinnati and auxiliaries, numbering in all fifty-eight persons, arrived at noon to-day, and were escorted to the Louisville Hotel by the Louisville Council in carriages, headed by the Excelsior Silver Band of Cincinnati. After partaking of refreshments and resting a few minutes at the hotel, the assemblage proceeded to the Court House to view the statue of Henry Clay. This work of art was greatly admired by the visitors. A grand firemen's display next took place, after which the guests returned to the hotel and partook of a sumptuous repast. After dinner the officials were placed in carriages and taken to the House of Refuge. After an inspection of this public institution, they proceeded to the Ohio river bridge, from thence to the residence of J. B. Wilder, Esq., and from thence to the Lion Garden, where the day's entertainment was concluded with a grand banquet.

The *Express*, of this evening, after reviewing the circumstances whereby Judge J. S. Black had his arm crushed some two months ago, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad, says: The Railroad Company having promised to pay all the expenses incurred in restoring his arm, the attending physicians have brought in a bill of $6,500 for their services. There has been no action taken yet by the directors of the road, but they rather demur at the charge as exorbitant.

Latest from Cuba.

By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

HAVANA, July 27.—The Governor of the jurisdiction of Trinidad has issued rigorous orders, obliging all Spaniards between the ages of fifteen and sixty to do military duty in the field or in reserve corps, while persons unfit for active service are to garrison towns. The press praise the measure and demand that it be made general in its application throughout the Island.

The United States steamer Tuscarora is cruising off Havana, and sent in a boat to day for mails.

CHICAGO.

Civil vs. Ecclesiastical Court—Argument on the Whitehouse-Cheney Injunction Case.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, July 27.—At ten o'clock this morning the Superior Court room was crowded to hear the arguments on the motion to dissolve the injunction lately issued by Judge Jameson to arrest the proceedings in the Ecclesiastical Court, convened for the purpose of trying Rev. Charles Edward Cheney, of Christ Church, for a violation of the church canons. S. Corning Judd and W. C. Goudy appeared for the Ecclesiastical Court, and Messrs. Fulton, Rich and Thompson for Mr. Cheney. Mr. Fuller, on behalf of the complainant, made a motion for a continuance of the case until a future day, and based his motion upon the ground that the answer of the respondents had not been filed until yesterday afternoon, and that the answer was accompanied by an affidavit of Bishop Whitehouse, all of which, on such short notice, the complainant had not had time to meet. Mr. Fuller read his own affidavit, setting out the above facts, and, also, that the allegations contained in the answer of Rev. Dr. Chase and others, respondents, in some respects were untrue; that if time was given him witnesses could be produced by whom it could be proved that one of the defendants, who is one of the assessors in the Ecclesiastical trial, had expressed an opinion as to the guilt of Mr. Cheney, which allegation was expressly denied in the answer of respondents, filed yesterday. Mr. Fulton further asked leave of the Court to file a supplemental and amended bill.

The Court denied the application for continuance. On the question of filing a supplemental and amended bill, the Court said that if, after a hearing upon the original and answer, it was conducive to the rights of the parties, he would allow them to be filed, without prejudice to the injunction. Judge Jameson also announced that he had ordered the injunction to issue upon a reading of the bill and without notice, upon representations made to him that if the notice was given to the Ecclesiastical Court, such proceedings might have been had by that body in the way of hurrying their trial to a conclusion as would be of irreparable injury to Mr. Cheney, and the design and effect of the injunction evaded.

S. Corning Judd, in support of the motion for the dissolution of the injunction, entered into an elaborate technical argument. Taking up the averments of the bill, he denied them *seriatim*. The averment of material injury, and the allegations as to the growth and development of Christ Church under Mr. Cheney's care, the counsel endeavored to ridicule by quoting the well-known quotation, as the moving cause of averment, "Who so bloweth not his own horn, the same shall not be blowed," and affirmed that "blind justice would unsheath her sword for the humble curate in a cottage as well as for a rector who expands himself in a church of palatial proportions." The counsel insisted that a civil court had no authority to interfere with an ecclesiastical tribunal, and if it had, that the bill was not sufficient to warrant the present proceedings. He also insisted that the proceedings were all regular on their face; that ample justice had been done; that the strictest impartiality had been shown; and leaving the narrow ground of technical canonical restriction, asserted in broad terms that whether the proceedings were in fact canonical or not, the Bishop had, in his own person, the inherent right of discipline, irrespective of and above all canons.

Before Mr. Judd concluded, the Court adjourned until two o'clock.

At two o'clock the Court met, and Mr. Judd, counsel for the assessors, resumed his argument and finished at three.

He was followed by Mr. Thompson, in behalf of Mr. Cheney, who spoke for an hour and was followed by Mr. Fuller, who had not finished when the Court adjourned. The arguments will be continued to-morrow and will possibly last nearly all day.

CHARLESTON, S. C.

Riot Among Colored Men—Military Called Out.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHARLESTON, July 27.—A negro riot, which at one time threatened very serious consequences, occurred last night on the occasion of the departure of a visiting Base Ball Club from Savannah. The Club was accompanied by a brass band, composed of colored men who were said to be Democrats. As the Club was leaving in procession for the Savannah boat they were attacked with sticks, stones and brickbats by a mob of several hundred men. Several shots were fired on both sides.

The Mayor of Pittsbury was on the ground, but it is said he was powerless to quell the riot and was compelled to call on Major Oglesby for the assistance of United States troops. The Club was then escorted to the boat between platoons of the Eighth infantry, followed by a large crowd of yelling and infuriated negroes, throwing stones and compelling the soldiers at intervals to face about and threaten to fire. Several persons were wounded, mostly members of the colored band. The affair caused intense indignation among the whites.

American Philological Convention.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

POUGHKEEPSIE, July 27.—The American Philological Convention was called to order this afternoon in the Congregational Church. Dr. Boise, of Chicago, was chosen temporary Chairman. Committees were appointed and several members made short addresses.

This evening the Committee on Permanent Organization reported the following: President, Dr. Whitney, of Yale College; Vice Presidents, Dr. Harkness, of Brown University, and Dr. Dwight, of Clinton, New York; Secretaries, Prof. Geo. Comfort, of Allegheny College, Prof. Silber, of New York. The report was agreed to.

Dr. Whitney, upon taking the Chair, made a short address. He was followed by Benson J. Lansing in an address of welcome to the Convention.

The Business Committee announced three sessions to-morrow for the reception and discussion of classical papers, after which several addresses were made and the Convention adjourned until to-morrow.

SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK, A. M.

NEWS BY CABLE.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, July 27.—Baron Von Beust to-day received the budget of the Committee of the Hungarian delegation, and made an important address. He said the relations between Austria and France had been on the best possible footing ever since Austria relinquished the Italian territories, and the interests and intentions of the two countries were identical. Alluding to the eastern policy, he said he would not insist on the programme of 1867, but leave it to the option of Turkey to follow his counsel regarding concessions to the Christians. On this point he would bring no pressure to bear. He declared that he had honestly striven to establish more cordial relations with Prussia, but his efforts not having been met in a similar spirit, he had been unsuccessful. He closed with a strong defense of the general policy of the Imperial government. The Prime Minister's speech was received with great satisfaction.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, July 27.—Henry W. Longfellow was yesterday invested with the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws by Oxford University.

MARINE NEWS.

LONDON, July 27.—The steamers City of Boston, Hansa and Malta, from New York, Berlin, from Baltimore, and Hibernia, from Quebec, have arrived out.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening*—Consols for money 93⅛; for account 93⅛@93¼. American securities quiet: 5-20 bonds 82¼; do. at Frankfort, 87½; Eries, 19; Illinois, 93¾.

PARIS, July 27.—*Evening*—Bourse steady: Rentes 71f. 95c.

LIVERPOOL, July 27.—*Evening*—Cotton market steady; middling uplands 12¾; Orleans 12⅞; sales are reported of 10,000 bales. California white wheat 10s. 8d.; red western 9s. 2d. Western flour 23s. 6d. Corn: sales at 30s. for old; 29s. for new. Oats 3s. 6d. Peas 40s. Pork 100s. Beef 90s. Cheese 61s. Lard 70s. Bacon 62s.

LONDON, July 27.—*Evening*—Tallow 46s. Sugar 39s. 9d. Linseed oil £31. 5s. 6s.

ANTWERP, July 27.—*Evening*—Petroleum closed at 50¾f. and quiet.

HAVRE, July 27.—*Evening.*—Cotton quoted at 150

MANCHESTER, July 27.—Market quiet but firm; Linseed oil, Liverpool, £33.

NEW YORK CITY.

Forged Railroad Stock Certificates—New York College Presidency—Statement Denied.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27.—Charles E. Quincy was arrested to day charged with attempting to pass two forged certificates of the Chicago and Rock Island Railroad Company of one hundred shares each and of the total value of $22,800. Quincy, who offered to sell the forged certificates to Wm. Hatch & Co., was held in $5,000 to answer. The certificate produced in Court purports to be of the first series, No. 10,903, signed W. F. Coolbaugh, Treasurer, and John F. Tracy, President. The original certificate of the same number was long since cancelled. It is not believed a great amount of spurious stock is out.

Maj. Gen. A. S. Webb has accepted the Presidency of the College of the City of New York, and will enter upon his duties about the first of August.

The Cuban Junta announce officially that the report of dissentions among its members, and change in the presidency, are false.

The Pullman palace car Wahsatch is announced to start West from the Hudson River Depot next Saturday afternoon and go through to California without change.

CINCINNATI.

Alleged Incendiarism—Exposition of Textile Fabrics—Base Ball.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, July 27.—The wholesale cloth house of McManus, Bierman and Kelly, on Race street, was discovered to be on fire last night, but it was extinguished. Michael Kelly, one of the firm, was arrested on suspicion of being the incendiary.

The work of opening goods for the exposition of textile fabrics has begun. The display of cassimeres, tweeds and jeans is very full.

The Empire Base Ball Club, of St. Louis, played the Buckeyes, of this city, at the Buckeye grounds this afternoon. Score: Empire 27, Buckeye 14.

Reunion of Union and Confederate Army Officers at Gettysburg.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GETTYSBURG, July 27.—The projected reunion of officers of both Union and Confederate armies who fought the battle of Gettysburg is to be held on the battle field on Wednesday, August 4th. This meeting is called by the Gettysburg Memorial Society for the purpose of permanently locating the position of the two armies during the various stages of the battle. A large number of officers will attend, and Colonel Batchelder, the historian of Gettysburg, accompanied by Messrs. Chappel and Walker, the well known artists, will also be present. The occasion will be one of considerable interest.

The Anti-Rent Difficulty in New York.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, July 27.—This morning Col. Church, at whose instance the writ of ejection against Wilbeck, the East Greenbush anti-renter, was issued, went to Troy to procure warrants for the arrest of Wilbeck and the parties implicated in the assault of yesterday. The wounded men are all comfortable. Wilbeck claims one of the deputies fired the first shot, and that he offered the rent, but that it was refused and he then defended his property.

CABLE CELEBRATION.

Great Demonstration at Duxbury, Mass.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

KINGSTON, July 27.—The people of Duxbury, with invited guests, are celebrating the completion of the French Atlantic cable. The dinner took place in a large tent on Abraham's Hill. It was a splendid affair, some six hundred persons being present. Hon. S. N. Gifford, President of the Committee of Arrangements, called the assembly to order in fitting remarks, after which Rev. Jeremy Moore, of Duxbury, offered a prayer.

After the dinner was discussed, the following toasts were gone through with:

First. To the town of Duxbury. Its inhabitants—the descendants of the Pilgrim heroes, who planted on this very spot the seeds of our peculiar and noble American civilization, perpetuating the names of Carven, Brewster, of Standish and Bradford, of Winslow and Alden—attest their unbroken lineage by extending an enthusiastic welcome to those who have achieved so magnificent an enterprise in the interest of the largest material prosperity and on behalf of the unity of the human race.

"Yankee Doodle" was played by the Plymouth band and C. B. Thomas, an old resident of Duxbury, responded, closing as follows: "Here, then, standing between the grave of Webster and the harbor of the Pilgrims, we, in the name of the American people, extend a cordial welcome to those who have consumated this undertaking and offer our heartfelt wishes that this telegraphic wire may be a bond of perpetual harmony."

Second. The State of Massachusetts. Response by Governor Claflin.

Third. The President of the United States. Music "Hail Columbia." Response by Judge Russell.

Fourth. The city of Boston—among the first to welcome all measures to arouse the highest civilization of the world, she will hail with joy the last of all the grand agencies to annihilate time and space, the great obstacles to the progress of nations. Responded to by Mayor Shurtleff.

Fifth. His Majesty, the Emperor of the French. Music "The Marseilles Hymn."

Sixth. Her Majesty, the Queen of England. Music "God Save the Queen."

Seventh. His Majesty, Victor Emanuel, King of Italy. Response by Mr. Day, of New York.

Eighth—The French Atlantic Cable. Directly uniting two Continents, may it be to all time only a medium of good will and promoter of an international peace as serene and undisturbed as that of the still ocean deeps through which it hold its course. Response by Sir James Anderson, Managing Director of the Construction Company.

Ninth Commerce. In all ages the power of a wider civilization, it has in the electric telegraph its most potent and cunning ally.

Tenth. Science. With imperial thought and invincible power it subdues the wildest and most fearful elements of nature and binds them to the service of the community.

This closed the regular toast list, but Mr. C. B. Thomas then offered the following sentiment, sent to him by an old lady eighty-six years of age, the widow of a late prominent ship master: "To the memory of the past generation of ship masters and ship builders of Duxbury. May the electric spark now kindled so animate the coming generation that it may worthily fill the place of the past, is the wish of an old settler."

At the conclusion of his address Mayor Shurtleff stated he had received the following dispatch from Paris:

"To His Excellency, the Mayor of Boston, America: The Prefect of Paris, rejoicing on this happy occasion of the closer union between the two countries, begs that the Mayor of Boston will accept his best compliments and good wishes."

The Mayor stated he had sent the following in reply:

"*Duxbury, Mass.*, July 27, 1869.—To His Excellency, the Prefect of Paris, the Mayor of Boston sends a most hearty greeting. May the new bond of union between the two continents be one of peace, prosperity and amity. May the citizens of the old and new worlds rejoice in mutual congratulations on the great scientific accomplishment."

Sir James Anderson, in his remarks, disclaimed all honor in the success of the cable enterprise, which he thought wholly due to the officers of the vessels which had just departed. The importance of the ocean telegraph was alluded to and he claimed that to Cyrus W. Field, more than any other man living, was owing the success of Atlantic cables. He had heard that Mr. Field opposed the landing of the French Cable, and he would think it strange if he did not. That gentleman is largely interested in the Atlantic Cable, and it is but natural that he should defend his interest. So far as honorable opposition goes, they should not feel offended at it, for under like circumstances they would do the same thing. He had also heard that some opposition had been made to the landing of the cable, which might also be due to Mr. Field and his colleagues; but he had no fear that any influence could induce the American people to act unjustly and allow millions of money to be spent in laying a cable without having fair play.

E. S. Tobey, Lord Sackville, Geo. B. Loring and Charles Levi Woodbury made brief addresses and the company was dismissed.

The levee in the evening at Mr. Wright's house was very quiet and exclusive.

—The British steamer Lord Lowell, which left Baltimore on Friday last for Havana, laden heavily with coal and about three hundred and fifty empty sugar hogsheads, was overhauled on Saturday evening off Cape Henry by the revenue cutter Northerner, by orders from Washington, on suspicion of being engaged in carrying arms, etc., to Cuba, in the interest of the revolutionists. After thorough search she was released, nothing being found to justify her seizure.

—R. D. Bogart, the alleged defaulting paymaster's clerk, who is charged with embezzling $12,000 of Government funds from the paymaster of the receiving ship Vermont, at the Brooklyn navy yard, and who was arrested in Texas after a long pursuit by detectives, has been turned over to the naval authorities to be tried by court-martial.

—It is stated that James C. Taylor, Attorney General elect of Virginia, is to be commissioned by General Canby to fill that office, the occupant having resigned.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

AFRICAN M. E. CHURCH.

Third Day of the Annual Conference—The Lyons Case—Appointment of Committees—The "Progress of Liberty" Endorsed.

The conference met at nine A. M. pursuant to adjournment. Bishop Loguin in the chair. The devotional excercises were conducted by Rev. Wm. Johnson, of Uniontown. The reports of the Sabbath Schools were continued which showed that they were in a prosperous condition.

Committee on complaints reported in the case of the Rev. Mr. Lyons, that after a careful consideration of the case, and from testimony placed in their hands, they considered the charge touching his moral character to be groundless, and would reccommend that the Rev. Mr. Lyons be exonoerated. Motion was made to adopt the report.

Rev. Dr. Matthews moved to lay the report on the table. Adopted.

Dr. Matthews moved to refer the case of Mr. Lyons back to the Committee with direction to make a thorough investigation of the whole case. The motion was unanimously adopted.

Bishop Loguin announced the following Committees:

On Devotion—Rev. A. Cole, N. H. Williams, W. Johnson.

Finance—N. H Williams, A. Cole, J. J. Freeman, B. F. Pulpress.

Credentials of Lay Delegates—Wm. Hamilton, N. H. Williams.

Ministerial Studies and Ordination—W. Johnson, J. J. Freeman, A. Cole.

Sabbath Schools—J. J. Freeman, W. T. Biddie.

State of the Country and the Churches—W. T. Biddle, J. W. Davis, Prof. H. H. Garnet, by request.

Temperance—J. Henry, W. Hamilton, J. F. Lyons.

Education.—Dr. D. B. Matthews, J. J. Freeman, O. L. C. Hughes.

Laying off Districts.—The whole Conference.

Missions among Freedmen.—N. H. Williams, J. F. Lyons, B. F. Pulpress, Prof. Garnet, honorary member.

Apportionment of Bishop's Salary.—Dr. D. B. Matthews, J. J. Freeman, N. H. Williams, J. W. Davis.

The following new Societies were then received by the Conference: Recommended by Dr. D. B. Matthews, Mount Pleasant, Washington county; by Rev. N. H. Williams, Gazzam's Hill; by Rev. J. J. Freeman, Pontiac, Mich.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Conference met at two o'clock, Bishop Loguin in the Chair.

Several petitions from congregations were received, praying for the re-appointment of pastors.

By invitation, President Garnet and Rev. Mr. Asbury, Elder of the A. M. E. Church of Allegheny City, briefly addressed the Conference.

Mr. George D. Ware was also introduced, and made a short and telling speech.

The following preamble and resolution was presented by Dr. N. H. Williams and unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, we are fully convinced of the power of the press in the great political struggle in which we are now engaged for the promotion of the cause of Christ, as well as for the elevation and political enfranchisement of our Race. Therefore,

Resolved by this Conference, in annual meeting assembled, That the publication of the *Progress of Liberty*, a family newspaper, issued weekly at the capital of our State, and edited by Mr. O. L. C. Hughes, meets with the entire approbation of this Conference; that we hail it as the able organ of the colored people, and the faithful exponent of their rights and interests; that we cordially recommend it to the encouragement and support of the members of the A. M. E. Zion Church, and ask for it the patronage of business men everywhere, and such support from the friends of equal human rights generally, as may extend its power for doing good, and give it an abundance of substantial prosperity.

Conference then adjourned to meet this morning at nine o'clock,

A Forlorn Hope.

Last Saturday Charles St. Clair, a young man, was convicted in the Court of Quarter Sessions of larceny and sentenced to two years imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary. Yesterday afternoon, Deputy Sheriff Thos. B. Onley, started with the prisoner from the County jail to lodge him in his future home. The convict evinced no disposition to be unruly, until the gate leading into the Penitentiary yard was reached, when he made a dash and broke away from the officer, and started up Ohio street, at a speed which augered well for his agility. The Sheriff immediately called upon him to halt, and when the command was not heeded, drew a revolver and sent a bullet flying after him which grazed the side of his head, carrying away a lock of his hair, but failing to arrest his flight. The officer then started in pursuit, and saw St. Clair turn into a blacksmith shop, and attempt to get out of a window in the rear. He had got about half way through, when the blacksmith recovered from his astonishment at the suddent appearance, and rightly appreciating the situation, quickly seized, and held him until the officer came up. Handcuffs were then brought into requisition and the chap marched off to the stone house without further resitance or trouble.

Forger Arrested.

Yesterday a young man, residing in Lawrenceville, forged his father's name to a check for three hundred dollars on the Lawrenceville National Bank, by which he procured the money. The forgery was not discovered until the bank had closed for the day, and then the chap could not be found. A detective, however, was put on guard and succeeded in arresting him last night between eleven and twelve o'clock, at a livery stable, where had just returned a horse and buggy, hired during the afternoon. When arrested he had only one hundred and sixty-seven dollars in his possession, having in some manner disposed of one hundred and thirty-three dollars, from the time of getting the money, in the morning. A new watch and chain, pocket-book and through ticket to Chicago, furnished an explanation of the disappearance of some portion of it. He was locked up to await a disposition of the case this morning, when it is probable the affair will be compromised and settled.

MILITARY REVIVAL.

The Duquesne Greys to be Reorganized—Meeting Last Night.

There are but few of our readers who are not acquainted with the history of the Duquesne Greys, at one time one of the best military organizations in the State. The company won an honorable name during the Mexican war, and at the breaking out of the rebellion the same feeling of patriotism existed among its members, who joined in the struggle and fought it out until the close. After the war the company was found to be much depleted from the losses suffered during the contest, and no attempt was made to recruit and preserve the organization until last evening, when a number of the surviving members assembled at the hall in the Third National Bank building, Wood street, with this object in view. There was quite a large number in attendance when the meeting was organized by the designation of Capt. J. B. Moore as Chairman, and Mr. F. J. Albeitz, Secretary.

The Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting, referred to the record of the "Greys" and hoped that some action would be taken toward a permanent organization that the memory of the past might be kept in remembrance and the Company prepared for service, if unhappily that should ever be required in the future.

After some informal discussion, Messrs. James Petrie, C. F. Porter and Wm. McLaughlin were appointed to draft another or procure the old constitution for the government of the new organization. The question of uniforms was next considered.

Mr. McClarren thought it would be well enough to have this matter investigated. Previous to the breaking out of the war the company had concluded to purchase uniforms like those of the Seventh New York Regiment, but had not negotiated before being called upon to enter the service. Such uniforms could now be purchased at about forty dollars each.

On motion Messrs. W. B. Neeper, John McClarren; and A. W. Loomis, were appointed to select uniforms, ascertain the cost, &c., and report at next meeting.

Some discussions then ensued in regard to procuring arms. By the old system the Captain of the Company was reduired to give bonds, for the value of the arms, which were held as security, and only surrendered when the arms were returned.

Mr. McClarren stated that under the new law for the organization of militia companies the system had been changed somewhat, but that he did not fully understand the nature of the changes.

Upon his motion a Committee, consisting of Messrs. A. Steinmeyer, John McClarren and J. B. Moore, was appointed to investigate the new law and report at the next meeting.

A roll was then made out and signed by those present, after which the meeting adjourned, to be reconvened at the call of the Chairman.

Pike Street Amusements.

Saturday evening, Mr. John Cain being in that festive condition usually considered as "spoiling for a fight," wended his way to the residence of a friend, Geo. Dolison, Pike street, where he succeeded in a short time in accomplishing his designs, rather disastrously, though, to himself, for, as a result, he found himself in a short time outside the house in a completely demoralized condition, and bearing upon various parts of his body, unpleasant, because somewhat sore and painful, reminders of a scene in which he had taken an active part. Reflection, and perhaps a faint idea of revenge induced him to visit Alderman Moreland's office, and impress upon that official's mind the importance of having Dolison arrested as a dangerous man, evidenced in the fact of an assault and battery committed upon him. The magistrate acted upon his suggestion, and secured the attendance of Dolison at the Aldermanic office, when the case cited, in substantiation of his arrest, was thoroughly investigated, resulting in his discharge from custody and the payment of costs by the prosecutor.

Kept the Money.

Yesterday afternoon, Lucretia Reynolds made information before Alderman McMasters, against Jane Nicholls, for larceny as bailee. Lucretia is a shirt maker and had been given two dollars by a customer to get some material for a peice of work. She went to the store of Mrs. Nicholls, and laid down the money, at the same time designating the articles she wished to get. She alleges, however, she got nothing except an insult from Mrs. Nicholls who coolly put the money into the drawer, remarking that it would just settle the balance between them, and then ordered her to leave. She did leave, and made the information as stated upon which a warrant was issued.

Additional Markets by Telegraph.

OSWEGO, July 27.—Flour in active demand, with sales of 2,600 bbls; closing at $7,50 for No. 1 spring; $7,75 for amber winter; $8,50 for white, and $9,00 for double extra. Wheat firm, with sales of 7,500 bushels amber winter at $1,56; 1,700 bushels amber winter at $1,58, and No. 2 Milwaukee Club held $1,50. Corn market better; sales of 6,000 bush No. 2 Illinois at $1,07, and 1,600 bushels No. 1 Illinois at $1,10. Lake imports: 16,500 bushels wheat. Canal exports: 2,200 bush wheat, 2,500 bush corn.

NEW ORLEANS, July 27.—Cotton quiet, middlings 32½c, sales of 100 bales; receipts 150 bales. Gold 36¼. Sterling, 50¼. New York sight ½ premium. Flour declined, superfine $5,50@5,75; double extra $6,26; treble extra $6,65. Corn tending upward, white $1,25. Oats 75@77c. Bran $105. Hay $29 for prime. Pork held at $33,50. Bacon firmer, held at 15½c. for shoulders and 19@19½c. for sides. Lard unchanged. Sugar nominal. Molasses nominal. Whisky $1,17. Coffee unchanged.

CHICAGO, July 27.—At open board No. 2 wheat closed steady at $1,36 seller July, and $1,35 buyer August. Corn quiet at 93½c seller August. In the evening there was very little doing, and No. 2 wheat and corn closed nominally at the same rates as above quoted.

NASHVILLE, July 27.—Cotton is quiet. Wheat is quiet, with sales of red at $1,10@1,15, and white at $1,25@1.30.

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

EPHEMERIS.

—Ole Bull has gone home.

—Cleveland wants to be a watering place.

—Weston has once more succeeded in failing.

—A Russian princess is afflicted with kleptomania.

—Mr. C. Delano returned an income this year of $10,295.

—White flannel shirts are worn with full suits of white flannel by some of the sea-side swells this year.

—Lord Mayo has decided that Hindoos may become free-masons.

—There are 16,613 four-legged hogs in Tuscarawas county, Ohio.

—Jesse D. Bright expects to be the next Senator from Kentucky.

—General Sheridan is the guest of Senator Sprague at Narragansett.

—Rice is suffering from drouth in Georgia. The rice referred to is not Daniel.

—Hon. W. G. Hickborne has accepted the temperance nomination for Governor of Maine.

—Hungary has a bandit who boasts of having patriotically murdered forty Austrian officers.

—A horse thief in New Jersey has been sentenced to one hundred and fifty years imprisonment.

—The great Cape diamond is not a great Cape May diamond. There is very little good hope about one of the latter sort.

—The Boston *Post* speaking of the new Russian Minister Katecazi, says he is no connection of our old friend Catechism.

—Mrs. Paddock has named her first daughter Fanchon. This is very appropriate as Mrs. P. used to be Maggie Mitchell.

—Sawdust pills would effectually cure many of the diseases with which mankind is afflicted, if every individual would do his own sawing.

—A Boston gentleman has invented a rat trap which kills the animal instantly, throws its body in the air, and sets itself for another victim.

—In Sweden the brakesmen on the railways are instructed in surgery and bandaging. The Erie railway might profitably follow the same plan.

—In Randolph county, Illinois, a man named Thompson fell from a hay stack and was killed. He rather anticipated things by falling on a pitchfork.

—Mr. A. H. Lee, of Prairie de Rocher. Ill., the man who drew the Crosby Opera House, died on Friday last at the Burnett House, in Cincinnati, of dropsy of the heart.

—Zanesville has expelled a Street Commissioner from office for neglect of duty. This proceeding shows a great deal of boldness as we never heard of any precedent.

—The grand southern entrance to the Cathedral at Cologne has been completed. If work goes on as it now does, the present generation will see the completion of the beautiful temple.

—At Long Branch, Mrs. Grant wore white lace over blue satin. Her demeanor was modest, and she attracted much attention as she stood beside the President with her hands and eyes demurely crossed.

—The peasant who saved the Czar of Russia from the attack of the would be assassin, was so burdened with the rank and wealth, which were thrust upon him, that he ended it all the other day by hanging himself.

—It looks now as if Secretary Borie had exceeded his authority when he undertook to change the names of the war vessels, and that consequently their names are still as beautiful and classical as ever.

—Baltimore street railways have to pay one-fifth of their gross income to the city for park purposes, and the consequence is that city is amply provided with beautiful public pleasure-grounds which are kept in perfect order.

—The ears of grain having given out in some parts of Missouri, a hungry grasshopper tried to eat the ear of a little girl the other day. Several men are reported to be going down to that section to have their corns destroyed.

—The New York *Nation* is said to be failing; for the credit of American taste in literature we hope it is not so. Surely we cannot, as a people, have fallen so low that we support Pomeroy's *Democrat* and let the *Nation* fall.

—Recently a rector of a parish in Toledo, Ohio, in catechising his Sunday School, asked: "Where did the wise men come from?" Without a moment's hesitation, the answer came from a little five year old: "*From Boston!*"

—A young man, named Mathew Collins, was stabbed and killed in Cincinnati, on Saturday night, by a companion with whom he was out on a spree. The murderer, Martin Maley, was arrested. Collins was a shoemaker and just twenty-one years old.

—The burglar business is brisk in Philadelphia just now. Many houses are vacant, their owners being off at watering places, and gentlemen of the appropriation profession have as much as they can do to visit all such houses before the season is over.

—It is some time now since Timothy T. Titcomb has written anything particularly ridiculous and ignorant from Europe. Knowing the eminent author only by his letters, one would imagine that he is traveling with eyes tight shut, ears wide open and a practical joker at each of the auricles, happy in[illegible] found a butt.

—Nine ships and b[illegible]ed from the port of Philadelphi[illegible]k, with 936,283 gallons of petr[illegible]s makes 14,548,256 gallons of t[illegible] shipped from that port since th[illegible]January, and one ship, nine bar[illegible]ur brigs are now loading.

—The great needle m[illegible]y of Carl Schleicher in Schoenthal, near Duren, on the Rhine, exported in the year 1868 no less than 340,000,000 of sewing needles, which were diposed of in various parts of the continent of Europe, in North and South America, and in Africa.

—The Masons in Louisville are to build a hospital. We do not know that as a society they are more charitable than any other, but it is certain that there is not a hospital or asylum in the country that the masons have not built, but on the other hand in all such institutions you find plenty of odd fellows.

—The crowds which go to see the perilous feats of aerial gymnasts, must be drawn by the hope of being eye witnesses to some appalling tragedy. Many audiences are disappointed in this amiable desire; but one at Kent, Ohio, the other day, came very near being gratified. Madame Sanyeh, who travels with Yankee Robinson's show, fell while in the act of leaping, thirty feet, alighting on her head and shoulders and seriously damaging herself.

—Mr. James Fisk Jr., is paying especial attention to the comfort of smokers who may travel by any of his conveyances. As more than two-thirds of the traveling public smoke it is strange that the worst car on a train, or often no car at all is provided for their use, on most railroads. If smokers would assert themselves, and sneer only half as much at non-smokers, as the non-smokers do at them, they would command much more attention, and comfortable accommodations.

—A fatal accident occurred in Cleveland on Saturday morning, at the Elliptic Car Steel Spring Works. A man named Henry Ruhl was grinding a spring, when the grindstone, which was five feet in diameter and one foot thick, burst into four pieces. One piece hit Ruhl, crushing his head and killing him instantly. The other pieces were thrown in various directions, with tremendous force, doing much damage to the building and machinery, but fortunately hurting no one but the unfortunate Ruhl. As no flaw could be discovered in the stone, which, at the time of the accident, was not moving rapidly, it is supposed to have been affected by a thunder storm which burst over the city at that time.

The Steam Yacht "Seaweed."

Mention has been made of the launch of the Steam Yacht *Seaweed*, constructed by John L. Knowlton, at his yard, Reed street wharf, Philadelphia, for Dr. J. H. Schenck, and named in honor of his popular preparation, "Seaweed Tonic," so well known as one of the three Specifics of world wide celebrity, for the cure of Consumptive diseases.

The Yacht, which is 60 feet in length, 13 feet 6 inches width of beam and 5 feet depth of hold, is a model of fine workmanship, and has been pronounced superior to anything of its class now afloat. The cabin is 12 feet 6 inches long, 8 feet wide, with a skylight running the entire length, and is provided with sleeping berths for twelve persons, also a kitchen, wine locker, water closets, and other conveniences. Aft of the cabin is 10 feet deck room, with a gangway of 24 inches on either side. The machinery is of the latest and most approved construction, the boiler being 50 inches in diameter and 7 feet 6 inches high, containing 198 two-inch tubes, each 4 feet 5 inches long. The engine is a 12 inch cylinder, with 12 inch stroke, of 30 horse power, and is one of the most simple and compact pieces of mechanism ever devised. With a pressure of only eighty pounds of steam, about 150 revolutions per minute are accomplished. There are also two pumps, to work either by hand or power. The propellor wheel, 4 feet 6 inches in diameter, has 4 blades, each 20 inches wide, with a pitch of 8 feet 6 inches. The pilot-house is in the form of a semi-circle, a most desirable shape to afford a full view. The hull was designed by Mr. John W. Lynn, the well-known shipbuilder. The timber for the construction of the craft was selected by the contractor with especial care, the frames being of well seasoned Delaware white oak, 2½ inches double, with 1½ inch white oak planking.

One noticeable feature in the construction of the Yacht, is the galvanized fastenings both inside and out—a precaution which few ship-builders observe, and which prevents greatly the wear and tear. The construction throughout has been of the most substantial character, while the Yacht itself is furnished with exquisite style and taste. Competent judges who have examined the construction and working of the machinery, claim for it a speed that will far distance anything of the kind in our inland waters. At a recent trial trip the rate of fifteen miles an hour was obtained, but even this her builder claims is not all that may be expected.—*Philadelphia Paper.*

CHINESE COOLIES.—It is asserted that while the Chinese coolies do very well in California, where they are governed by beneficial and protective societies, and are within reach of their own homes, yet when taken to the interior of the country, and removed from all restraint, they become lazy and disobedient. The coolies who were taken to the Sandwich Islands, in 1852, it is reported, behaved very badly, never working willingly, and setting up all night to drink and gamble. If scolded they took great offence, and sometimes attacked the overseers with knives, tied to long poles. The general experience of the Chinese coolie is that he must be kept from whisky.

OHIO LIVE STOCK STATISTICS.—Auditor Godman has just issued a tabular statement of the number of horses and cattle in the State, under the law of last session. The total for the State foots up: Horses, 704,578; cattle, 1,492,071; mules, 35,920; sheep, 6,278,640; hogs, 1,455,943.

GAS FIXTURES.

WELDON & KELLY,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Lamps, Lanterns, Chandeliers,
AND LAMP GOODS.
Also, CARBON AND LUBRICATING OILS,
BENZINE, &c.
No. 147 Wood Street.
se9:m22 Between 5th and 6th Avenue.

FRUIT CAN TOPS.

SEEP LABELING
FRUIT-CAN TOP,
COLLINS & WRIGHT,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

We are now prepared to supply Tinners and Potters. It is perfect, simple, and as cheap as the plain top, having the names of the various Fruits stamped upon the cover, radiating from the center, and an index or pointer stamped upon the top of the can.
It is Clearly, Distinctly and Permanently LABELED,
by merely placing the name of the fruit the can contains opposite the pointer and sealing in the customary manner. No preserver of fruit or good housekeeper will use any other after once seeing t. mh25

PIPES, CHIMNEY TOPS, &c.

WATER PIPES,
CHIMNEY TOPS
A large assortment,
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap14:h87 2d Avenue, near Smithfield St.

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS.

SUMMER GOODS
AT
REDUCED RATES.
Would call attention to the large reduction we have made in
Silk Parasols and Sun Umbrellas,
SELLING AT HALF PRICE.
COTTON HOSIERY,
LISLE GLOVES,
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
All at Very Low Prices.
COLORED SILK FANS,
SILK BOWS,
HOOP SKIRTS,
CORSETS,
WHITE MARSEILLES,
IRISH LINEN,
WHITE GOODS,
(of all kinds.)
FRINGES,
BUTTONS,
EMBROIDERIES.
MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,
78 & 80 Market Street.
jy10

NEW SUMMER GOODS
AT
MACRUM & CARLISLE'S
No. 27 Fifth Avenue,
Dress Trimmings and Buttons.
Embroideries and Laces.
Ribbons and Flowers.
Hats and Bonnets.
Glove fitting and French Corsets.
New Styles Gracley's Skirts.
Parasols—all the new styles.
Sun and Rain Umbrellas.
Hosiery—the best English makes.
Agents for "Harris' Seamless Kids."
Spring and Summer underwear,
Sole Agents for the Remis Patent Shape Collars. "Lockwood's" "Irving," "West End," "Elite," &c; "Dickens," "Derby," and other styles.
Dealers supplied with the above at
MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.
MACRUM & CARLISLE,
NO. 27
FIFTH AVENUE.
my4

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Dry Goods and Notions,
AT EASTERN PRICES.
G. ARBUTHNOT. W. T. SHANNON. J. G. STEPHENSON

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,
(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
No. 94 WOOD STREET,
Third door above Diamond alley,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HAIR AND PERFUMERY.

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, No. 123 Third street, near Smithfield, Pittsburgh.
Always on hand, a general assortment of Ladies' WIGS, BANDS, CURLS; Gentlemen's WIGS, TOPEES, SCALPS, GUARD CHAINS, BRACELETS, &c. ☞ A good Price in cash will be given for RAW HAIR.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Hair Cutting done in the neatest manner. mh2 n3

TRIMMINGS, NOTIONS, &C.

JUST RECEIVED.
FANCY
Linen Collars and Cuffs,
NEW STYLES.
TUCKED, EMBROIDERED
AND
Plain Linen Chemizettes.
SHETLAND
AND
SEA SIDE SHAWLS.
PONGEE SILK PARASOLS,
Different Colors.
TRAVELING BAGS AND SATCHELS,
Palm, Linen, Silk Fans,
JAPANESE FANS.
Hoop Skirts,
THE LATEST NOVELTIES.
BALMORAL SKIRTS
AND SKIRTING.
Kid Gloves,
ALL SHADES.
Silk, Lisle and Cotton Gloves.
HOSIERY,
All Kinds, Including a Full Line of
BALBRIGGAN
AND FINER MAKES.
Plain and Embroidered Corsets,
HAIR ROLLS,
Coils and Switches,
HANDKERCHIEFS.
A FULL ASSORTMENT OF
SUMMER UNDERWEAR,
ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES.
Gents' Shirts, Hose, Ties,
SUSPENDERS, DRAWERS, &C.
WHITE GOODS,
HATS,
BONNETS,
FLOWERS,
RIBBONS, all widths,
WAIST and NECK
RIBBONS.
BARGAINS
IN ALL KINDS OF GOODS.
Stock Kept Up During the Season
BY DAILY ARRIVALS OF
NEW GOODS,
CALL AT
JOSEPH HORNE & CO'S,
77 and 79
MARKET STREET.
jy21:m40

CARPETS.

JULY, 1869.
SPECIAL SALE OF
CARPETS.
We offer at Retail, for THIRTY DAYS ONLY, a line of New and Choice Patterns
English Tapestry, Brussels, Ingrain, and Other Carpets,
AT LESS THAN COST OF IMPORTATION, and our entire stock at prices which make it an object to buy this month, as these goods have never been offered so low.
Our Store will close at 5 P. M. until September 1st.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE,
jy29:d&T (Second Floor).

CARPETS,
Floor Oil Cloths,
MATTINGS,
Window Shades,
AT LOW PRICES.
We offer many of our goods much below last Spring's prices. Those needing goods in our line can save money by buying at once.
BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,
21 FIFTH AVENUE.
jy14:d&T

NEW CARPETS!
June, 1869.
We are now opening an assortment unparalleled in this city of FINEST
VELVETS BRUSSELS THREE-PLYS,
The Very Newest Designs,
Of our own recent importation and selected from eastern manufacturers.
MEDIUM AND LOW PRICED
INGRAINS,
VERY SUPERIOR
QUALITY AND COLORS.
An Extra Quality of Rag Carpet.
We are now selling many of the above at
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.
M'CALLUM BROS.,
No. 51 FIFTH AVENUE,
je12
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.
HAVE JUST RECEIVED A
FINE SELECTION OF
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY BRUSSELS
THREE PLY AND
INGRAIN CARPETS.
THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF
WHITE, CHECK & FANCY
MATTINGS,
FOR SUMMER WEAR,
IN THE CITY.
STOCK FULL IN ALL DEPARTMENTS
AT
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO'S.
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

COAL AND COKE.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!
DICKSON, STEWART & CO.,
Having removed their Office to
NO. 567 LIBERTY STREET,
(Lately City Flour Mill) SECOND FLOOR.
Are now prepared to furnish good YOUGHIOGHENY LUMP, NUT COAL OR SLACK, at the lowest market price.
All orders left at their office, or addressed to them through the mail, will be attended to promptly.

DR. WHITTIER
CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL private diseases, Syphilis in all its forms, all urinary diseases, and the effects of mercury are completely eradicated; Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness and Impotency, resulting from self-abuse or other causes, and which produces some of the following effects, as blotches, bodily weakness, indigestion, consumption, aversion to society, unmanliness, dread of future events, loss of memory, indolence, nocturnal emissions, and finally so prostrating the sexual system as to render marriage unsatisfactory, and therefore imprudent, are permanently cured. Persons afflicted with these or any other delicate, intricate or long standing constitutional complaint should give the Doctor a trial; he never fails.
A particular attention given to all Female complaints, Leucorrhea or Whites, Falling, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Womb, Ovaritis, pruritis, Amenorrhoea, Menorrhagia, Dysmenorrhoea, and Sterility or Barrenness, are treated with the greatest success.
It is self-evident that a physician who confines himself exclusively to the study of a certain class of diseases and treats thousands of cases every year must acquire greater skill in that specialty than one in general practice.
The Doctor publishes a medical pamphlet of fifty pages that gives a full exposition of venereal and private diseases, that can be had free at office or by mail for two stamps, in sealed envelopes. Every sentence contains instruction to the afflicted, and enabling them to determine the precise nature of their complaints.
The establishment, comprising ten ample rooms, is central. When it is not convenient to visit the city, the Doctor's opinion can be obtained by giving a written statement of the case, and medicines can be forwarded by mail or express. In some instances, however, a personal examination is absolutely necessary, while in others daily personal attention is required, and for the accommodation of such patients there are apartments connected with the office that are provided with every requisite that is calculated to promote recovery, including medicated vapor baths. All prescriptions are prepared in the Doctor's own laboratory, under his personal supervision. Medical pamphlets at office free, or by mail for two stamps. No matter who have failed, read what he says. Hours 9 A.M. to 8 P.M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Office, No. 9 WYLIE STREET, (near Court House,) Pittsburgh, Pa

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
An elegant new Brick Dwelling, 7 rooms, attic and wash room.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 16th ward, $1,800
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 16th ward, $1,500.
House of 4 rooms, 2 lots, 17th ward, $2,800.
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 17th ward, $2,400
House of 4 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $3,600.
House of 2 rooms, 1 lot, 15th ward, $800
10 lots, Siebert & Williams' plan, $700 to $800.
2 lots, 44th street, $1,200 each.
4 lots, 45th street, $1,000 each.
3 lots, Hatfield street, $800 each
1 lot, Sherman street, $7.50.
5 lots, 40th street, 20x240, $12,000.
4 lots, Butler street, $4,000.
BARGAINS IN BLOOMFIELD.
Lots 20x137 feet, $600; ten years to pay. A house cost $500; interest on both, $66 a year. Many pay $180 year rent. At Bloomfield you would save $114 a year and your house and lot in less than 10 years. Churches and schools near.
30 acres of land, a mile from Sharpsburg, $6,000; 25 acres of it, $3,500.
D. S. WILLIAMS, 17th ward.

FOR SALE.
3 STILLS, each 9 feet diameter and 16 feet long, with about 300 feet condensing pipe, from 4-inch down to 2½-inch gas pipe to each still, for $900 apiece.
3 BOILERS, each 33-inch diameter and 14 feet long, with chimney bridging, steam drum, stand pipe, &c., for $500.
2 KEYSTONE STEAM PUMPS, each 12 inch steam cylinder, 7-inch water cylinder and 12-inch stroke, for $300 apiece,
1 IRON AGITATOR, 16 feet diameter and 16 feet deep, with cast iron bottom for $500.
700 feet 2½-inch GAS PIPE at 40c per foot.
Apply to ERNY, JAGEMAN & CO., at works, near Sharpsburg Bridge. jy8:179

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE.—The heirs of the late ALEXANDER CAMERON, deceased, offer the following desirable and conveniently located property for sale: Three story Brick Dwelling House, fronting on West Common, Allegheny, No. 26 Sherman avenue. Also, two story Brick Dwelling, fronting on East Common, No. 16 Union avenue. Also, three story Brick store room, No. 104 Federal street, Allegheny, now occupied by J. J. East as Book Store. All of the above is offered on reasonable terms, in order to facilitate the settlement of the estate. Parties wanting information will apply to the undersigned at office of the Pennsylvania Insurance Company, 168½ Wood street, Pittsburgh. HUGH McELHENY. jy9:m94

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
No. 1. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 95 Water street, 30 feet front on Water street, extending back 160 feet to First street. Occupied by Messrs. Calhoun & Son.
No. 2. WAREHOUSE AND LOT, NS, 205 Liberty street, 20 feet front on Liberty, extending back 120 feet. Occupied by Mr. McSwiggin.
No. 3. One-half of WAREHOUSE AND LOT, No. 337 Commercial Row, Liberty street.
No. 4. LOT No. 23 in Curling's Plan of Lots, fronting 20 feet on Dinwiddie street.
No. 5. LOTS Nos. 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86 in Wray & Hoeveller's Plan of Lots, Bloomfield.
A considerable portion of the purchase money to remain on interest.
For further information apply to DR. R. WRAY, 132 Webster street, or to J. T. WRAY & BROTHERS 29 and 31 Irwin street. jy17:m29

FOR SALE.
Good 6 roomed brick house on Centre avenue and large lot—$4,500.
Good 6 roomed frame house with all improvements; lot 68 by 110—$4,000.
Frame house, 2 rooms; lot 24 by 100—$1,000.
Two well finished press brick houses and large lot—only $6,000.
Two 6 roomed houses on Fulton street—$3,500 each.
One lot 24 by 139 feet on Reed street—$500.
Plot of ground on Mt. Washington.
20 acres on Panhandle Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
30 acres on Western Pa. Railroad, 4 miles from the city.
225 acres good improved land in Missouri. Will be divided to suit purchasers.
20 lots on Centre avenue—$300 to $1,500 each. Inquire of
McCLUNG & RAINBOW,
Real Estate and Insurance Agents,
jy10 Nos. 195, 197 and 199 Centre avenue.

FOR SALE.
SALTSBURG—A 2 story Brick House, 9 rooms, 80 by 180.
GREENSBURG—A Lot 62 by 82, opposite freight depot.
McKEE-PORT—4 Lots and 2 story Brick House, with Tavern; M. V. R. R. passing through the property.
PERRY STREET, Allegheny—3 story frame house, 20 by 91.
ELIZABETHTOWN—4 Lots 25 by 60, with three frames and a two story Brick house.
SECOND AVENUE—A 3 story Brick House, 9 rooms.
CENTRE AVENUE—A 2 story Brick House.
For particulars enquire at 87 Grant street.
jy15 TUSTIN & KLEE.

FOR SALE.
Near Osborn Station, on the Pittsburgh Ft. Wayne and Chicago Railroad,
TWO LOTS,
Containing About Two Acres Each
ENQUIRE OF
W. MACKEOWN & BRO.
195 Liberty Street.
mh15

"HOBOKEN" STATION PROPERTY
FOR SALE.
This beautiful situation cannot be surpassed for private residences in any direction, so close to both cities, being only eight miles up the Western Pennsylvania Railroad. Any person desiring information about this property can obtain it by calling at the office of the IRON CITY MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, 7 Federal street, Allegheny. Lots from one-half acre to five acres; also, small lots to suit purchasers. There is a good location for a manufacturing establishment, between the Railroad and Allegheny river. je15:s48

FARM FOR SALE.
A GOOD FARM, in West Deer township, Allegheny county, 10 miles from Sharpsburg. FRAME TWO STORY HOUSE, of six rooms CELLAR under all house; also, a LARGE FRAME BARN, 58x38 feet, and other outbuildings.
Young Orchard of Choice Fruit Trees, &c
For particulars call on the premises, or JOHN W. BRYSON'S, 349 Liberty street, address WILLIAM BRYSON, Rural Ridge P. O. Allegheny county, Pa. jy10:

GARDENERS TAKE NOTICE
—FOR SALE.—The FOURTEEN MILE ISLAND, on the Allegheny River, and now used for gardening purposes; well improved and in a high state of cultivation; containing 40 or 50 acres, now offered at a bargain. Call soon.
Also, other Farms in good locations. Woolen Factory, two Houses, and twenty acres of land on the Central Railroad. Houses and Lots For Sale and To-let in both cities. For further particulars inquire of WILLIAM WARD,
fe28 110 Grant street, opposite Cathedral.

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE
—Situated in Allegheny township, Westmoreland county, 10 minutes walk from McKeans station, on the Allegheny Valley Railroad. Contains 104 acres, 60 of which are cleared; all under fence; balance valuable timber; underlayed with coal, 4 foot vein. Hewed Log House and Barn; an orchard of 140 trees, grafted; the place is well watered and in a good neighborhood. For price and terms apply to B. McLAIN & CO., No. 104 Fourth avenue.

NO. 133 THIRD AVENUE FOR SALE.—A large three story Brick Dwelling House of hall, eleven rooms and store Room, cellar gas and water fixtures, near the corner of Smithfield street. Lot 20 feet front by 85 deep. Possession will be given at one months' notice if desired. For further information apply to
S. CUTHBERT & SONS,
jy22 39 Sixth avenue.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS
266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paint and Patent Medicines. ja5:y29

PEARL ASH.—20 sacks or sale
J. B. CANFIELD.

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 27, 1869.

The oil market was rather dull to-day, and the volume of business was comparatively light, and compared with yesterday, prices ruled a shade lower. We haerd no special cause assigned for this slight reaction, further than there was not much inquiry, and that there was a little more disposition manifested to sell than on Monday. There is still considerable complaint made by manufacturers in regard to the price of crude and with good reason, too, as it is much higher, relatively than refined; it is thought by some that it will of necesity rule lower before long, that refiners cannot and will not pay present prices. This is beginning to show itelf in the diminished receipts of crude, and what is true of Pittsburgh, is, we understand, equally applicable to Cleveland. Refiners should have a profit of at least 50 cents per bbl: as it is now, taking present prices of crude and refined as a basis, there is no profit whatever, and the great proportion of the oil now being shipped east is being placed on old contracts.

CRUDE.

The Crude market closed a little weak this evening, with offers to sell at figures that were refused in the early part of the day. Sale of two lots of 1,000 each for July at 15, and August seller, could have been bought at same figure. In the forenoon sellers, generally, demanded about a quarter more. Sellers option, all year, may be quoted at 14½. Sale 5,000 buyer all year, at 16½.

REFINED

Also, closed a shade easier, July compared with yesterday being off half a cent; the late months were also off a little but not so much. Sale 500 each August to December at 33¾; 1,000 July at 31½. August, 32½@32¾; and September 32. Buyer all year, 34½.

LUBRICATING OILS.

Eclipse Winter Lubricating oil	40c
Eclipse Railroad Axle	35c
Eclipse Machinery	75c
Eclipse Spindle	80c

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL.

W. Wilson & Co	59 bbls
Waring, King & Co	400 "
Fisher Bro	320 "
Pool Bro	480 "
Total	1,259 bbls.

OIL SHIPPED EAST BY A. V. R. R.

Citizens Oil Co. 993 bbls refined to Jack & Bro., Philadelphia.
Wormser, Myers & Co., 210 bbls ref. oil to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Fawcett, L. & S. 100 bbls refined to W. Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Lockhart, Frew & Co. 667 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co. Philadelphia.
Forsyth & Bro., 259 bbls refined to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
Braun & Wagner 399 bbls refined to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Total Refined 2,628

OIL SHIPPED EAST AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.

Brooks, Ballentine & Co., 48 bbls ref. to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Cotton is without any decided change; sales 950 bales at 30c for middling uplands. Flour opened with a shade firmer, but closed dull and scarcely so firm; sales of 7,800 bbls. at $6,90@6,50 for superfine state and western, $6,90@7,45 for extra state, $6,80@7,50 for extra western, $7,55@7,75 for white wheat extra, $7,00@7,75 for R. H. O., $7,00@8,00 for extra St. Louis, $8,00@9,50 for good to choice; included in sales were 2,500 bbls choice extra state for export at $7,25; the receipts were 12,178 bbls. Rye Flour is steady, with sales of 270 bbls. at $4,75@6,75. Corn meal quiet and firm. Whisky active and firmer; 400 bbls western $1,10@1,11, free. Wheat opened steady and closed heavy and 1@2c lower; receipts 6,965, sales 79,000 bush at $1,55@1,58 for No. 2 spring, closed at $1,55@1,56; $1,50@1,52 for soft do; $1,60 for No. 1 and spring mixed; $1,60@1,62 for No. 1 do; $1,65 for amber State, and $1,70 for white California. Rye quiet and firm. Barley and Barley malt nominal. Corn opened 1@2c better and closed dull with the advance partly lost; receipts 16,452, sales 5,000 bush at 90c@$1.08 for unsound new mixed western; $1,10@1,15 for sound do., the latter price for high mixed; $1,10 for sound dried; $1,15@1,17 for western yellow. Oats—receipts 22,052 bu., dull and 1@2c lower; sales 47,000 bu. at 81¾@83c. for western afloat, closing at the inside price. Rice dull. Coffee quiet. Sugar firmer; sales 410 hhds at 11¼@12¼c for Cuba; 12½@13c. for Porto Rico. Molasses quiet. Hops quiet and firm. Petroleum firm at 17½@18c. for crude; 32¾@33c. for refined. Linseed oil quiet at 98@99c. in casks. Provisions—pork a shade firmer; sales 1,050 bbls. at $33 for new mess; $32@32,25 for old do.; $27@28 for prime; $28,50@29,25 for prime mess. Beef steady, with sales 150 bbls at $8@16 for new plain mess, and $12@18 for new extra mess. Tierce Beef nominal at $20@25 for prime mess, and $25@30 for India mess. Beef Hams quiet, with sales 100 bbls at 25@31. Cut Meats firm, with sales 200 packages at 14¾@15c for shoulders, and 17@19c for hams. Middles quiet. Lard firmer, with sales 540 tierces at 17@19¾c; chiefly 19¼@19¾c for steam, and 19¾@20c for kettle rendered. Butter steady at 16@28c for Ohio, and 16@36c for State. Cheese quiet and steady at 11@15c. Freights to Liverpool heavy and lower, with shipments 60,000 bush wheat, per steamer, at 7¼@7¾d.

Latest—Flour closed dull and a shade lower, with holders more disposed to realize. Wheat is dull and 1@2c lower, with sales of No. 2 spring at $1,53@1,55, and No. 1 spring at $1,58@1,60. Rye is nominally unchanged. Oats dull and lower at 81½c for western, afloat. Corn dull at 90c@$1,09 for unsound, and $1,13@1,14 for sound mixed western. Barley at quiet at $33 for mess. Beef quiet and steady. Cut meats are in limited request and unchanged. Bacon is quiet and without any material change. Lard dull at 19¼@19½c for fair to prime steam. Eggs are dull at 21@23c.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Eastern exchange is at par selling, 1-10 off buying. Flour is dull at $6,42½@7 for spring extras. Wheat opened firm and closed dull and weak; No. 1 fairly active for shipment 1c higher; sales at $1,40@1,40½, closing unchanged; No. 2 quiet for the present, but fairly active for future delivery; early sales at $1,39@1,40, but subsequently weakened and closed at $1,36; this afternoon the market is easier; sales No. 1 at $1,34, seller August; $1,35 seller July. Corn quiet; No. 1 inactive and nominal; No. 2 quiet; early sales at 96½@97c, but subsequently declined to 95½c, closing with more sellers than buyers; rejected lot and firm at 92@94c; no grade quiet at 87@92c; this afternoon No. 2 was nominally 94c, seller August. Oats quiet and 1@1½c lower; sales No. 2 at 68¼@68½c and rejected at 66@66¼c, closing the inside price. Rye closed with sellers of No. 2 at $1,06. Barley dull and nominal at $1,30, seller September, $1,30@1,35, cash. Highwines; early sales at $1,05; closing with sellers of small lots at $1,04, Sugars firm and active at 13¾@14¾c for common to prime Cuba. Provisions firm and steady; mess pork, $33,50; sweet pickled hams, 17½c; dry salted shoulders, 13½c for loose. Lard, 18½@18¾c. Freights quiet and ¼@½c lower, with 3¼c for corn and 4c for wheat per steam to Buffalo. Receipts during the past twenty-four hours: 4,316 bbls flour, 24,805 bush wheat, 26,240 bush corn, 8,630 bush oats, 1,586 hogs. Shipments: 5,660 bbls flour, 102,511 bush corn, 48,771 bush oats, 333 bush rye, 1,965 hogs.

ST. LOUIS, July 27.—Tobacco in good demand, but more than half the bids at previous prices were rejected; sellers looking for higher rates. Cotton nominal at 32@32½c. Hemp unchanged; undressed sold at $1,17@1,35. Flour; low grades continue scarce and in demand; other qualities firm: supers sold at $5,25@7,50; extra $5,15@6,25; double extra $5,75@6,50; treble extra $7@7,75; fancy $8@10,50. Wheat; receipts large and all grades of fall below strictly choice 3@5c. lower; no spring offering; prime to strictly prime red fall $1,25@1,30; low choice to strictly choice white $1,40@1,55. Corn: yellow and white are held higer: low grades unchanged; mixed in sacks sold at $1,04; prime yellow and good white at $1,05; prime to choice white $1,10@1,13. Oats firmer and better; mixed sold at 70c.; prime to fancy white at 71@75c. Rye lower at $1,26@1,22. Whisky advanced to $1,06. Groceries quiet and unchanged; sales fair to choice Rio Coffee at 22@25¼c; sales fair to choice Louisiana Sugar at 12¾c @14¾ for plantation. Molasses at 70@80c. Provisions very stiff and higher; Pork sold at $34, but is held at $34,50. Bacon in lots sold at 15c for shoulders, and 18¾@19c for clear sides, choice. Sugar Cured Hams at 23@24c. Also, sales 100,000 pounds clear sides, buyer for August, at 19¾c. Lard; small lots sold at 18½@19c for tierce, and 20@21c for keg. Cattle steady at 3½@6¼c. Hogs in good demand and firm at 8@9¼c, and retail lots at 9¾@10c. Receipts—2,100 bbls flour, 50,500 bush wheat, 6,500 bush corn, 1,300 bush oats, 400 bush rye, 200 head hogs.

CINCINNATI, July 27.—Flour quiet but steady, with family at $6@6,25. Wheat unsettled and lower; new red $1,20@1,25; white $1,35@1,40; receipts quite large. Corn scarce and firm at 87@88c. for ear. Oats unchanged, with new at 60@70c., and old 75c. Rye firm at 98c.@$1. Cotton nominally unchanged. Tobacco active, with sales 171 hhds at $6@25. Whisky unsettled and higher, with sales at $1,07. Provisions firmer, though holders parted with Mess Pork more freely; sales 12,000 bbls. at $33. Bulk shoulders sold at 13¼c. and sides at 16c. Bacon sold at 14¾@15c. for shoulders and 18@18¼c. for clear rib sides, also 18½@18¾c. Lard 19¼@19½c. Butter firm for choice at 28@30c., other grades unchanged. Eggs dull at 13@13¼c, shippers count. Groceries unchanged and firm. Linseed Oil dull at 98c.@$1. Lard Oil $1,35@1,40. Gold 135½ buying. Exchange steady at par buying. Money market easy at 7@9 per cent.

TOLEDO, July 27.—Flour lower, and more doing; sales of 600 bbls at $6@7,25 for double extra red and treble extra white. Wheat active and in speculative request at 3@5c better; sales 55,000 bushels at $1,58@1,59 for amber on spot; $1,59@1,60 seller July; $1,42½ seller August; $1,45 for No. 1 red on spot; $1,42 seller August; $1,37½ seller September; $1,38 for No. 2 new red; $1,40, for old; $1,30 for No. 2 new and No. 1 old; white $1,67. Corn 1c better and fairly active, with sales of No. 1 at 99¼c; No. 2 at 98c, and rejected at 85c. Oats: Michigan in active request at 80c. Rye dull and nominal: offering but no inquiry. Barley nominal. Receipts: 500 bbls flour, 13,600 bush wheat, 6,700 bush corn, 600 bush oats. Shipments: 200 bbls flour, 400 bush wheat, 1,100 bush corn, 1,200 bush oats.

CLEVELAND, July 27.—Flour, city made, $9 for treble extra white; $7,75@8 for double extra amber; $6,75@7 for extra red winter; $6,50 for double extra spring; country made: $7,50@8,25 for double extra white; $6,25@7,25 for double extra red and amber; $6,25@6,75 for double extra spring. Wheat, sales of 7,000 bush. of No. 1 red winter at $1,37; 2,000 bush. do. at the same price; No. 2 do. held at $1,36. Corn, No. 1 held at 98c.@$1; sale of one car No. 2 at 96c. Oats held at 80c. Rye firm, held at $1.10 @$1,15. Petroleum, refined held at 22½ @23c. for July, 29@29½c. for August for standard white; crude held at $6,65.

BALTIMORE, July 27 —Flour firm and the scarcity restricts business; western superfine $5,50@6, extra $6@7, do. family $7,50@8. Wheat firm; prime to choice red $1,60@1,70, white $1,65@1,75. Corn active; prime to choice red $1,60@1,70, white $1,12@1,13, yellow $1,10@1,12. Oats firm; new 65@68c., old 70@73c. Mess Pork quiet at $34. Bacon active and advancing; rid sides 19c., clear ribs 19¼c., shoulders 15¾@16c., hams 23@24c. Lard firm at 19½@20c. Whisky; none here and market nominal at $1,10.

MILWAUKEE, July 27.—Flour is quiet but firm and unchanged. Wheat is unsettled at $1,40 for No. 1, and $1,36 for No. 2. Oats steady at 72c for No. 2. Corn firm at $1,00 for No. 2. Rye and Barley nominal. Grain Freights are dull and nominally at 4c to Buffalo, and 8c to Oswego. Receipts—1,000 bbls. flour, 38,000 bush. wheat, 1,000 bush. oats. Shipments—1,000 bbls. flour, 71,000 bush. wheat, 16,000 bush. oats.

LOUISVILLE, July 27.—Flour firmer; superfine, $4,50. Grain is unchanged and quiet. Tobacco is firm, with sales of 191 hogsheads leaf at $5,05@25. Provisions; tendency upward. Mess Pork, $33,50. Bacon is held at 15¼c, 18¾c and 19¼c for shoulders, clear sides and clear rib sides; hams, 22½@23c. Lard, 19¾c. Whisky is looking up, with sales of raw at $1,05.

MEMPHIS, July 27.—Cotton quiet and unchanged, with sales low middling at 31c; receipts 14 bales; exports 9 bales. Flour steady. Wheat firm at $1,10@1.40. Corn at 97½c@$1. Oats at 83@85c. Hay at $27. Bran at $20@21. Corn Meal at $4,50@4,75. Pork at $35. Lard at 20@22c. Bacon firm, with sales shoulders at 15¼@15½c, and sides at 19¼@19½c.

CHICAGO, July 27.—Cattle quiet at $4,05@5,15 for cows; $6,20@7,40 for fair to choice, and $7,55@7,70 for extra prime beeves. Hogs active and a shade higher at $8,75@9 for light to fair; $9,10@9,20 for fair to medium, and $9,25@9,40 for good to choice.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27.—Wheat steady, old and new red $1,47@1,55. Rye steady and unchanged. Corn less active, mixed western $1,14@1,16. Oats dull at 75@77c. Provisions unchanged. Whisky scarce and commands $1,05@1,10.

DETROIT, July 27.—Wheat firm; sales of extra white at $1,82, No. 1 do. at $1,72, No. 2 do. at $1,45.

Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, July 27.—The market is comparatively quiet, yet steady and firm for all staple styles of cotton and woolen fabrics. Heavy brown sheetings remain steady at 16¼@17 for best makes, and 15½@16 for southern. Bleached muslins like the New York mills sell as fast as produced at 25, and Wamsutta and Utica at 22½; the Tuscarora brings 20, Lonsdales and Masonville 19, Kearsarge L and Cabot 16, and new styles of printed calicoes 12½ @13½, as to make.

RIVER NEWS.

The river, under the influence of the recent rains, is again rising at this point with five feet six inches in the channel by the Monongahela marks. Weather continues cloudy and unsettled with occasional showers. Mercury at 5 P. M. 86 in shade.

No arrivals, or departures aside from the packets.

The Julia No. 2, departed for Zanesville, with a fair trip including some 70 or 75 tons, which she will transfer to the Kate Putnam at Wheeling.

The R. C. Grey, Capt. Isaac Whittaker, is filling up steadily for Cincinnati and Louisville, and will take her departure to-day. She will receipt freight through to New Orleans.

Com. W. J. Kountz, has gone to Sioux City, on business, we presume, connected with some of his mountain boats.

—The Messenger was advertised to leave Cincinnati for Pittsburgh on Monday.

—Captain Dan. Maratta has retired from the river, and is living at Rochester, Penna., carefully nursing and tending his health, which, we are glad to learn, has greatly improved.

—Mr. Walter Maratta, late of the John H. Groesbeck, has assumed charge of the office of the Cincinnati and New Orleans packet, Emma No. 3, Mr. Jas. McConnell having retired and returned to his home in Rochester.

—The Omaha *Republican*, of Wednesday, says: The steamer Sunset sunk yesterday about 180 miles above Omaha. Mr. John Green is a loser by the catastrophe to the amount of $6,500. We failed to learn the particulars further than that no lives were lost.

—The Louisville *Courier-Journal*, of Saturday, says: The little steamer Pine Bluff, which has held a place among "boats in port" for over six months, has at last got out of the clutches of the myrmidons of the law, and will leave for Kanawha river to-day, in command of Captain Bates.

—The Madison *Courier*, of Thursday, says: Bob Rea and Slater have made arrangements to take the bar of the Nat. Williams for a year. We understand the price paid was $3,000. She will probably enter the Kentucky river trade. Her cabin has been lengthened, and she has ample accommodations for passengers.

—The Vicksburgh *Times*, of Wednesday, says: Business on the river is dull, and they have a queer way of "raising the wind" at Lake Providence. A gentleman down from that city of the swamps says the wharfboat there charges twenty-five cents for the privilege of walking ocross it, which is necessary to be able to get to a boat.

—The towboat Panther arrived at Louisville on Friday, having in tow the Virginia, which boat it will be remembered broke both her shafts a few weeks since while on her way to this port from New Orleans. Her misfortunes did not end there, for as she was coming up she ran afoul of a snag at Hobb's Point and damaged her guard considerably.

—The St. Louis *Democrat*, says: While the Natrona lay here on Tuesday, a tin box lying in the office, containing a considerable sum of money, disappeared. The thief was seen on the Gartside, lying alongside, by officers of the Gartside, who spoke to him but did not suspect the character of their visitant. Some time after, the carpenter found the box, broken open, and lying in a heap of trash. He delivered it on board the Natrona yesterday on her arrival. The thief missed the larger portion of the greenbacks which was inclosed in an envelop and other paper, but rifled one or two pocket books of smaller sums, in his haste throwing the balance away as worthless. Moral to steamboat clerks—don't go away from your office leaving the door open and boxes of money lying around

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILROAD, July 27.—12 cars metal, Nimick & Co; 1 do do, Brown & Co; 2 do do, Everson, Preston & Co; 2 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 3 do do, Bryan & Caughey; 1 do do, Loomis & Collard; 2 do do, Superior Mills; 2 do iron ore, Shoenberger & Blair; 100 bbls flour, John Wilson & Son; 100 do do, Seghmyer & Voskamp; 1 car scrap iron, T Maloney; 3 cars cooperage, M P Adams & Bro; 2 do stone, J L L Knox; 40 bdls paper, Hostetter & Smith; 20 bxs cheese, A Kirkpatrick & Co; 25 do do, E Heazleton; 50 do do, Jenkins & Bro; 15 do do, Wilson & Son; 5 do do, Knox & Orr; 1 car rye, W J Meek; 25 bbls highwines, M McCullough Jr; 20 bxs cheese, S Ewart & Co; 104 oil bbls B D Moore; 64 bxs glass jars, Wm Little; 20 bbls dry apples, 1 bbl eggs, Woodworth & Davidson; 90 sks rye, 108 do oats, Scott & Gisal; 15 sks rags, Godfrey & Clark, 2 bbls syrup, Atwell & Lee; 4 bbls eggs, H Rea Jr; 20 tcs hams, F Sellers & Co.

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD, July 27.—5 cars stone, J L L Knox: 1 car shingles, Mellon & Bros; 3 cars limestone ore, Bradys Bend Iron Co; 3 do do, Hussey, Wells & Co; 2 do do, Reese, Graff & Dull; 1 car lumber, A J Gregg; 1 car do, G A Mundorf; 25 bxs candles, B C & J H Sawyer; 8 bxs axes, Lippincott & Co; 120 bdls spokes, Jas Herdman & Son; 20 cases tobacco, J Wilson & Son: 48 bbls apples, Steel & Bro; 11 do do, Van Gorder & S; 5 do do, F G Craighead; 1 hhd prunes, Little & Baird; 12 fanning mills, care S B Floyd & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD, July 27.—2 cars metal, John Moorhead; 2 bbls eggs, W H Kirkpatrick & Co; 36 sks oats, Keil & Ritchart; 19 do do, Scott & Gisal; 41 do do, J & A Deitz; 2 pkgs butter, Voigt, Mahood & Co; 31 bbls tallow, Steel & Eichner; 2 kgs liquor, Jas McKay; 4 sks rags, J Harris; 2 cars stone, Henderson & Co; 1 car lime, D L Reynolds; 2 bbls eggs, Bruggerman & O'Brien; 4 do do, L J Blanchard; 400 bbls crude oil, Waring, King & Co; 480 do do, Pool Bro; 320 do do, Fisher Bro; 59 do do, W Wilson & Co.

ALLEGHENY STATION, July 27.—1 car wheat, W McKee & Co; 3 do limestone, Superior Iron Co; 59 bgs oats, Johnston & McFarland; 283 sks oats, S C McMasters; 1 car lime, J Abdell; 30 bdls paper, Frazier & Metzgar; 4 cars millfeed, R Knox & Son; 1 do do, 70 sks do, Geo Stewart; 3 cars wheat, Kennedy & Bro; 2 cars ear corn, M Steel & Son; 3 cars iron ore, Lewis, Bailey & Dalzell; 4 do do, Spang, Chalfant & Co.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD, July 24.—1 bbl tallow, 4 do oil, E M Johnson; 3 cars staves, W Hastings; 1 do do, J Wunderlick; 2 do wheat, Liggett & Co; 100 bbls flour, Shomaker & L; 50 do do, J Porterfield; 50 tcs hams, E H Myers; 124, do do, G Mitchell; 200 pigs lead, Mansfield P & Co; 10 hhds tobacco, Weyman & Bro.

WOOL.

100,000 Pounds of Wool Wanted by

MEANOR & HARPER,

AT THE WHITE FRONT,

329 Liberty street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

je30

MAPLE SUGAR.—10 barrels on consignment at WATT, LANG & CO'S, 172 and 174 Wood street.

RIVER PACKETS.

CINCINNATI AND LOUISVILLE.

FOR CINCINNATI and LOUISVILLE.—The fine passenger steamer

R. C. GRAY.....Capt. WHITTAKER,

Will leave for the above and intermediate ports on THIS DAY, 28th inst., giving through receipts for Memphis and New Orleans.

For freight or passage apply on board or to JOHN FLACK or J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

jy28

PARKERSBURG.

PITTSBURGH, WHEELING AND PARKERSBURG LINE.—Leave Company's Wharf Boat, foot of Wood Street, daily at 12 M., WEDNESDAYS and SATURDAYS,

GREY EAGLE.....C. L. BRENNAN, Master.

Freight will be received at all hours by JAMES COLLINS, FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ap13

STEAMSHIPS.

TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN.

THE INMAN MAIL STEAMSHIPS

Numbering sixteen first-class vessels, among them the celebrated

CITY OF PARIS, CITY OF ANTWERP,
CITY OF BOSTON, CITY OF BALTIMORE,
CITY OF LONDON,

Sailing EVERY SATURDAY, from Pier 45 North River, New York. For passage or further information apply to

WILLIAM BINGHAM, JR.

143 SMITHFIELD STREET, Pittsburgh.

ORDINANCES.

AN ORDINANCE

Authorizing Hussey, Wells & Co. to Construct Iron-Clad Additions to their Present Works.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That Hussey, Wells & Co. be and they are hereby authorized to construct iron clad additions to their present works, as follows: One addition to rear of mill on corner 17th and Pike streets, along Mulberry alley, 65 by 55 feet. Also, an addition to shop fronting on Columbia street, running towards 17th street 63 by 100 feet; also to rebuild store room on 17th street, 25 feet square.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of June, 1869.

JAMES McAULEY, President of Select Council.

Attest E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council.

W. A. TOMLINSON, President of Common Council.

Attest: H. McMASTER, Clerk of Common Council. jy27

FLOUR.

PEARL MILL FLOUR FROM NEW WHEAT.—We are now receiving a shipment of choice TENNESSEE NEW AMBER and WHITE WHEAT, which we are mixing with our Old Wheat in such proportions as to make an article of Family Flour equal if not superior to any in the market.

The merits we claim for this Flour are that of being manufactured from strictly choice number one southern Amber and White Wheat, with the most approved machinery, by experienced millers. Our Brands are:

THREE STAR PEARL GREEN BRAND, made from Choice White Wheat, unsurpassed as Pastry Flour.

TWO STAR DOUBLE EXTRA, BLUE BRAND, from selected White and Amber Wheat, unsurpassed as a Family Flour.

PEARL RED BRAND from selected amber and best grades of Red Winter.

To prevent fraud in refilling our sacks we now seal them with date of manufacture.

R. T. KENNEDY & BRO.,

jy21:m38 Pearl Steam Mill, Allegheny.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

B. TIEGEL,

(Late Cutter with W. Hespenheide,)

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 53 Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh.

se26:y21

NEW SPRING GOODS.

A splendid new stock of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &C.,

Just received by HENRY MEYER.

se14: Merchant Tailor, 73 Smithfield street.

WALL PAPERS.

WALL PAPER.

THE OLD PAPER STORE IN A NEW PLACE,

W. P. MARSHALL'S

NEW WALL PAPER STORE,

191 Liberty Street,

(NEAR MARKET,)

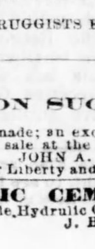
SPRING GOODS ARRIVING DAILY. mh8

LEA & PERRINS'

CELEBRATED

WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE,

Pronounced by CONNOISEURS TO BE THE 'Only Good Sauce' And Applicable to Every Variety OF DISH.



Extract of a letter from a medical gentleman at Madras, to his brother at Worcester, May, 1851: "Tell Lea and Perrins' that their Sauce is highly esteemed in India, and is, in my opinion, the most palatable as well as the most wholesome sauce that is made."

Put free on board at London or Liverpool, in parcels of twenty cases or more; each case two dozen large, five dozen middle, or ten dozen small. Parties who order through us have the advantage of a supply from our stock until the arrival of direct orders.

James Keiller & Son's celebrated Dundee Marmalade. Robert Middlemass's celebrated Albert Biscuit. J. & G. Cox's Gelatine Crosse & Blackell's goods. Delangrenier's Racahout des Arabes. Guinness's Stout, Bass and Allsopp's Ales. Wm. Younger's Edinburgh Ales, and the Wines of France, Germany, Spain and Portugal.

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS.

Union Square and 46 Beaver street, New York, Sole Agents for MESSRS. LEA & PERRINS'.

je9:k31-WF

J. E. SWINT..... J. M. BRATT

SWINT & BRATT,

ARCHITECTURAL AND

ORNAMENTAL CARVERS.

No. 63 Sandusky St., Allegheny, Pa.

A large assortment of NEWEL POSTS and BALUSTERS constantly on hand. TURNING of all descriptions done. oc9-v36

KEYSTONE POTTERY.

S. M. KIER & CO.,

Manufacturers of

QUEENSWARE, BRISTOL WARE &c.

office and Warehouse, 363 LIBERTY STREET

All orders promptly attended to.

ROSADALIS

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

de7:bl0MWF

SICILY

LEMON SUGAR.

For making Lemonade; an excellent substitute for Lemons. For sale at the Family Grocery Store of JOHN A. RENSHAW,

jy24 Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

HYDRAULIC CEMENT.—100 bbls Louisville Hydrulic Cement, for sale by J. B CANFIELD.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

WILLIAM MILLER & CO.,

Nos. 221 and 223 Liberty Street.

Corner of Irwin, now offer to the trade at low figures, strictly

Prime New Crop New Orleans Sugar and Molasses.

Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Sugars.
New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore Refined do.
Golden Drips, Loverings, Brunjis, Stuart's, Adams' and Long Island Syrups.
Porto Rico, Cuba and English Island Molasses.
Young Hyson, Japan, Imperial, Gunpowder and Oolong Teas.
Carolina and Bangoin Rice.
Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffees.
Tobacco, Lard Oil, Fish, Nails, Glass, Soaps, Cotton Yarns, &c., constantly on hand.

ALSO,

IMPORTERS OF

Fine Brandies, Wines and Segars.

Rhenish, Moselle, and Sparkling Hock Wines of Hinkel & Co., in bottles.
Sparkling Moselle, Scharsberg and Johannisburg, Hockheimer, Burgundy, &c.
Brandenburg & Freres' Fine Olive Oil.
do do Clarets, imported in bottles.
do do White Wines, in bottles.
M. Work & Sons' Sparkling Catawba.
Fine old Sherry, Madeira and Port Wines.
Free Old Monongahela Rye Whiskies, pure.
do Very buperior Old Scotch do do.

ALSO,

Sole Agents for Moet & Chandon's Grand Vin. Imperial.
Verzenay and Sellery Champagne.
Brandies of our own selection and warranted.

j10-d43

ESTABLISHED BY A. & T GORMLY, 1814.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

No. 271 Liberty Street,

(DIRECTLY OPP. EAGLE HOTEL,)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

se :y16

W. C. ARMSTRONG,

Successor to Fetzer & Armstrong,

PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANT,

No. 25 MARKET STREET.

my18

M. STEELE..... A. STEELE.

M. STEELE & SON,

Commission Merchants,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.

No. 95 OHIO STREET, near East Common, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

PETER KEIL.....JAS. F. RICHART.

KEIL & RITCHART,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEEDS, MILL FEED, &c.,

349 Liberty St., Pittsburgh,

my24:b37

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers,

No. 396 PENN STREET.

ap18:x89

LITTLE, BAIRD & PATTON,

Wholesale Grocers, Commission Merchants and Dealers in Produce, Flour, Bacon, Cheese, Fish, Carbon and Lard Oil, Iron, Nails, Glass, Cotton Yarns and all Pittsburgh Manufactures generally, 113 and 114 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

JOHN I. HOUSE..EDW. HOUSE....WM. H. HOUSE.

JOHN I. HOUSE & BROS., Successors to JOHN I. HOUSE & CO., Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, Corner of Smithfield and Water Streets, Pittsburgh.

JOHN SHIPTON.....A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, Wholesale Grocers and Produce Dealers, No. 6 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

ja12:r58

TWELFTH LIST, 1869, APPLICATIONS to Sell Liquors, filed in the Clerk's Office:

Pittsburgh,

David Wickline, tavern, 1st ward.
Wm. S. McFetridge, tavern, 9th ward.
Milligan, Hersnberg & Co., other goods, 10th ward.
F. J. Mason, other goods, 12th ward.
Sophia Hunt, tavern, 17th ward.
Cath. McCoy, tavern, 12th ward.
Chas. Coll, other goods, 13th ward.
M. L. Porter, tavern, 21st ward.
Alice Beardall, other goods, 13th ward.

Allegheny.

James Remingsnider, tavern, 3d ward.
Jos. Weaver, tavern, 3d ward;
John Feateerston, eating house, 4th ward.
C. M. Deddrick, other goods, 4th ward.

Townships.

C. Bauerlein, tavern, Shaler.

Boroughs

Alex. Campbell, other goods, East Birmingham.

The License Board will sit for hearing the above applications on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of July, 1869, at 9 o'clock A. M.

J. G. BROWN, Clerk.

jy26:m51

SLATE.

ROOFING SLATE OF VARIOUS

Qualities and Colors.

Particular attention given to laying Slate and repairing Slate roofs. For particulars and prices address

J. S. NEWMYER,

No. 43 Seventh Avenue,

mh31:g56 PITTSBURGH, PA

U. S. MARSHAL'S OFFICE, W. D. of Pennsylvania, PITTSBURGH, July 20, 1869.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE that on the 12th day of July, A. D. 1869, a Warrant in Bankruptcy was issued against the Estate of SOLOMON C. HESS, of Allegheny City, in the County of Allegheny, and State of Pennsylvania, who has been adjudged a Bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and delivery of any property belonging to such Bankrupt or to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him are forbidden by law; that a Meeting of the creditors of the said Bankrupt, to prove their Debts and to choose one or more assignees of his Estate, will be held at a Court of Bankruptcy, to be holden at No. 116 Federal street, Allegheny City, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, before JOHN N. PURVIANCE, Esq., Register, on the SIXTH DAY OF AUGUST, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. MURDOCH, jy22-d48 U. S. Marshal, as Messenger.

ROCK THE BABY

IN

EARNEST'S PATENT CRIB.

SOLD ONLY BY

LEMON & WEISE.

Practical Furniture Manufacturers, &c.,

118 FOURTH AVENUE.

Where may be found a full assortment of Parlor, Chamber and Kitchen Furniture. de25

TRADE MARK.

DITHRIDGE'S

FIRE-PROOF

Lamp

CHIMNEYS.

mh10:e28

RAILROADS.

1869.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. W. and CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R. From May 9th, 1869, trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, north side, Pittsburgh city time, as follows:

Leave.	Arrive.		
Chicago Ex....	4:08 a m	Chicago Ex..	1:58 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex.	7:38 a m	Chicago Ex..	10:03 p m
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:13 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail..	6:58 a m	St. Louis Ex	7:08 p m
Chicago Ex...	9:43 a m	Chi'go Ex&M'l	4:08 p m
Cl. & Wh'g Ex	2:08 p m.	Cleveland Ex	3:53 p m
Chicago Ex.	4:33 p m	Erie & Yg'n Ex	5:58 p m
W'ce & Erie Ex	4:38 p m.	Cl. & Wh'g Ex	6:53 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		*Arrive in Allegheny.*	
Bea'r Falls Ac.	8:58 a m	Leetsdale Ac..	6:58 a m
Leetsdale "	10:03 a m	Bea'r Falls "	8:28 a m
" "	11:58 a m	New Castle "	10:23 a m
Rochester "	1:38 p m	Enon "	9:13 a m
Enon "	3:58 p m	Leetsdale "	1:08 p m
Leetsdale Acc.	5:13 p m	Bea'r Falls "	2:43 p m
Bea'r Falls "	6:13 p m	Leetsdale "	4:33 p m
Leetsdale "	10:43 p m	" "	7:23 p m
Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks Sunday Church.	9:58 a m

☞ 2:33 p. m. Chicago Express leaves daily.
☞ 12:03 p. m. Chicago Express arrives daily.

J. M. KIMBALL, Gen'l Ticket Agent. J. N. M'CULLOUGH, Gen'l Supten't.

my10

CHANGE OF TIME.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.

On and after MONDAY, June 14th, 1869 TWO THROUGH TRAINS DAILY (except Sunday) will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner of Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

LEAVE PITTSBURGH.		ARRIV IN PITTSBURGH	
Day Ex.....	8:00 a m	Day Ex.....	5:15 p m
Night Ex....	7:30 p m	Night Ex.....	6:30 a m
Brady's B Ac	3:05 p m	Bradys B Ac	10:15 a m
Freeport Ac	9:40 a m	Freeport Ac	7:40 a m
2d Soda

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

PUBLISHED BY

PENNIMAN, REED & CO., Proprietors.

F. B. PENNIMAN, JOSIAH KING,
T. P. HOUSTON, N. P. REED,
Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICE:

GAZETTE BUILDING, 84 AND 86 FIFTH AV.

OFFICIAL PAPER

Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny and Allegheny County.

Terms—Daily.		Semi-Weekly.		Weekly.	
One year	$5.00	One year	$2.50	Single copy	$1.50
One month	75	Six Mos	1.50	5 copies, each	1.25
By the week (from carrier.)	15	Three mos	75	10 " " and one to Agent.	1.15

WEDNESDAY, JULY 28, 1869.

UNION REPUBLICAN TICKET.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:

JOHN W. GEARY.

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT:

HENRY W. WILLIAMS.

COUNTY.

ASSOCIATE JUDGE DISTRICT COURT,
JOHN M. KIRKPATRICK,

ASSISTANT LAW JUDGE, COMMON PLEAS,
FRED'K. H. COLLIER.

STATE SENATE.
THOMAS HOWARD.

ASSEMBLY,
MILES S. HUMPHREYS.
ALEXANDER MILLAR,
JOSEPH WALTON,
JAMES TAYLOR,
D. N. WHITE,
JOHN H. KERR.

SHERIFF
HUGH S. FLEMING

TREASURER,
JOS. F. DENNISTON.

CLERK OF COURTS,
JOSEPH BROWNE.

RECORDER,
THOMAS H. HUNTER.

COMMISSIONER,
CHAUNCEY B. BOSTWICK.

REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.

CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT,
ALEXANDER HILANDS.

DIRECTOR OF POOR,
ABDIEL McCLURE.

WE PRINT *on the inside pages of this morning's* GAZETTE—*Second page: Ephemeris, Miscellaneous. Third and Sixth pages: Commercial, Financial, Mercantile and River News, Markets, Imports. Seventh page: "From Rags and Straw to Paper."*

PETROLEUM at Antwerp, 50½f.

U. S. BONDS at Frankfort, 87½.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 137.

A VERY interesting article on the manufacture of printing paper will be found on our seventh page this morning. It will amply repay perusal.

THE TEMPERANCE MEN of Ohio are likly to listen to wise counsels. Several of their leading agitators are utterly opposed to separate political action, and intend to be heard from, on that line, at the Urbana Convention.

THE SIXTEEN GOVERNORS of Pennsylvania have all been natives of the Commonwealth. The opposition now want us to try a "Connecticut carpet-bagger." No, thank you! The old Pennsylvania stock will do us just as well. And so say we all!

COMMISSIONER DELANO has made an apparent mistake in re-appointing, as Supervisor of the Western District of Pennsylvania, a citizen of the Eastern District. It is not a question as to the qualifications of Mr. TUTTON; the question is, rather, had we no candidates, suitably qualified for the appointment, who were residents of this District? There should have been very strong reasons, to induce the Commissioner to disregard local claims in this way.

THE DEMOCRACY of Philadelphia are rent terribly by the three-cornered fight now in progress in their camp. The rag, tag and bobtails known as the McMullin crowd, and comprising ninety per cent. of the party, pull one way in support of the present nominations. The city railway ring, nine per cent. more, have their own private interests to promote, while the remaining one per cent., Democrats from principle, are indignant at the outrages lately committed in the Democratic name. Another meeting of the City Convention is demanded, and will probably be held, to whitewash all difficulties if possible.

RECENT DISCOVERIES reveal immense deposits of coal and iron of the best quality in an entirely new district of Indiaha. The Hoosiers boast, and with good show of reason, that their State "will soon rank next to Pennsylvania in manufacturing." Every new discovery of these stores of mineral wealth in our adjoining States presents a fresh argument for the immediate construction of a ship-canal from Pittsburgh to Lake Erie. Otherwise, we may count upon being left far behind, at no very distant day, in the rivalries of the trade, for the lack of such facilities as will supply the cheapest possible carriage for both the raw material and the finished products of Pittsburgh manufacture.

"OH! IT IS ALL A RADICAL LIE," says your thorough-going Democrat, when you talk to him about the Packer Corruption Fund. But here is one Democratic journal which dares to tell the truth. The Philadelphia *Sunday Mercury* is a red hot print of that sort. But eve[n] ach is squeamish, under mixed up for the p[re]sidency by its Harrisburg. Sa[y] the Mercur[y] It is genera[l]y asserted a[t] that Judge P[acker] Governors[hip] and influ[ence] success [of] a local ticket, which is the most execro[ble], as respects the character of som[e] of the persons whose names it bears an[d] the mode of its manufacture, *that ever was presented by any party for the suffrage of the people.*

EVIDENTLY, that is not a Radical lie.

THE PACKER DEMOCRACY of this State will need the last dollar they can squeeze out of their candidate to save him from being distanced in the autumn race. He is bound to be beaten; the only remaining question is, how much? His friends discover they have made two fatal mistakes—the first in making a candidate out of a "bloated bond-holder," and second in crucifying even him upon a dead-wood platform. The Harrisburg manifesto could be fittingly represented only by some mummy embalmed in pitch since the days of the Pharaohs.

In the other great States of Ohio and New York, the party is wiser. The Buckeye Democracy swallow their old scruples and support a live Union soldier upon a platform which at least does not repudiate all progress. In New York the politicians of that party are already preparing a plan for their fall campaign, which includes a progressive policy and accepts reconstruction with its legitimate results as facts accomplished. What a commentary upon the old fogy blindness of our own Democracy is afforded by the different policy of the great sister States.

At the polls in the coming autumn the malevolent stupidity of the Harrisburg rehash of every obsolete issue will be pointedly disowned by the majority of the Northern Democracy. In Pennsylvania almost alone, the party still insists upon embracing its own ruin. If they learn nothing from Republicanism, could they learn nothing from their own friends all over the North? The once white Democracy is fast turning to a warmer hue: already parti-colored, like a barber's pole, the last light streak will be painted out this year, and the Harrisburg platform, with its candidates, will be lost to view forever in a darker than African night.

PRISON REFORM.

We alluded a few days since to the principle of the commutation of sentences for the good conduct of the prisoner. At the last session of the Legislature of Pennsylvania, a Commutation Law was passed, at the urgent solicitation of the Inspecters of the Western Penitentiary, made in person. The terms of commutation are the same as are recognized in the State of New York. Already the good effects of this new policy are being experienced in our penitentiaries, as evidenced by the exemplary conduct of the prisoners. They manifest a much greater degree of contentment, are more hopeful, and consequently more cheerful, and do their work promptly and without complaining. The law is in successful operation in the Philadelphia Penitentiary as well as in Allegheny.

At the same session another law was passed, applicable to the Allegheny Penitentiary only. It authorizes the Inspectors, at their discretion, to congregate the convicts for labor, learning and religious services. This law is now in force; every Sabbath the prisoners are assembled in their respective corridors, where they listen to the preaching of the chaplain as attentively as in any city congregation. They take part in the singing and seem to manifest a very decided interest in all the services. Much good is confidently expected to result from the operation of both these laws. It is hoped the next Legislature will extend their provisions to county prisons. The commutation law only applies at present to the two State Penitentiaries.

"GRAY-HAIRED PATRIOTISM."

When ASA PACKER was dining and wining the Ohio traitor, VALLANDIGHAM, before Pennsylvania felt a rebel invasion, he was displaying his true political colors as a rebel sympathizer. Then came McCAUSLAND'S raid on Chambersburg, and LEE'S advance to Gettysburg. Imagine the horror which thrilled every Democratic heart in the Commonwealth, when it was learned that the rebel troops were sacking and burning Democratic property with no more compunction than if its owners were Abolitionists dyed in the wool. Copperhead sympathies proved to be no protection whatever. The Democratic mind, throughout the State, was demoralized and "all tore up," by this revelation of rebel ingratitude. Then was seen a touching spectacle! Vallandigham's wealthy entertainer, that warm-hearted friend of Southern rights, the Nabob of the Lehigh, became a "gray-haired patriot," and promised a continuance of wages to all his operatives who would volunteer. This is the substance of the latest Democratic electioneering novel. While the "wrinkled front of war" was so far off as to be out of sight from Pennsylvanian eyes, Mr. Vallandigham's friend PACKER felt easy in the indulgence of his rebel sympathies. He saw the case in another light when a ruthless invasion trampled on Democratic property and threatened his railways, canals, coalmines and banks with ruin. His "gray-haired patriotism" lay then, as now, all in his pockets, and was never heard of, or suspected by his closest friends, until these were threatened with rebel pillage. The less said about this matter, by the opposition press, the better.

THE DEMOCRATIC GAME.

The Democracy of Philadelphia are resolute and unscrupulous in their hostility to the registry-law. Finding Justice SHARSWOOD powerless to promote their opposition, they have taken another tack, and propose to nullify the law by the refusal of the Democratic County Commissioners to supply the needful books and other stationery to the assessors. This malfeasance in office has been met by a mandamus from the Quarter Sessions, which promises to reach the right point.

The Democratic game is in a nut shell this year. They look to a successful repetition of their chronic practice of fraud upon the ballot-boxes of the city and county of Philadelphia, to elect Asa Packer and carry a local ticket, the most infamous in its composition, if we might take Democratic authority for it, which was ever nominated in this Commonwealth. Under the new registry-law, if faithfully enforced, these frauds are no longer possible. Either, then, the statute must be nullified or Packer & Co. will be beaten. The opposition know that he cannot be elected without a large illegal vote in that city. No other district of the Commonwealth supplies the requisite facilities for such a gigantic and successful raid upon the ballot-boxes. The petty rascalities which were in vogue in other quarters of the State, under the auspices of the Coffee-Pot Committee in former years, can no longer be attempted in the rural districts in the face of the present law, and would not suffice for the purposes of the party even if successfully practiced. Only in Philadelphia, and by the aid of the SHARSWOODS, SNOWDENS, McMULLINS and RANDALLS, of nullifying Commissioners and a partisan police, and of the mob, of rowdies and rascals of every shade of wicked audacity, with which the purlieus of a large city swarm—it is only there and in that way that the law can be set at naught and the opposition tickets put through. It is evident that such is the intended game. Every day reveals from that quarter fresh proofs of the Democratic plot to evade the restraints of the salutary legislation. When one device fails, they will resort to another. Tie up the hands of Sharswood and Snowden, and other officials are promptly detailed to do the dirty partisan work. If the County Commissioners fail to secure the Democratic end, the next resort will be perhaps to Democratic police. In some way, the party will resist the enforcement of the law to the last moment. It is well that our friends there should understand this. Through the State, the opposition rely upon a fraudulent vote by thousands in Philadelphia as the only hope of electing Packer, and they will secure it if within the range of human possibilities. Their candidate stands no chance at all in the rest of the Commonwealth—nor in Philadelphia upon any honest poll. The real battle-field is there and its issue turns upon the maintenance of registration.

ON the 28th of June the first international Israelitish Synod met at Leipzig, Saxony. This Synod was composed principally of the Reformed School of Israelites from all parts of the world. On the motion of the Rabbi, DOCTOR PHILIPSHON, of Dresden, the Synod adopted the following resolutions, which are a declaration of the principles of the body:

"1. That the Synod, in conformity with the teachings of Moses and the doctrines of the prophets—and in recognition of the duties and habits of modern society and State authority—considers Judaism to be in accordance with the grand principles of humanitarianism, of equality before the law, equal rights in the government, and perfect freedom of religious thought and expression.

"2. That it is in the development and establishment of these principles that the safety of present and future Judaism is assured.

"3. The internal peace of all religions, their mutual respect and equality in the battle of truth, should be one of the aims of mankind—such battle to be carried on with spiritual weapons only.

"4. It is the object of Judaism to acknowledge, express and advance these principles."

A similar convention is shorly to be held in this country. It is said that the other, or orthodox section of the Jews, regards this movement with suspicion and distrust.

THERE is a melancholy degree of truth in the last wail of our Conservative friends of the Louisville *Journal*. Thus:

The Virginia Conservatives may have to win two or three more victories and win them under difficulties before they can secure any practical advantages from that already won. The military power can turn all the seemingly fine fruits of the late election to dust and ashes by a touch of its finger and so can the Congressional power. This truth, which is daily becoming more manifest, casts upon the Conservative mind in Virginia a cloud that does not "turn up a silver lining to the moon."

LATE advices from Cuba report:

There are three distinct parties in the island: The Imperialists, headed by the Captain General, who support the Spanish authorities; the volunteers, who want Cuba raised into an independent province under their control, and demand that the Spanish regulars shall be sent home; and lastly, the party of independence. The latter depend much on help from the United States, and could be easily subjugated if the Spaniards and volunteers could be brought to act in concert, which they obstinately refuse to do.

THE following notice was found pasted on a large box which passed over the Sioux City and Pacific Railroad a few days since: "Baggage smashers are requested to handle this box with care, as it contains nitro-glycerine, Greek fire, gun cotton and two live gorillas." The box was not broken.

—Secretary of State Fish arrived at Long Branch last night, to see the President on important business of State.

The Packer Democracy.

During the war Hon. C. L. Vallandigham, the noted rebel from Ohio, was the invited guest of Hon. Asa Packer, Democratic candidate for Governor, at his residence in Mauch Chunk. Soldiers of the republic, and loyal citizens, remember the old adage. "Show me your company, and I'll tell you who you are."

The Democracy of Pennsylvania nominated an aristocratic Copperhead, worth twenty-five millions, for Governor, and planted him on a thorough-going Copperhead platform, precisely such as might have been adopted before a gun had been fired upon Fort Sumpter or before a slave had been freed. There is not a traitor, a Copperhead, a repudiationist, a foe of human liberty anywhere who would consider himself out of place in standing upon it. But Democracy in Virginia and Mississippi profess to favor the Fifteenth amendment. Democracy has become as striped as a barber's pole.

The Phila. *Sunday Mercury*, (Dem.) says: The county Democratic ticket is a load which the State ticket should not be compelled to carry. It is not only intolerably bad in the infamous character and antecedents of some of the names upon it, but it is quite as exceptionable on account of the violent and fraudulent manner in which the nominations were made. If these objectionable candidates will not voluntarily withdraw, they should be forced out of the canvass by some peremptory action of the party or its representatives. If, however, they will not back out of the way, of their own volition, nor be forcibly put out by the proper authorities, then the result is easy of prediction. The Democratic county ticket will not only be certainly defeated, and that, too, by a tremendous vote, but *it will cost the State ticket, in this city and county, the loss of ballots enough to turn the scale disastrously against it throughout the Commonwealth.* It is generally asserted and believed that Judge Packer was nominated for the Governorship in the hope that his money and influence might be used to secure the success of a local ticket which is the most execrable, as respects the character of some of the persons whose names it bears and the mode of its manufacture, *that ever was presented by any party for the suffrages of the people.*

The Republican Future in Virginia.

It is undeniable that Republicanism has leavened a very large portion of the Walker party—not the bogus Republicanism of test oaths and disfranchisement, but the Republicanism of progress, which has carried the Northern States. All see how much advanced they are, and if it is Republicanism that has aided in this they want at least to give it a trial. You will see that whether under Liberal Republicans, or Conservative Republicans, or National Republicans, or any one of the twenty names by which the advanced and controlling men of the Walker party call themselves, you will find Republican principles. Already the politicians have commenced talking over repudiation, taxing bonds, &c., and begun to take different sides, which is a healthy sign. It is good when a sick child commences to look around him and take notice, especially when the child has been so very sick and taken such villainous doses as Virginia has had administered often by nurses who had not the kindest hearts and gentlest hands.

If one may look to 1872 he may see a Republican party in Virginia headed by Baldwin, Stuart, Rives, Wickham, Flournoy, Edmunds, Chandler and others, with the Richmond *Whig*, a paper which has proved itself the most farsighted and powerful political journal in the South, for its organ, and a Democrat or Opposition party with Wise, Hunter, Ould and others, represented by the *Enquirer*, the ablest exponent of those old ideas which none who wish Virginia well can ever desire to see obtain the ascendancy again. There are two lessons in this election that may be studied with profit by the men of Mississippi and Texas. First, the rights of the white men cannot be gained without those of the negroes are granted; and, second, that the State governments and State politics of the reconstructed States are hereafter to be run by new men, and the old ones laid aside.—*Cor. N. Y. Times.*

More Rivalry for Pittsburgh.

An Indianapolis telegram says: Dr. Cox, State Geologist, returned last night from a three weeks' survey of the coal districts of Owen, Clay, Vigo and Parke counties. He ascertains that the seam of block coal, which is so valuable on account of its availability in smelting iron without coking, extends in a west of north direction, from southwest in Owen up through Clay and Parke counties, a width of six miles with Brazil and Rockville on the west edge. In depth it ranges from three to six feet. Iron ore was found in the center of Clay county, in sufficient quantities to support a furnace, while banded iron and bog iron ore, bituminous coal and fine building stone is found scattered over the counties in large quantities. Dr. Cox is confident that the whole section will soon be dotted over with furnaces, and that Indiana will soon rank next to Pennsytvania in iron manufacturing, and Eastern capitalists are interesting themselves greatly, quietly investigating the matter and investing large sums of money, and Western men may wake up to find themselves behind time for the best investments.

THE McConnellsville *Herald* relates that a man, designated as M——, deserting his wife and five children, in Wheeling, last August, came back to Athens county, where they had lived several years before, and hired out as a farm hand. From there the wife received a letter, in June last, announcing his death and stating that he died so poor that he had to be buried by his friends. She therefore set about preparing for a journey to the grave of her once devoted husband, with a view of marking the spot with a tombstone. Arriving, last Friday week, clothed in mourning, at the house from which the news of her husband's death was sent, she asked a young lady at the door if that was where Mr. M—— died, and was somewhat astonished and delighted to have answer that he was out in the wheat field alive and well. "Why, he's my husband!" said the overjoyed wife. This seemed to stagger the young lady, and the wife was somewhat astounded, finally, to learn that the marriage of this young lady to her unfaithful husband was to have taken place last Sunday. He had written that he died in indigent circumstances, thinking that his wife would then have no anxiety concerning his effects, which he thought would be the only motive to bring her into the neighborhood. The marriage was happily prevented and the tombstone, unhappily, unused.

Singular Metamorphosis—A "Reserved" Maiden Awakes in the Morning and Finds Herself a Man—Strange Freak of a Burglar.

(From the Terra Haute (Ind.) Journal.)

A few nights since the residence of a prominent citizen was entered by a burglar, and some valuable jewelry and other property stolen and carried away. But before leaving the house, it appears he paid a visit to nearly every apartment in it. Traces of him were found above and below stairs; wherever, indeed, it was probable any valuables could be obtained.

It so happened that one member of the family belonged to that much abused and very excellent class of society called "old maids." She is a free-hearted, generous lady, intelligent and refined, and the only fear that her well balanced mind had ever known, is the apprehension that in some evil hour Satan may lure her affections into the keeping of that abomination of her mind, a man. The good lady prays every day that no such evil may befall her, and that she may live and die in maiden meditation fancy free. Now, whether the burglar knew this peculiarity of the lady's mind or not, he at all events determined to play her a very practical joke.

To this end he carefully removed from the chair on which she had neatly folded and laid it, all her wearing apparel, and substituted, from another room, a complete suit of gentlemen's clothes. Then taking off a huge pair of false whiskers, he carefully adjusted them to the face of the sleeping lady. Of course he could not wait to see the *denouement*, but that pleasure was reserved for the family the next morning. Awakening at an early hour, the good lady proceeded to the mirror (an invariable practice among the ladies) to enjoy a look at her face. The first glance petrified her with horror. Was she, indeed, a man?

The latent superstition of her nature reviving, she imagined that Satan had been playing her a horrible revenge for her animosity to the male creation. She staggered to a chair, and, almost broken-hearted, concluded to dress and send for a barber. But now she noticed for the first time that her clothes too were gone, and a gentleman's outfit was substituted in their stead. She was certain now that the metamorphosis was complete, and resigning herself to the situation tried to don the apparel. But having no experience in the adjustment of this new fangled apparel, and habit being stronger than instinct she found that every time she put the pantaloons over her head she encountered an impediment that defied all her efforts to overcome. In short, the pants wouldn't go over her head.

At last, in despair, she rang for assistance, and her maid appearing at the door, she cried out: "Don't come in, Betty, for I am a man now; but just please step in and ask my brother if he usually puts his breeches on over his head, or commences feet foremost."

It is needless to say the message astonished the household. It was some time before the lady would admit to her apartments any one of either sex, for fear she might make a mistake; but one of them, however, more adventurous than the rest, pushed open the door, and convinced the sorely tried maid that she had not forsaken her estate, but was yet one of the angels of earth.

THE GOOD OLD TIMES are not gone forever. Here is an incident. On the recent trip of a Mississippi steamboat the clerk had allotted the last state-room and was about to close his office when he was astounded by an apparition, a tall Missourian, who exclaimed: "I say stranger, I want one of them chambers." "Sorry, sir," said the official blandly, "but our state-rooms are all taken." "The d—l they are," responded Missouri; "I'v paid my fare'n I want one of them chambers." "Allow me to see your ticket," said the still polite clerk. Putting his hand to the back of his neck the passenger pulled out a ten-inch bowie-knife, and driving it quivering into the counter, said, "I'm from Pike County, young feller, and thar's my ticket; I want one of them chambers." Before the steel had ceased to vibrate the prompt clerk quietly thrust a loaded and capped six-shooter under Pike's nose, and coolly answered: "I'v only got 'six chambers,' and you see *they are all full.*" The Missourian edged out of "range," and putting up his "tooth pick," ejaculated: "A full hand's good."

THE editor of a New York paper (who probably knows) calculates the amount of money spent for drinks. He says: Leaving wines and other expensive liquors quite out of the question, let us see what a plain coctailist or modest imbiber of old rye is likely to disburse on his favorite refreshments in the course of a year. Take a very moderate man as a sample. Assume that he drinks every day one glass of ale at ten cents, and four glasses of whisky at fifteen, That amounts to seventy cents a day, which makes four dollars and ninety cents a week. Multiply by four, and you have nineteen dollars and sixty cents a month, which, you know, to one hundred and thirty-five dollars and twenty cents a year. Thus, if the man who had carried on at this rate for ten years had all his liquor money back, his pocket would be inflated to the tune of thirteen hundred and fifty-two dollars. This is only a small beer calculation; but think of the men who spend five times this amount on liquors, and remember that their name is legion.

A WASHINGTON dispatch says: The receipts from all sources, since July 1st, are thirty millions, and the disbursements on account of government expenses are twelve millions. The interest due on the public debt is nearly eleven millions per month, which, added to the expenses, make twenty-three millions to come out of the thirty million receipts, which leaves, up to to day, a reduction of about seven millions, and, in the remaining week of July it is expected that there will be two millions more come in, in excess.

—The ball at Long Branch Monday night, in honor of the President, was crowded. Among those present, were ex-Secretary Borie and wife; Gen. W. T. Sherman and daughter; Gen. Phil. Sheridan and lady; Generals Ingalls, Reeves, Ames, Porter, Comstock, Walden, Merritt, and Lieutenant Governor Woodford and others.

—At a meeting held at White Sulphur Springs, Va., yesterday, composed principally of southerners, resolutions were unanimously adopted expressing the gratitude of the southern people to Geo. Peabody for his munificent gift in the cause of education in the South. The resolutions will be formally presented to Mr. Peabody.

—At a meeting of the Trustees of Union College at Schenectady, New York, yesterday, A. Aiken, Professor in Princeton College, was elected President.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

—The steamer Minnesota, from Liverpool, arrived at New York last night.

—Wm. H. Sylvis, President of the National Labor Union, died suddenly yesterday morning, at Philadelphia, of congestion of the bowels.

—The through express train from Washington, due in New York at half past ten last evening, was thrown off the track near Newark, N. J. No one was injured.

—General Canby has modified his order for the payment of the Virginia January interest, by directing that only one per cent. be paid. This will amount to $350,000.

—During a thunder storm near Raondout, New York, yesterday afternoon, the lightning struck one of the houses of the Washington Ice Company, destroying that and four others. They were all filled with ice. Loss heavy.

—Mr. Simonton, New York agent of the Associated Press, and one of the editors of the New York *Times*, with his family, arrived in Chicago on yesterday morning from California, and left for New York the same afternoon.

—Edward Halpian, an elderly man from Black Dock, fell over an embankment at Niagara, near the table rock, on Monday evening, a distance of one hundred and eighty feet, and was instantly killed. The body was mangled in a dreadful manner.

—General Canby has ordered that as much of the January interest on the Virginia State debt as the Treasurer is able to pay shall be paid at once. There is over $400,000 in the State Treasury, a little over one-half of the amount due on the January interest.

—The soldiers' monument lately erected in Hallowell, Me., was dedicated on Tuesday, the ceremony consisting of reading Scripture, prayer, singing and oration by General Hubbard, of New York. A large concourse of citizens and members of the late army participated.

—The Augusta (Ga.) *Constitutionalist* states that a disguised party visited the jail at Appling, Columbia county, and took therefrom a negro man and woman, who were found dead on the road Sunday morning. The negroes had had a difficulty with a white family.

—The Supreme Conclave of the United States of the order of "Hepta Sapho," Seven Wise Men, met at Philadelphia, yesterday. A very large delegation of representatives from all the States in which the order exists was present. The order was represented to be in a very prosperous condition.

BUFFALO, July 27.—Flour firm; sales western spring at $6,75; do. bakers $7,50; Iowa spring $6,80; No. 2 city ground spring $6,75; 1,000 bbls. sold. Wheat opened firm but closed dull and drooping at lower rates: sales 6,000 bu. in the morning, No. 2 Chicago spring, at $1,44 on the spot and to arrive; No. 2 Milwaukee $1,45½@1,46; No. 1 do. $1,48; in the afternoon 7,200 bu. No. 2 Chicago at about $1,42. Corn quiet but firm; sales of 30,000 bushels western No. 2, part to arrive, at $1,05; 20,000 bushels western by sample at $1 00, and held firm at close at $1,05@1,07 for No. 2. Oats quiet and steady at 78c. Rye offered at $1,20. Barley nominal. Pork firm at $33,50. Lard firm at 19@19½c. High-wines; none offered, scarce and nominaly at $1,05. Grain in store here yesterday morning: wheat, 892,000 bush; corn, 343,000 bush; oats, 350,000 bush; rye, 28,000 bush; peas, 2,300 bush.

ONE OF THE MOST ASTOUNDING CURES EVER PUBLISHED—ATTESTED BY OVER FIFTY WITNESSES.

The remarkable cure of Miss Fisher, of Beaver county, is one worthy of more than a passing notice, especially when so many persons are suffering not only with diseases of the eyes, and partial or total blindness, but likewise with other chronic ailments which Dr. Keyser has treated with such astounding success.

The lady concerned was doomed to perpetual blindness, which through Dr. Keyser's skill was completely removed, the truth of which has been vouched for by a sufficient number of witnesses to establish the fact beyond all cavil. The subjoined letter from the young lady's brother speaks for itself:

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that I have to the cure of my sister, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names down, and were very much astonished to see that you brought her sight so soon. My self and her sends her thanks to you; she says "you are one of the greatest men in the world." She says if we had not come across you she believes her child would not be living at this time. We all join in sending our love and respects to you.

S. P. FISHER,
North Sewickley.

We, the undersigned know of the cure of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (brother.)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor av nue, Allegheny.
EUGENE McCARKEY,
LOUISA FISHER, (her neice.)

S. H. Brown,	Philip Friday	Rachel Friday,
H. N. Teckle,	A. H Carroll,	Wm. Jenkins,
E. W. Levendorfer,	Michael Harris,	J. A. Fleming,
	Susan Lemmon,	Eliza Hyde,
C. S. Swineburg	Eliza Levendorfer,	T. L. Young,
Wm. Alison,		A. M. Levendorfer,
J. Levendorfer,	J. P. Mitchell,	
A. Garing,	G. Levendoorfer	J. F. Morrison,
A. M. Morrison	Robt. Mahead,	C. Mahead,
Isabella Dobbs,	N Funkhouser,	D. Fisher,
G. Fisher (br'r)	Lizzie Mahead,	Tillie Mahead,
T. M. Mahead,	Thos. Mahead,	Leon Allison,
Mary J. Brown,	Jane A. Morton	J. C. Weller,
Mary J. Weller,	N. H Hazen,	Mary H. Morton
Wm. H. Morton	Ezra Hazen,	Jennie Allison,
C. M. Wilson,	Mary E. Wilson	Mary Patten,
Jennie Patten,	Marida Patten,	James Patten,
Sadie E. Dobbs,	Jennie Dobbs	J. W. Dobbs,
I. Dobbs;	Wm. R. Penoe,	C. Fisher,
	Wilhamina Fisher, (her mother.)	

Deafness, Hard Hearing, Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Ozena, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, and every species of Sore Eyes and Ears Rupture, Varicocoele, Enlarged Limbs Broken Veins, Ulcerated Legs and the various diseases of the skin and hair successfully treated.

DR KEYSER, may be consulted every day until 12 o'clock, at his store, 167 Liberty street, and from 1 to 5 o'clock at his office, No. 120 Penn street.

THE WORLD GROWS WISER.

The human stomach has been a shamefully persecuted organ. There was a time when for every dereliction of duty it was punished with huge doses of the most disgusting and nauseous drugs. In vain it rejected them, and (literally) returned them upon the hands of those who administered them. They were forced upon it again and again, until its solvent power was thoroughly drenched out of it.

The world is wiser now than it was in that drastic era, when furious purgation and mercurial salivation were what Artemus Ward would have called the "main holt" of the faculty, in cases of dyspepsia and liver complaint.

The great modern remedy for indigestion and biliousness is HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, a preparation which has the merits of combining a palatable flavor, with such tonic, aperient, and antibilious properties, as were never heretofore united in any medicine.

It has been discovered, at last, that sick people are not like the fabled Phœnix, which from cremation so revivified that when knocked down, they rose from the extra ashes as vigorous as before. When an invalid is pro trate by powerful depleting drugs, he is apt to stay prostrated, and the debilitated being aware of the fact, prefers the lingering age to the knocking down system of treatment.

HOSTETTER'S BITTERS meets the requirements of the rational medical philosophy which at present prevails. It is a perfectly pure vegetable remedy, embracing the three most prominent properties of a preventive, a tonic, and an alterative. It fortifies the body against disease, invigorates and revitalizes the torpid stomach and liver, and effects a most salutary change in the entire system, even in a long old condition.

In summer, when the enfeebling temperature renders the human organization particularly susceptible to unwholesome atmospheric influences, the Bitters should be taken as a protection against epidemic disease.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞TEMPERANCE

CONVENTION.

The Temperance Men of Allegheny county (and those friendly to the cause) are requested to meet at their several places of election on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, July 31, and vote for two (4) delegates to meet in Convention on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, August 4th, at 2 o'clock, in the COURT HOUSE, to nominate a candidate for County Commissioner.

By order, GEORGE IRWIN,
Chairman County Executive Committee.
jy28:m75

PROPOSALS.—Proposals will be received by the undersigned until FRIDAY, the 30th inst., at 6 o'clock P. M., for the SLATING, PLASTERING, TIN WORK, PLUMBING and GAS FITTING at Court House and Jail Improvement.

jy28:m74 BARR & MOSER, Architects.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRA-TION on the estate of JOHN GEORGE GUMBEN, deceased, having been this day granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to come forward and make immediate payment, and all claims against the same should be presented to me, duly authenticated.

FRANCISCA GUMBEN, Administratrix,
jy28:m6 3w No. 146 Third St., Allegheny.

AUCTION SALE.—The under-signed will offer for sale a NEW TWO STORY BRICK HOUSE, with 7 rooms, at present occupied as a tavern, but suitable for any other kind of business. Water and gas fixtures and other conveniences on the premises. Situated in the flourishing town of East Birmingham Carson street, near Brown. Size of Lot 20 by 100 feet. Sale to take place on SATURDAY, 31st day of July, at 4 o'clock P. M. Conditions of sale made known on day of sale.

jy28 m64 FREDERICK BUSH.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!

MINNESOTA BAKERS FLOURS.

480 bbls. Legal Tender, 317 bbls Ha Ha, 367 bbls Ermine, 170 bbls Summit Mills, 270 bbls Winona Co., 580 bbls Red River, 133 bbls May Day.

CHOICE WISCONSIN FLOURS.

560 bbls Riverside, 265 bbls White Star, 500 bbls various brands Spring Wheat Flour.

WINTER WHEAT FAMILY FLOUR.

City Mill of Springfield, Ohio, Pride of the West, Depot Mills, Massillon A, Paragon Mills Ringleader and Crown, choice St. Louis.

For sale lower than can be brought from the West. WM. T. HANG & CO.,
jy21 178 and 174 Wood Street.

NOTICE TO ENGINE BUILD-ERS.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of CITY WATER WORKS, up to August 6th, 1869, for ONE STEAM CYLINDER 26 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke, one pump 16 inches diameter and 8 feet stroke. Engine and pump to be erected and put in successful operation in the engine house at the Lower Basin, Bedford avenue.

ALSO—Plans will be received by the Water Committee for improved class of pumping engines, to equal the capacity of a steam cylinder, 26 inches in diameter, pump 16 inches in diameter, with a pressure of 70 pounds on steam cylinder.

JOSEPH FRENCH, Superintendent.
jy28:m68

ROBERT H. PATTERSON & CO.,

CORNER OF

Seventh Avenue and Liberty St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Will on Saturday, July 31st, 1869, and on succeeding Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of

HORSES, CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, WAGONS,

And everything appertaining to the Horse.

Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.

JOHN H. STEWART, Auctioneer.
jy28 m68

STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, ALLEGHENY COUNTY, ss:

In the Orphans' Court, in and for the county aforesaid. In the matter of the administration account of the estate of JOHN HOARTY, deceased. No. 59, June Term 1869.

And now, to-wit, July 24th, 1869, on motion of John Mellon, Attorney for Accountant, the Court appoint C. C. TAYLOR, Esq., Auditor to make distribution of the fund in accountants hands, per account filed, to and among the parties legally entitled thereto.

BY THE COURT.

(From the Record.)
Attest: A. HILANDS, Clerk.

The Auditor above named will attend to the duties of his appointment on WEDNESDAY, August 9th, 1869, at 4 o'clock P. M., at his office, No. 68 Grant street, City of Pittsburgh.

jy28:m67-w C. C. TAYLOR, Auditor

GRAND

CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

BLANK BOOKS,

AT

METHODIST BOOK DEPOSITORY,

129 Smithfield Street.

JOSEPH HORNER, Agent.
jy28:MWF

$10,000 PREMIUMS.—THE PHILADELPHIA TROTTING ASSOCIATION.—Fall meeting at Point Breeze Park on SEPTEMBER 7th, 8th, and 9th.

FIRST DAY.

No. 1. PURSE $1,000—for Horses that have never beaten 3 minutes in harness or wagon—$650 to first, $250 to second, and $100 to third.

No. 2. PURSE $2,500—for horses that have never been beaten 2.25 in harness or wagon—$1,500 to first, $750 to second, and $250 to third.

SECOND DAY.

No. 3. PURSE $1,000—for horses that have never been 2.45 in harness or wagon—$650 to first, $250 to second, and $100 to third.

No. 4. PURSE $2,000—for horses that have never beaten 2.30 in harness or wagon—$1,200 to first, $600 to second, and $200 to third.

THIRD DAY.

No. 5. PURSE $1,000 for horses that have never beaten 2.35 in harness or wagon—$650 to first, $250 to second, and $100 to third.

No. 6. PURSE $2,500—free for all horses—$1,500 to first, $750 to second, and $250 to third.

CONDITIONS.

All horses must be eligible at the time of the closing of entries.

Entrance fee, ten per cent. of Purse, and must accompany the nomination in all cases.

Any horse distancing the field, shall only be entitled to first premium.

In all Purses, three or more entries required, and two to start.

Heats in each day's races will be trotted alternately.

All the above races are mile heats, best three in five in harness.

The Association reserves the right to postpone races on account of inclement weather, or any other sufficient cause.

A horse not winning a heat in five, and is ruled out, will not be entitled to a premium.

All entries by mail, to be addressed to ROBERT STEEL, Secretary, Office Point Breeze Park Association, No. 1.4 S. Fourth street, Philadelphia.

Entries will close at the office of Point Breeze Park Association, Monday, August 9th, at 12 o'clock M.

Premiums will be paid at the Park after each day's exhibition.

Time made at fairs no record.

Persons entering horses fraudulently will forfeit their entrance money.

Ample accommodations for horses at the Park.

WM. AMER, Esq., President.

ROBERT STEEL, Esq., Secretary. jy29:m70

DECORATIONS—In Wood, Marble and Fresco Imitations for Walls and Ceilings of Dining Rooms, Halls, &c., at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

STAMPED GOLD PAPERS for Parlors, at No. 107 Market street.

jy27 JOSEPH R. HUGHES & BRO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE

Granting Certain Privileges to the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the city of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad Company to enter upon the streets and wharves of the city of Pittsburgh and construct a branch of their railroad of single track from their depot on Grant street along the outside or southern edge of Water street to the point, curving from the line of Water street at or near the point to Duquesne Way and the Allegheny Wharf, and keeping along said Wharf as close as practicable to the northern line of Duquesne Way, under the St. Clair street and Hand street Bridges, to such point at or near the Railroad Bridge as will enable said Company to make a practicable working connection with any railroad now constructed or which may hereafter be constructed to the same point. And it shall be further lawful for said Railroad Company to construct an approach from the tracks above mentioned across the wharf to any railroad bridge which may hereafter be erected across the Monongahela or Allegheny river, at or near the point, for the use of said railroad; provided, however, that said approach shall be constructed in such place and in such manner as may be agreed between said Company and the proper Wharf Committee.

SEC. 2. Said Company shall, in the construction of said track, use rails of a pattern to be approved by the Street Committee, and shall conform to the grade of the streets and wharves upon which they may be laid, unless the Street Committee and proper Wharf Committee shall consent to such alteration of grade as said Company may desire to make.

SEC. 3. Whenever said Company shall desire to lay any portion of the track hereby authorized, they shall notify the Engineer of the city, who, under the direction of the Street Committee and proper Wharf Committee, in connection with the Engineer of said Company, shall determine the exact location of said tracks and mark the same on the ground and indicate the grade thereto.

SEC. 4. Said track shall be laid and all pavements which may be displaced relaid under the superintendence and subject to the approval of the City Engineer, and all expense attending the same shall be paid by said Company, who shall thereafter keep the same in good repair and condition between the rails and three feet on each side thereof, and said Company shall place iron culverts under said railroad track and across Water street and Duquesne Way, whenever required by the Street Committee, of a pattern to be approved by said Committee.

SEC. 5. If any change shall be made in the streets or wharves, said Company shall pay all damages which may be occasioned thereby.

SEC. 6. Said Company shall not traverse the streets and wharves of said city with their locomotives and cars at a greater rate of speed than four miles per hour; shall not use bituminous coal or wood in their locomotives; shall cause a watchman to precede each and every train or locomotive as it passes along said branch, sufficiently far in advance to insure safety to persons passing over the same; shall in all respects conform to the ordinances of the city now in force for the regulation of railroads, and be subject at all times hereafter to such proper rules regulating the use of said track as may be found necessary for the protection of the person and property of the citizens of Pittsburgh.

SEC. 7. That the grant contained in this ordinance shall not be construed to confer any further or greater right than may be lawfully granted by the Councils of the city of Pittsburgh, and is given upon the express condition that said track shall be laid and put in operation within one year from the date of its passage.

SEC. 8. This ordinance shall not be published or recorded until the said Company shall, by resolution of its Board of Directors, accept the same, which shall be done within thirty days, and authorize the proper officers of said Company to enter into a contract to fulfill the conditions thereof. And said Company shall not be authorized to do anything under this ordinance until such contract shall have been signed and filed with the City Controller.

Laid over until next meeting and ordered to be printed once in the papers authorized to do the city printing.

A SUPPLEMENT

To an Ordinance Entitled "An Ordinance Providing for the Issue of Bonds Amounting to the Sum of $250 000 of the Water Loan Authorized by the Act, Approved February 8, 1868," Passed June 15, 1869.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the second section of the ordinance entitled, "An Ordinance providing for the issue of bonds amounting to the sum of $250,000 of the Water Loan authorized by the Act approved February 8, 1868," passed June 15, 1869, be and is hereby amended so that the same shall read as follows: Said bonds shall be made payable to bearer with semi-annual coupons attached; they shall be in sums of one hundred, two hundred, five hundred and one thousand dollars, in such proportion as the Finance Committee may determine; they shall bear interest at the rate of seven per centum per annum, and shall be payable in twenty-five years from the first day of April, A. D. 1868, which shall be the date of said bonds; the principal and interest shall be payable at the office of the City Treasurer, in the City of Pittsburgh. They shall be signed by the Mayor, countersigned by the City Controller and shall be sealed by the Mayor with the corporate seal of said city.

SEC. 2. The second section of the above mentioned ordinance hereby supplied, is hereby repealed.

SEC. 3. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 28th day of July, A. D. 1869.

HILL BURGWIN,
President pro tem of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council

JOHN BARTON,
President pro tem of Common Council.

Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy28

AN ORDINANCE

Providing for a Better Supply of Water in Certain Portions of the City of Pittsburgh.

SECTION 1. *Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same,* That the Water Committee be authorized and empowered to erect on the Allegheny River, at or near Forty-fourth street, in the Seventeenth ward, and at Hazlewood in the Twenty-third ward, Pumping Engines and Stand Pipes, cost not to exceed six ($6,000) dollars each.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1869.

HILL BURGWIN,
President pro tem of Select Council.

Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.

JOHN BARTON,
President pro tem of Common Council.

Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council. jy28

FOR SALE.—VALUABLE CITY RESIDENCE.—HOUSE AND LOT, No. 72 Washington street, Allegheny City. The lot is 62 feet on Washington street, extending back 260 feet, on which is erected a double two-story brick dwelling, having all modern improvements. Also brick stable and carriage room, with servants room attached, all in first rate order. To those wanting a comfortable home, this property is recommended. Enquire on the premises, or to ROBERT DALZELL,
jy12:m8 49 Stockton Avenue,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PENNSYLVANIA

MILITARY ACADEMY

AT

Chester, Delaware Co., Pa.

FOR BOARDERS ONLY.

The following gentlemen, who devote their time exclusively to the interests of the Academy, compose the

ACADEMIC STAFF.

Col. THEODORE HYATT, M. A., President and Professor of Mathematics, and Instructor in Tactics.

Col. GEORGE PATTEN, Graduate U. S. Military Academy, Vice President, Professor of Civil and Military Engineering, and Instructor in Tactics.

Rev. A. ARMAGNAC, M. A., Professor of Chemistry and Natural and Experimental Philosophy and Instructor in Elocution.

Capt. THOMAS J. LLOYD, Graduate U. S. Military Academy, Professor of Mathematics and Instructor in Tactics.

Rev. S. W. WHITNEY, M. A., Professor of the English Language and Literature, and Instructor in Latin and Greek.

FELIX de LANNOY, M. A., Professor of French, German and Spanish, and Instructor in English Branches.

JOHN R. SWEENY, Esq., Professors of Vocal and Instrumental Music.

C. S. FAHNESTOCK, M. E., Professor of Penmanship, Book-keeping and Drawing, and Instructor in English Branches.

PERRY M. WASHABAUGH, Esq., Instructor in English Branches.

J. R. K. CARTER, C. E., Instructor in Mathematics and Tactics.

The Eighth Annual Session opens THURSDAY, September 2d.

The buildings, which have been erected expressly for the Institution, are located upon an eminence one hundred feet above water level. They are now and complete in all their appointments. Facilities, unsurpassed by those of any other institution in the country, are afforded to cadets in the prosecution of an English, Classical and Scientific education.

Very thorough instruction is given in Civil Engineering by graduates of the U. S. Military Academy. The discipline for which this Academy is distinguished, is strict and exacting, but not arbitrary. Careful attention is given to the moral and religious culture of the cadets.

The following gentlemen in Pittsburgh are patrons of the Academy: Rev. W. S. Gray, Col. David Campbell, Hon. J. P. Penny, Gen. Thos. Wickersham, Capt. Wm. L. Jones, Messrs. John Scott, Wm. A. Herron, Isaac Jones, James Marshall, C. H. Paulson, Walter Bryant, Robert Dickey, John S. Willock, Robert Wilson, Francis Seiders, Joseph Woodwell, James W. Woodwell, S. S. Foule, W. S. Haven, Joseph McKnight, John P. Pears, John F. Singer, A. L. Robinson, H. B. Wilkins, George Bingham, B. L. Fahnestock, Simpson Horner, Geo. W. Scott, J. McM. King, James M. Taylor, Wm. B. Hays, J. S. Liggett.

Circulars may be obtained of C. H. PAULSON, Esq., No. 10 Wood street, or of Col. THEODORE HYATT.

Col. HYATT will be at the MONONGAHELA HOUSE on WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY, 28th, 29th and 30th inst., between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., and will be happy to see patrons of the Academy and others on official business. jy27:m63

DRESS GOODS,

SILKS,

SILK MANTLES

AND

SUMMER GOODS.

of all Kinds

AT

CHEAP

AT

BATES & BELL'S

To Close their Stock.

jy23:MWF

PROCLAMATION.

The qualified voters of the First ward, City of Allegheny, will meet at the usual time and place for holding elections, on TUESDAY, August 3d, 1869, to ELECT ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Samuel H. Hartman, Esq., Select Councilman, resigned. Also, ONE PERSON to fill the unexpired term of Henry M. Long, Esq., Common Councilman, resigned.

SIMON DRUM, Mayor.

CITY OF ALLEGHENY, June 23, 1869.
jy23:m53

R. M. MCCOWAN.....J. R. M'KOWN.

R. M. McCOWAN & CO.,

Boulevard Pavers,

Office, No. 65 OHIO ST., ALLEGHENY.

Orders left at GAZETTE OFFICE, Pittsburgh, promptly attended to.

Pave Sidewalks, Cellars, Inside Yards, Drives, &c.

Warranted against changes of heat and cold.

REFERENCES—Max. Moorhead, Lyon & Shorb, Rody Patterson, Wm. Park, James N. Long & Son, Hartley & McKee, Anderson's & Maxwell, Aiken & Campbell, Isaac Craig. jy16:m23

TO STONE CONTRACTORS.—The PARK COMMISSION of Allegheny City will receive proposals until WEDNESDAY, July 28th, at 3 P. M.,

FOR CONSTRUCTING

A STONE FOUNTAIN BASIN,

34 Feet in Diameter, on West Common.

Plans and Specifications can be seen and full particulars obtained at City Engineer's Office. The Commission do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any bid.

CHARLES DAVIS,
jy25:m60 Superintending Engineer.

FOR SALE.

A complete assortment of

BLANK BOOKS,
GOLD AND STEEL PENS,
RUBBER PENCILS,
BANK AND COUNTING-HOUSE INK-STANDS,
LETTER, CAP, BILL,
LETTER AND NOTE PAPERS, by

W. S. HAVEN & CO.,

Corner Wood Street and Third Avenue.
jy24:m52

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY,

ANOTHER LOT OF THOSE

FINE BLACK

Gro Grain Alpacas,

EQUAL IN COLOR TO SILK.

SQUARE AND LONG

BLACK THIBET SHAWLS.

NEW STYLES ARAB SHAWLS

IN

Beautiful Colors.

HANDSOME SHADES

IN

COLORED ALPACAS.

NEW STYLES

IN

Medium Dark Calicos.

CASSIMERES, CLOTHS,

JEANS AND TWEEDS.

AT

Exceedingly Low Prices.

TABLE LINENS AND NAPKINS,

EXTRA BARGAINS.

PLAIN AND PLAID

OPERA FLANNELS.

Sheeting and Pillow Case

Muslins and Linens.

Wholesale Cash Buyers will find Full Assortments of Desirable Goods at LOWEST PRICES, at

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

SECURITY AND COMFORT for the traveling community.

J. B. HARRIS

Safety Fire Jacket, Car Heater and

MODERATOR.

For Smoke and Hot Air Flues, dispensing with the use of stoves and fire in or about the Passenger or Baggage Cars, with the attachment to graduate the heat to any temperature that may be desired without the possibility of firing the car or cars to which the Jacket may be attached. Having obtained of the United States Letters Patent for a Safety Jacket, which is warranted to resist the most intense heat that may be applied to it in the position and purpose for which it is intended.

It is a sure protection from accidents by fire, originating from defective flues or where iron pipes are used as conductors for smoke or heat. It is applicable to all piping that may become overheated, and is warranted to give perfect satisfaction where wood or other combustible material may be placed in close proximity thereto. I am now ready to apply my invention to stores, dwellings, factories, ships, steamboats, railroad cars, &c. Wherever pipes as conductors are made dangerous by being overheated and security desired, I will send on application right to manufacture or use the above invention. Also Territorial rights to such as may wish to engage in selling privileges either by State or county.

J. B. HARRIS.

☞Office at the "NE PLUS ULTRA PAINT WORKS," corner of Morris street and the Allegheny Valley Railroad, Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh, Pa. jy16:m36

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, July 23, 1869.

NOTICE TO MANUFACTURERS OF SCALES.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 3 o'clock P. M., on THURSDAY, July 29, 1869, for

One 15 Ton Weigh Scale, Complete,

The same to be delivered at the Second Ward Weigh House. The right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

W. M. PORTER,
jy24:m54 CITY CONTROLLER.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BARGAINS IN DRY GOODS

AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

TWELVE YARDS

Fast Colored Dark Calicos

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Good Fast Colored Calico

AT 10 CENTS.

TWELVE YARDS

BLEACHED MUSLIN

FOR ONE DOLLAR.

YARD WIDE

UNDRESSED BLEACHED MUSLIN

At 12 1-2 Cents.

Yard Wide Sheeting Muslin

At 12 1-2 Cents.

AT 6 1-4 CENTS,

LINEN TABLE NAPKINS.

At 12 1-2 Cents.

GOOD LINEN TOWELS.

LADIES' HEM-STITCHED

HANDKERCHIEFS,

Three for 25 Cents.

AT 6 1-4 CENTS,

LADIES' CAMBRIC

HANDKERCHIEFS.

At 60 Cents.

LADIES' CORSETS.

At 25 Cents.

GRANITE MIXED POPLINS.

A Decided Bargain.

At 25 Cents.

FINE DOUBLE WIDTH

Black Alpacas.

New Bargains Opening Daily

AT

WILLIAM SEMPLE'S,

No. 180 and 182 Federal Street,

ALLEGHENY CITY.

CEMENT—100 bbls Louisville Hydraulic Cement, for sale by
J. R. GARFIELD

THE ENTIRE

DRY GOODS,

OF

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,

59

MARKET STREET.

TO

CLOSED OUT

The Stock is Large and Complete, has been Reduced

AND MUST BE SOLD

In order to close the Estate of the Senior Member of the Firm.

J. W. BARKER, Jr.,

Administrator.

☞*NOTICES—"To Let," "For Sale," "Lost," "Wants," "Found," "Boarding," &c., not exceeding FOUR LINES, will be inserted in these columns once for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS; each additional line FIVE CENTS.*

WANTED---HELP.

WANTED.—A good HORSE SHOER at ECCLES' SHOP, at south end Monongahela Bridge.

WANTED—PRINTERS.—Two young men, who have had experience as newspaper compositors, will be needed in a few days. Address Box "A," GAZETTE office.

WANTED—HELP.—AT EM-PLOYMENT OFFICE, No. 1 St. Clair Street, BOYS GIRLS and MEN, for different kinds of employment. Persons wanting help of all kinds can be supplied on short notice.

WANTED.—A good GARDEN-ER, to go to the country, who can drive and work with horses; must be sober, honest and industrious. To such an one a good home and fair wages will be given. Call at or address JOHN J. A. YOUNG, Fruit and Confectioner, No. 83 Fifth Avenue Extension, for further information.

WANTED---BOARDERS.

WANTED—BOARDERS—Two gentlemen, or a gentleman and his wife can obtain a pleasant room with or without board in a private family in Allegheny, above North Common. Address E. C. S., GAZETTE OFFICE.

WANTED. — BOARDERS. —A gentleman and his wife, or a few single gentlemen, can obtain pleasant rooms and good board by applying soon at 71 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. References exchanged.

WANTED---AGENTS.

WANTED.—AGENTS.—Every-WHERE, to sell JACKSON'S WINDOW SASH FASTENER. Can be put on any Window in a few moments without cutting or fitting. Will hold the window up at any hight desired, or lock it down. Four-fifths of all the windows have no fasteners on them. Agents are making $5.00 a day selling them. Samples sent by mail for 10 cents. Address J. C. JACKSON & CO., No. 1 Sixth street, Pittsburgh, Pa. d&F

WANTS.

WANTED.—PARTNERSHIP— In a safe and profitable business, where from $3,000 to $5,000 will secure an active position. Address O., GAZETTE OFFICE, stating where an interview may be had.

STOLEN.

STOLEN.—MOCKING BIRD.— From the residence of SAMUEL RIDDLE, Esq., 195 Fayette street, Allegheny City, a MOCKING BIRD, a fine singer; had one of its toes broken. A liberal reward will be paid for its return

TO LET.

TO-LET.—A furnished FRONT ROOM, with Gas, in old Sixth ward; rent moderate. Enquire of S. M., 257 Liberty street.

TO-LET.—A HOUSE of Ten Rooms, newly refitted; in a most beautiful, shady and central location, on Eighth (Hancock) street, near Penn. Also another with six rooms. Apply at 277 Penn street.

TO-LET.—FIVE NEW HOUSES of SIX ROOMS each on Jalappa street, 5th ward, Allegheny, near Allegheny Avenue, one square from Manchester street cars. Enquire of T. M. SHOLES, 89 Federal street, corner Stockton avenue, or CHARLES P. STRIGHT, 171 North avenue, corner Webster street.

TO-LET.—ROOMS, on Second floor, with Boarding. Location the most desirable in the city, with the conveniences of bath rooms, the comforts of a private family, as few boarders are kept. 181 North Avenue, Allegheny City.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—The BAR of the Saloon, No 3 WYLIE STREET. Will lease the House for any number of years. Mrs. JENNIE GAZZOLO.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot on Sandusky street; House and Lot on Boyle street; 2 Houses in the Eighth Ward; 3 Farms in Ohio; Farm in Sewickley Township; 10 acres at Fleming Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; Farm near Perrysville; House and 1½ acres at Glendale Station, P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.; 2 Farms in Iowa; Lot on Locust street (Manchester); Farm in Westmoreland county; 7 Houses and Lots in Spring Garden avenue; House and Lease on Middle street; House and 4 Lots on Spring Hill, 7th ward. Other Houses and Lots in good location. Inquire of

M. WHITMORE,
Real Estate and Insurance Agent, corner Ohio and Sandusky streets, Allegheny. jy17

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

MEN & BOY'S CLOTHING.

GRAY & LOGAN,

NO. 47 SIXTH STREET,

Are now offering a complete stock of Summer Clothing of medium and fine goods at the very lowest prices.

Children's Cassimere Linen and Suits.
Youths' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Boys' Cassimere and Linen Suits.
Gents' Blue Flannel Sacks.
Gents' Alpaca Sacks.
Gents' White and Brown Duck Suits.
Gents' Scotch Cheviot Business and Walking Suits.

CLOTHING OF ALL KINDS

AT

GRAY & LOGAN'S,

No. 47 SIXTH STREET,

LATE ST. CLAIR.

jy1:130

STOCK OF

DRY GOODS,

OF

J. W. BARKER & CO'S.,

20

ST. CLAIR STREET.

TO

BE

IN TEN DAYS.

Complete, and every Article

SOLD

of the Senior Member of the

J. W. BARKER, Jr.,

Administrator.

STEEL WORKS.

DUQUESNE WORKS.

COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,

Manufacturers of

IRON, NAILS, STEEL,

AXLES AND SPRINGS,

DUQUESNE, L X AND JUNIATA,

FLAT BAR, ROUND AND SQUARE IRON, BAND, HOOP, SHEET AND TANK IRON, BOILER PLATES AND HEADS, GUARD IRON, DRAG and DROPPER BARS, FLANGE, CUTTER BARS, CYLINDER IRON.
T AND FLAT RAIL, for Coal Roads.
CROWBARS, WEDGES & HARROW TEETH, SPRING, PLOW AND CULTIVATOR STEEL, STEEL WINGS AND MOULDS cut to pattern, STEEL TIRES, STEEL SHAFTING, A. B. STEEL.
COACH, BUGGY and WAGON SPRINGS and XLES.
CUT NAILS AND SPIKES.

All Goods First Class and Warranted.

OFFICES AND WORKS.

Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.
mh9

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.

SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

Manufacturers of every description of

CAST AND GERMAN STEEL,

RAILW SPRINGS,
ELLI.. C AND PLATFORM SPRINGS,
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c., &c

Warehouse, 83 Water and 100 First Sts.

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN.

GENERAL PARTNERS:
WM. METCALF, | REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR, | CHAS. PARKIN.
SPECIAL PARTNER—S. M. KIER.

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS,

MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,

Office, No. 339 Liberty St,

PITTSBURGH, PA.
fa14:d48

BLACK DIAMOND

STEEL WORKS.

PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of all descriptions of

STEEL.

Office and Warehouse, THIRTIETH, THIRTY-FIRST and RAILROAD STREETS,

PITTSBURGH.

IRON WORKS.

JAS. VERNER, Pres't.....W. P. PORTER, Sup't.

PITTSBURGH FORGE

AND IRON CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Bar Iron;
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts;
Railroad Car Axles Rolled;
Railroad Car Axles Hammered;
Locomotive Frames;
Locomotive Frame Shapes;
Side Rods;
Yokes, Straps;
Piston Heads;
Steamboat Shafts;
Steamboat Cranks;
Piston Rods, Wrists;
Pitman Jaws, Collars, &c.

Office, No. 177 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.

The Trustees are now prepared to grant licenses for the use of the ELLERSHAUSEN PROCESS.
The superior quality imparted to good iron, the great improvement in inferior iron, and the reduced cost, commend it to all manufacturers of iron.
Parties wishing to use it can obtain licenses by applying to

JAMES P. SPEER

Attorney for the Trustees,

ROOMS 1 and 2, English's Building, 96½ Fourth avenue.
Parties interested are invited to visit the SHOENBERGER WORKS, where the rocess is now in successful operation. fe8:d67

EVERSON, PRESTON & CO.,

Pennsylvania Iron Works.

Warehouse, Nos. 166 and 167 FIRST STREET, opposite Monongahela House,
ap24:d6 PITTSBURGH

BRASS FOUNDERS.

JOHN M. COOPER.....HENRY BAER.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,

Bell and Brass Founders.

BRASS CASTINGS

MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.

Malleable and Grey Iron Fittings,

GAS PIPE AND TUBING,

THROTTLE, SAFETY AND CHECK VALVES,

ALL GLOBE PATTERN.

IRON COCKS,

Brass Work of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.

MANUFACTURERS OF J. M. COOPER'S

Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.

Agents for Dreyfus' Patent Oilers, the best in the Market.

Office and Works, corner Thirteenth and Pike Streets. sp2o

NOVELTY WORKS.

PITTSBURGH

NOVELTY WORKS.

Founded A. D. 1833.

ADAMS, M'KEE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

KEYSTONE STANDARD, (FAIRBANK'S PATENT) PLATFORM AND COUNTER

SCALES.

Jarus Faced Patent Door Locks and Latches, Paint and Coffee Mills, &c.

CORNER OF FIRST AVENUE & GRANT STS.

Pittsburgh, Penn's.

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER,

ARCHITECTS,

FRUIT HOUSE ASSOCIATION BUILDINGS, Nos. 3 and 4 St. Clair Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. Special attention given to the designing and building of COURT HOUSES and PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

ENGINES, BOILERS, &c.

HUGH M. BOLE & CO.,

Cor. Point Alley and Duquesne St.,

(NEAR THE POINT.)

Engine Builders, Founders and Machinists.

Manufacture STEAMBOAT ENGINES and STATIONARY ENGINES, of all sizes.
Special attention invited to our new STATIONARY OIL WELL ENGINE AND PORTABLE BOILER, of 15-horsepower.
CASTINGS, of every kind, made to order at our Foundry, on THIRD STREET, below Market.
RIGS for Oil Wells, SHAFTING, PULLEYS, HANGERS, HOUSE and TOBACCO SCREWS and IRON TOBACCO PRESSES, on hand and made to order, at the

INDUSTRIAL WORKS,

Fronting on the Allegheny River, near the Point,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All orders promptly filled. TRY US.

FORT PITT

BOILER, STILL AND TANK

WORKS.

CARROLL & SNYDER,

MANUFACTURERS OF

TUBULAR, DOUBLE-FLUED TUBULAR, FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER STEAM BOILERS.
OIL STILLS AND OIL TANKS.
CHIMNEYS, BREECHING AND ASH PANS, SETTLING PANS, SALT PANS AND CONDENSERS;
STEAM PIPES, GASOMETERS AND IRON BRIDGES;
PRISON DOORS AND COAL SHUTES

Office and Warehouse, corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty Streets,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to. mh7:d89

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND SHEET IRON WORKERS,

NOS. 20, 22, 24 AND 26 PENN ST.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of BOILERS in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Boiler Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and sole manufacturers of Barnhill's Patent Boilers.
Repairing done on shortest notice. ja5:d21

JAMES M. RITER,

Nos. 55 and 56 Water Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

MANUFACTURER OF

IRON OIL TANKS,

SETTLING PANS, COPPER STEAM PIPE,

ROLLING MILL STACKS,

And SHEET IRON WORK,

For Steamboats.

JARED M. BRUSH.....EDMUND D. BRUSH

JARED M. BRUSH & SON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks,

SHEET IRON WORK, &C.

61 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

STOVES, CASTINGS, &c.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,

NO. 30 WOOD STREET,

Manufacturers of the greatest variety of

Cook, Parlor and Heating Stoves,

TO BE FOUND.

In our assortment will be found all the LATEST PATTERNS AND IMPROVEMENTS, and the reputation of our Stoves is such that any one in want of a good article should purchase none but those manufactured by us, as they will be found the most durable as well as economical. We would call particular attention to our new VOLCANO STOVE, for churches, halls and stores. Over 500 sold in three months. Intended for with or without casing. All who have used them pronounce them superior to any other and far cheaper.
Send for Catalogue and Price List. Je30

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF EVERY VARIETY OF

STOVES,

BOSTON COOKING RANGE,

"THE FIERY FURNACE,"

FOR WARMING BUILDINGS.

THE NEW ANTI-DUST COOKING STOVE, "REGULATOR." COLUMBIA COOK STOVE, VAN'S (Cincinnati Pattern) PORTABLE RANGE CAST IRON MANTLES, WELLMAN'S REFLECTOR GRATES, free from dirt and dust; GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS, &c.

206 and 208 Liberty Street,

se25:y17 PITTSBURGH, PA.

COOK STOVES.

GET THE BEST.

BISSELL & CO.'S

TRIUMPH,

FOR BITUMINOUS COAL.

Warranted to Cook, Bake or Roast as well as any other Stove in the Union.

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 235 Liberty Street.

Also on hand and for sale,
PARLOR STOVES,
HEATING STOVES,
GRATE FRONTS, FENDERS,
COOKING RANGES, &c.

LUMBER.

TO BUILDERS!

800,000 feet Dry Pine Boards.
150,000 feet 1¼ inch Clear Plank;
25,000 feet 1½ inch Common Plank;
25,000 feet Dry 1 and 2 inch Oak;
25,000 ft. ⅜, 1, 1¼, ¼ and 3 inch Poplar;
10,000 feet Dry Poplar Scantling;
10,000 feet Dry Yellow Pine Boards;
100,000 feet Hemlock Scantling;
303,000 feet No. 1 18 inch Saginaw Shingles,
200,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, sawed;
50,000 No. 1 16-inch Shingles, shaved;
50,000 Fire Brick;
1,000 Fire Tile.
100 Tons Fire Clay;

Also, Saw Mill Lumber, Locust and Cedar Posts, and all articles in the line on hand and for sale by ALEXANDER PATTERSON. Yards—No. 157 Rebecca street and corner of Preble and Juniata streets, Sixth ward, Allegheny, late borough of Manchester. ap:6

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

H. B. LYON,

Sealer of Weights and Measures,

No. 5 FOURTH STREET,

(Between Liberty and Ferry streets,

Orders promptly attended to. ap13:

FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS.

KNAP FORT PITT

FOUNDRY COMPANY.

OFFICE AND WORKS,

TWELFTH STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Engines, Rolling Mill Machinery, Nail Machines, Retorts, and Castings generally.

NATIONAL FOUNDRY

AND PIPE WORKS.

Corner Carroll and Smallman Streets,

(NINTH WARD.)

PITTSBURGH, PA.

WILLIAM SMITH,

Manufacturer of

CAST IRON BOWL PIPE

FOR GAS AND WATER WORKS.

My Pipes are all cast invariably in Pits, in dry sand, and 12 feet lengths. Also, full assortment of general

Castings for Gas and Water Works.

I would also call the attention of Superintendents of Gas Works to my make of RETORTS.

DUQUESNE FORGE.

WILLIAM MILLER,

(Successor to JOS. P. HAIGH & CO.,)

Has facilities co-extensive with the leading Forges in the East, and is prepared to promptly and satisfactorily fill all orders for STEAMBOAT SHAFTS, CRANKS, PISTON RODS, LEVERS, PITMAN JAWS, WRISTS, RAILROAD AXLES, LOCOMOTIVE FRAMES, together with every description of SHAPE WORK. Office and Forge,

Corner of Duquesne Way and First Street.
ap14:b40

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLERS,

WASHINGTON WORKS,

FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS, PITTSBURGH,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of all descriptions; Oil Tanks and Stills, Boiler and Sheet Iron Work.
Office, No. 14, corner First and Smithfield Streets.
Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding Boilers. ja11:r82

THOMAS CARLIN & CO.,

Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,

SANDUSKY ST., ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.,

Manufacturers of Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, Oil Presses, Pulleys, Shafting, Grist and Saw Mill Work, Rolling Mill and Machine Castings, Grate Bars, Weights, Wagon Boxes, &c. Build to order and have on hand Engines of all sizes. mv14:y6

CENTRAL FOUNDRY

AND ROLL WORKS

880 Penn Street.

BOLLMAN, BOYD & BAGALEY.

Chill Rolls, Mill Castings, Roll Lathes, &c.

OILS.

DIAMOND OIL WORKS,

H. M. LONG & CO.,

Office, DALZELL BUILDING,

fe13 Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WARING AND KING,

Commission Merchants and Brokers in

Petroleum and its Products,

DALZELL'S BLOCK, DUQUESNE WAY,

PHILADELPHIA ADDRESS,

Room 17, Chamber of Commerce,

133 SOUTH SECOND STREET.
ap16

JACK BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND DEALERS IN

Petroleum and its Products,

Pittsburgh Office—DALZELL'S BUILDING, corner of Duquesne Way and Irwin streets.

Philadelphia Office—127 WALNUT ST.
ap1:w30

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY.

HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Lubricating & High Test Burning Oils.

Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil.

Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.

Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,

Will cut Screws.

Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,

Adapted for high speed.

Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Head-Light Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Parraffine.

ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.

These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patent by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET, Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.,

ANCHOR COTTON MILLS.

PITTSBURGH.

Manufacturers of HEAVY MEDIUM and LIGHT

ANCHOR AND MAGNOLIA

SHEETINGS AND BATTING.

FINANCIAL.

FIFTH AVENUE BANK

Of Pittsburgh,

Is now open for Discount, Deposit and General Banking Business, at 195 FIFTH AVENUE.
Any sum received from One Dollar upwards.
Interest at the rate of six per cent. paid on time deposits.

DIRECTORS:
ED. DITHRIDGE, W. P. WEYMAN,
W. H. SIMS, FRANK SIEBERT,
W. C. ROBERTSON, HENRY MEYER,
DAN. KINZER, D. M. ARMOR,
EMIL POERSTEL.

ED. DITHRIDGE, President.

F. F. SCHENCK, Cashier.
jy10:j98

AMERICAN BANK.

NO. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,

PITTSBURGH.

CASH CAPITAL - - - - - $200.000

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DISCOUNT AND DEPOSIT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

Thos. M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
James W. Arrott, Jas. D. Kelly,
Chas. B. Lecch, Wm. Floyd.
John Floyd.

This Bank is now fully organized and prepared to do a general Banking business.
je10:d43

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Corner Third and Wood Streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.,

(SUCCESSORS TO HANNA, HART & CO.,)

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

COVERNMENT BONDS.

Sight Drafts on London.
my1:n85

N. HOLMES & SONS,

BANKERS,

57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and other Securities

BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.
ja30:al

JAY COOKE & CO.,

Bankers,

114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS and BONDS of all descriptions bought and sold.

Special attention given to the purchase and sale of Government Securities. mh30

CITY BANK.

112 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

CAPITAL, $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canada.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
JAMES MCCABE, Vice President.
JOHN B. GORMLEY, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

D. Ihmsen, James McCabe,
Thomas Rourke, John Savage,
J. Dunlevy, Jr., Prince Campbell,
Patrick Kane, James Phelan,
Chas. B. Barr, H. A. Freyvogle,
Jno. Jos. Hermann, Thomas Barnes,
Hugh Keating. je1:k5

GLASS, CHINA, CUTLERY.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

NEW GOODS.

FINE VASES,

BOHEMIAN AND CHINA.

NEW STYLES,
DINNER SETS,
TEA SETS,
GIFT CUPS,
SMOKING SETS,
A large stock of

SILVER PLATED GOODS

of all descriptions.

Call and examine our goods, and we feel satisfied no one need fail to be suited.

R. E. BREED & CO.

100 WOOD STREET.

R. E. BREED & CO.

UPHOLSTERY.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD.

No. 100 Third Avenue,

Upholsters and Dealers in Curtain Goods,

Direct the attention of their friends and the public to their finely assorted stock of

Lace and Notting'am Curtains, Vestibule Laces, Damask Reps, Ferry's Mexican cloth Satin, Delaines, Gilt Cornices, Gilt and Walnut Mouldings, Spring Beds of superior make, Hair Matrasses (pure white hair,) Pillows, Bolsters, and everything pertaining to a first-class bed. The latest Paris and Berlin designs for Draperies at the inspection of their customers. Pure white Eastern Show Feathers always on hand.

HOLTZMAN & WIEDERHOLD,

NO. 100 THIRD AVENUE.
my8:193

LITHOGRAPHERS.

BENJAMIN SINGERLY.....PHILIP CLEIS,

SINGERLY & CLEIS, Successors to GEO. F. SCHUCHMAN & CO.,

PRACTICAL LITHOGRAPHERS.

The only Steam Lithographic Establishment West of the Mountains. Business Cards, Letter Heads, Bonds, Labels, Circulars, Show Cards, Diplomas, Portraits, Views, Certificates of Deposits, Invitation Cards, &c., Nos. 72 and 74 Third street, Pittsburgh.

FINANCIAL.

GOLD,

SILVER AND COUPONS

Bought at Highest Prices.

PH. R. MERTZ, Banker

Cor. Wood and Fifth Streets.
my6

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

(Successors to S. JONES & CO.,)

Corner Fourth and Wood Sts.,

BANKERS,

BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,

GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS,

ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money loaned on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

GOVERNMENT BONDS!

We will register all kinds of Government Bonds free of charge. This gives the holder absolute security against theft, loss, or destruction.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Bonds,

COR. FOURTH & WOOD STS.
my13:j25

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 27, 1869.

Quotations as received by Ph. R. Mertz: Gold, 137; Silver, 130; Eighty-one's, 121½; Five Twenties, 1862, 123¾; do 1864, 122; do 1865, 122; do 1865, Consols, 120⅝; do 1867, 120¾; do 1868, 120¾; Ten Forties, 111¾; New York Central, 215½; Erie, —; Reading, 98¼; Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne & Chicago Railroad, 52¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 31⅛; Michigan Southern, 105⅝; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 107¾; Chicago & Rock Island, 114½; Chicago & North Western, 80; Chicago & North Western Preferred, 93¾; Adams Express Company, 60¼; Merchants Union Express, 10½; Pacific Mail, 83½; Western Union Telegraph Company, 37; Am. W. Express, 41.

EXCHANGE,	Large.	Small.
London, per £	$6,72	$6,85
Paris, per franc	27⅛	28⅛
Berlin, thaler	99¾	1,00¾
Frankfort, florins	58	59½

—Closing quotations received by James T. Brady & Co. Gold, 136⅝; United States Sixes, 1881, 121½; Five-Twenties, 1862, 123¾; do. 1864, 122; do. 1865, 122; Ten-Forties, 111¾ Five-Twenties. January and July, 1865, 120⅝; do. do. 1867, 120¾; do. do. 1868, 120¾; Due Compounds, 119; Union Pacific Railroad, 90; Central do. do., 99; Cy. Pacifics, 108½; Lake Superiors 96.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, July 27, 1869.

Money easy at 5@7 per cent. on call, but chiefly at 6 per cent. Sterling less firm at 9¾@10⅛ per cent. Gold irregular and unsettled; opened at 137½, advanced to 137⅝, and fell to 136½. On the report that the export to-morrow will be very small, and the sale of about two and a half millions by the officer of the Canadian bank, who recently arrived here, the amount being readily taken by bull operators, and under a report that the Cunard steamer to-morrow would take a million, rose to 137¾, and finally closing at 137 on a contradiction of the rumor. Carrying rates, 5@7 per cent. Clearances, $92.000,000. Exports to-day, $210,000.

The *Commercial's* money article says the decline appears to have been the result of a reduction of one-eighth per cent. on the rate of sterling bills. About $500,000 of Five-Twenties were bought yesterday for shipment, and the effect of this additional supply on the London market is apparent this morning in a yielding of ⅛@¾ per cent. in the price of bonds. The bills made against these shipments appear to have caused a temporary yielding in the rate of exchange. It is pointed evidence of the largeness of trade and the balance outstanding against us, that in addition to the three millions of specie sent out last week we also shipped over two million of pounds. The predominant feature with foreign bankers is that we shall not find it practicable to ship any considerable amount of bonds to Europe in liquidation of our indebtedness except at figures below the present range of foreign markets.

Governments are strong and active at an advance. Ten-Forties and Currency Sixes are in marked demand and light supply. The closing prices were: Coupons of '81, 121¾@122; do. '62, 124@@124¼; do. '64, 122⅞@122¾; do. '65, 122⅛@122¾; do. new, 121@121¼; do. '67, 121⅛@121¼; do. '68, 121⅛@121⅜; 10-40's, 111⅞@112; Pacifics, 108⅜@109.

State bonds lower; Missouris, 87½; old Tennessees, 63; new, 58¾; old North Carolinas, 58; new, 50¾; old Virginias, 57½; new, 60¾.

Stocks feverish and a rumor of the illness of Vanderbilt and heavy sales by a broker firm, outside of Vanderbilt's interest, depressed New York Central to 212¾, Hudson to 198¾, and Harlem to 160; but a contradiction of the report, and also of another that the consolidation meeting fixed for to-morrow, at Saratoga, had been postponed, occasioned a reaction and marked recovery, the market closing strong; western shares which fell to ⅜@2 per cent., recovered the decline and closed strong.

5-30 *Prices:* Canton, 58; Cumberland, 32½; Western Union Telegraph, 37; Quicksilver, 15½; Mariposa, 8; do. preferred, 15; Pacific Mail, 83⅜; Adams Express, 60¼; Wells and Fargo, 22¼; American, 41; United States, 69; Merchants Union, 10¾; New York Central, 216½; Harlem, 166½; Hudson, 192; Reading, 99¾; Erie, 29¼; do. pref., 54; Michigan Central, 132; Michigan Southern, 105⅜; Illinois Central, 141⅜; Pittsburgh, 107⅜; Northwestern, 80; do. preferred, 94; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 73; Rock Island, 114½; St. Paul, 76½; do. preferred, 86¾; Wabash, 73; Fort Wayne, 152½; Terre Haute, 33; do. preferred, 58; Chicago and Alton, 161; Ohio and Mississippi, 33; St. Joseph, 128½; Dubuque and Sioux City, 127¼.

Suspicion has recently been aroused by the appearance of counterfeit or forged share certificates of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railroad. The spurious certificates are said to bear close resemblance to the genuine ones. The supposed culprit has been arrested.

Mining Shares dull.

Coppers at Boston: Copper Falls, 7; Franklin, 12; Hecla, 80; Minnesota, 1¾; Quincy, 25.

Sub-Treasury receipts, $1,261,756; payments, $788,909; balance, $98,226,136. Disbursements in coin interest $217,195.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 27, 1869.

For years past Pittsburgh has drawn liberally on the west for Flour and Grain, but the way matters now stand it looks as if we will have to get supplies nearer home. All kinds of Grain and Flour, too, are now relatively higher in the western markets than here, so that the margin is the wrong way to dealers buying there for this market, and as a consequence, the receipts from Chicago and Milwaukee have been remarkably light for some weeks past, and unless there is a change soon, one way or the other, they will have to cease altogether. To illustrate, No. 1 Spring Wheat was was quoted there on Monday, at $1,38@1,40, while prime old Red Winter, is selling here at $1,40, and heretofore the latter has always been considered worth more than the latter. Choice Spring Wheat flours were quoted there yesterday at $7,00@7,25, while good Winter Wheat brands are being sold here at about the same figures, and it is generally conceded that the latter is a better article than the former, and until recently has brought from 25@50 cts per bbl more. This is operating badly on dealers as the majority of them are almost out of stock, and what is worse still, they cannot replace at present figures. Our mills, however, have reason to be satisfied with the situation, as they can now successfully compete with western flours, and, for the time being, have the advantage over dealers.

The Provision market is considerably firmer under the influence of the advices from Cincinnati and Chicago, and prices, are steadily advancing. In Groceries there is nothing specially new or important, with the exception that there is a continued brisk demand for Raw Sugars. Green stuff is arriving pretty freely but with a steady local demand, prices are pretty well sustained.

APPLES—Continue to sell readily on arrival at $3,00@4,00 for fair to prime, and $4,50 for choice.

BUTTER—Is dull and notwithstanding the receipts continue light, prices are barely maintained. Sale 4,000 lbs, common, to go east, at 20—small sales prime at 22@23.

BEANS—Sales at $1,75@2.

BROOMS—Quoted as follows: No. 5 $6,50; No. 4 $6; No. 3 $5, No. 2, plain, $4,50, and market firm.

CHEESE—Is in good supply and very dull but unchanged—14@18, as to quality.

CARBON OIL—Is dull but unchanged; sales of 50 or 100 barrel lots, at 27@28, and in small lots, 29@30.

DRIED FRUIT—The demand has almost ceased, and the market is very dull and there are no established quotations.

EGGS—Dull with a supply considerably in excess of the demand—quoted at 18@20.

FLOUR—Is firm, and very unsettled, and while the supply in this market is very much reduced, the demand is light, consumers generally buying just about what will run them from one week to another, being more apprehensive of a decline than advance. As already intimated there is little or no difference between the price of spring and winter wheat flours; taking Chicago prices as a bosis, winter wheat brands are decidedly the cheapest. Unless there is a change in the west, the mills will soon have to supply the local trade, and already their orders are much increased from this source.

GRAIN—Prime old winter wheat sells readily at $1,40, and a round lot on spot, might bring more. Sale of New Tennessee wheat at $1,40, Oats firm, but the demand continues very light; we now quote at 69@70 on track, and 72@73 in store. Corn is in demand and very scarce, and prices have still further advanced; we now quote at $1@1,05, for mixed to prime yellow. Rye is nominal at $1,25. No movement in Barley.

HAY—Sales at Allegheny Diamond market of 17 loads $20@24 per ton, also, sales of straw at $20.

HEMP—Last sales at $205.

HUSKS—Sales at 2¾@3 cts per pound.

LIME—Cleveland Lime is quoted at $2 50, per bbl, and Common White at $1,75.

LARD OIL—No. 2 is quoted at $1,08 and No. 1 at 1,40.

POTATOES—Demand rather better, and with a diminished supply and light arrivals, the market is firm though prices are unchanged, $1,50@1,75 per barrel.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens, at 65@6,70 per pair.

PROVISIONS—Firmer and higher. We now quote at 15@15¼ for Shoulders; 18@19 for Ribbed and Clear Sides; 19 for Plain and 23½@24 for Sugar Cured Hams, and 17½@18 for Breakfast Bacon. Lard, 20¼ in tierces and 20¾@21 in half bbls and kegs. Mess Pork, $33½.

PEANUTS—Small sales at 12.

SALT—Allegheny River brands are quoted, by the car load, at $1,75@1,80.

WOOL MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, TUESDAY, July 27, 1869.

The market remains quiet, owing to the harvest occupying the attention of farmers. In some sections we hear that considerable sales have been made of fine wools at prices ranging from 40@45 cts. Advices from the Eastern markets show some activity with larger sales, the past week or two, than for some weeks previous, but no essential change in prices, which is owing to the tight money market. It is very plain that no permanent advance in wool can be expected until goods sell more freely, and the money market is in a permanently and easier condition. It would be well for country operators to keep this in mind for it is quite probable that we may have lowered prices in September and October than we have at present. We quote fine wool at 40@43; choice clips 45; country fleece and tub washed, 45@50, all unwashed and heavy wools, subject to abatement of ⅛ to ¼ on bucks fleeces.

The Pittsburgh Gazette

FROM RAGS AND STRAW TO PAPER.

A Ramble Through a Paper Mill, and Description of the Rag and Straw Converting Process.

Seventy-three years ago, on the southern bank of the Monongahela river at Redstone, now Brownsville, was established the first mill for the manufacture of paper west of the Allegheny mountains. On that occasion Mr. Scull, then editor and proprietor of the GAZETTE, congratulated the entire west on the great step of progression made, and himself on the fact that he would no longer have to depend for supplies on the tedious, and by no means reliable, "pack horse express" which wearily tugged over the mountains the paper on which was to be printed the only journal west of Philadelphia Twenty years thereafter steam was employed, for the first time, in making paper in the United States, in a mill located in Pittsburgh, and with a success which warranted other mills throughout the country in following the example. Looking back to that date when each sheet had to be manipulated in every branch of the process, and when paper was in itself an expensive luxury, and, in contrasting the art in its infancy with that of to-day in its grand development, we cannot help paying tribute to the inventive genius that has kept pace with the progress of the enlightened world and furnished the brained machinery capable of more than meeting the increased and increasing demands for the commodity without which the art of printing would be useless. This genius, and it belongs in common to nearly the whole world—for scarcely a nation but has advanced its pregnant idea or suggestion in the paper making process—has done more, reducing the cost of production so as to enable the masses to read the newspaper, which, after all, is the poor man's only library and the universal educator. No article is more familiar to everybody than paper. In fulfilling its multitude of missions all become thoroughly acquainted with it, but few there are who ever stop to inquire how it is made. Even the most intelligent, those who become enthused with a chemical problem or revel in the mysteries of almost living machinery, have no certain knowledge of the grand and beautiful process adopted in making the white sheet of paper on which is stamped the news of the day, or on which are printed the pleasing contributions of the poet and author. Most recognize in the saucy sheet a rejuvenated bag of rags, but in what manner the tattered castaway fragments of cotton and linen are treated to become resurrected so spotlessly they have no knowledge. If the reader will follow us in a ramble through a paper mill, we will endeavor to describe a process most beautiful in all its details, and one which is necessarily attractive and charming to the visitor. In advance, however, we will state that there is so much to be seen, so many pieces of souled machinery at work and such a number of minor details worthy of mention, that it is impossible to stop and wonder at everything which meets the sight of the visitor.

THE CLINTON PAPER MILL.

This old and well conducted mill we have chosen through which to conduct our friends, because of its great extent, its clever appointments, novel machinery and of the perfection attained in its manufactures. It dates back its foundation many decades of years and through both prosperity and adversity has steadily grown till it now occupies a front place among the paper mills of the country. With its existence and management were associated in days gone—by those well known paper makers, Holdship, Turnbull and Hanna, and to-day it is operated by the Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company which embraces a number of our most enterprising, responsible and wealthiest business men. The Company is presided over by Mr. Augustus Harije, President, who is amply sustained by Messrs. S. H. Hartman, Charles Goehring, and J. B. Livingston as a Board of Directors. The active business management is in the hands of the Secretary, Mr. Samuel Riddle, a gentleman who devotes his exclusive attention to the affairs of his department, and to his care, energy, enterprise and fair dealing is largely due the present popularity and prosperity of the Company.

WHERE LOCATED.

The buildings of the Company are located at one of the most beautiful and picturesque points on the Ohio river, at Steubenville, and cover more than five acres of city property, including the straw storage yard, rag depository, and the residences of employes. They are all of a substantial character and present from the river view a very fine appearance. The location is an admirable one for the business, being on the river bank, where choice water is easily obtainable in vast quantities, both from the river itself and wells sunk in the vicinity. *En passant* we may note the latter, which are not the least noticeable objects of curiosity about the works. There are two of them, one tapping the river and drawing vast quantities of water which is forced with steam into elevated tanks for use in the processes to be afterwards described. Close by the mill is sunk a well forty feet deep, thirty feet in circumference, walled with neatly laid brick and supplied with a newly invented pump, which works like a charm. The pump is an experimental one, the inventor, Mr. McPheely, putting it in to test the merit of his invention. It has no valves, but is operated by steam introduced at its base by a pipe leading from the boiler, which forces the water up a lift twenty-five feet above the ground surface of the well, through a six inch pipe, discharging with much force a heavy, steady rapid stream of water, which is tanked and led by conduits through the mill for its purposes. This water is clear as crystal and as pure as a child's conscience. Nearly a full million gallons of the aqueous fluid are daily used in the mill. Just think of it, ye temperance men, so much water, the only beverage fit for man's stomach, used up in making paper each day!

RAGS, AND WHAT OF THEM.

In the manufacture of paper, rags are an important element. Just rags, and nothing more. These the Clinton mill gather from all sections of the country, buying them up everywhere, making no distinction between those which in the order of things have in their time covered the Croesus rolling in wealth, or the pauper whose nakedness was illy concealed with the rags with which he could not afford to part company till they had outworked their time. These rags, of which eighty-five tons are monthly used, come in bales, are of all colors and various fragmentary sizes, and when received are packed away for use in the rag depository or warehouse. The bales are subsequently carried into the assorting room, where they are ripped open and the rags deposited in open crates, and the work of assorting is commenced. At each crate sits a girl or woman, whose duty it is to sort out the woolen from the linen or cotton fabrics, the white from the colored and the clean from the filthy. Ripping and cutting is performed by a huge stationary blade in the center of the crate, with the reverse side towards the picker, and against which, drawing towards her, the rags are cut. Buttons, hooks and eyes, and bits of hard substances, silk or woolen fragments adhering to the linen or cotton, are separated and laid aside. Here, we may remark, that woolen and silk rags are shipped off to other dealers from the paper mill and are converted into that material known as shoddy, which is principally used in making clothing for soldiers who fight for their country, thirteen dollars per month and the enrichment of army contractors. After the rags are carefully assorted by a score or more of thin and delicate females, who make fair wages at the by no means pleasant work, they are hauled off into another apartment where stands a large cutting machine, into which they are passed. Rapidly rotating knives, impelled by steam power, cut them into pieces about an inch square, and likewise thoroughly extracts the loose dirt and dust adhering to them. From this department the cut rags are then hauled to an opening in the floor, immediately over a manhead in an immense revolving boiler twenty-two feet long and eighteen feet in circumference, beneath which a slow fire is kept burning. Into the boiler, horizontally set, the rags are forced, about three tons being one charge. Then from pipes highly caustic liquid lime is injected, and the washing and boiling process commences. The interior of the huge revolver is supplied with sharp iron spikes, which catch and toss about and tear the rags, acting as agitators. A high pressure of steam is carried, and in about six hours the boiler is cooled and the rags discharged, now being all blended together in a fibrous mass of a dark brown color, and ready for reduction to what is technically termed "half stuff." The fibrous mass is then conveyed in box cars to another department and is ready for being converted into pulp. In this large room we find eight large "engines" for the washing and beating processes and a large quantity of faithfully working machinery of an ingenious and somewhat delicate character. The engines are cisterns, oval in shape and provided with longitudinal vertical partitions, reaching close to each end, thus dividing them into two chambers which connect at the ends. A shaft in the middle of the cisterns carries with its rotations a wooden cylinder, made adjustable higher or lower by a screw at one side to regulate the pressure brought to bear on the rags. The cylinder has a number of longitudinal steel ribs in a washer, and the same quantity in a beater projecting closely to the surface. A segment of steel bars is firmly secured to the bottom of the cistern immediately under the cylinder forming a plate, at an angle with the ribs of the roll, thus drawing out and reducing the length of the fibre of the rags treated. The rags are introduced first into the washing engine and flooded with a heavy stream of water which constantly flows upon them, the steam power is introduced, the cylinder revolves, and a current is started moving the rags around with it, carrying them under the cylinder to be rubbed, pulled and crushed every five seconds. The cylinder is lowered as the operation progresses, until the rags are reduced to the condition known as "half stuff," the plate and cylinder almost then touching each other. During this process the dirty water is entirely drained away by a revolving bucket cylinder, covered with wire cloth, which intercepts the current and discharges the murky fluid from a chute into a sewer by which it is conveyed to the river. The washing tubs of the Clinton Mills take in about six hundred weight of rags at each cleansing, and the utmost care is observed that this process is properly conducted.

After the rags have reached the pulpy state in which their identity is wholly lost, they are forced from the bottom of the engines through large pipes to a subterranean tank, which is supplied with a false bottom, made to let all the water drain out. Here tons of half stuff, like mountains of snow, are gathered and used when wanted.

BEATEN AND BLEACHED.

Half stuff is lifted in crates moved by a crane to the floor of the department and placed in the beating and bleaching engine entirely similar to the washing engine already described. Pure, clean and crystal water, with a slight admixture of caustic soda introduced, flows in, through and out of the cistern in which are the rapidly revolving cylinders. This finishing process consumes several hours, after which chutes are opened and the milky fluid flows into a deep subterannean tank, where it awaits introduction to the paper machine, and there we will let it rest, while we briefly refer to the

STRAW PROCESS.

It is not, perhaps, very generally known that straw enters in the ratio of half to half with rags in nearly all the paper for news purposes made, and materially improves it, making it stiff and heavy and tough. As used at the Clinton Mill it forms no unimportant auxiliary; and while it improves the character of the paper it greatly lessons the cost of production and of course cost to consumers. When the harvest closes agents are dispatched in all directions to purchase from farmers all their wheat and rye straw—oat straw not being acceptable—which is bought at comparatively cheap prices, and shipped by river, rail and wagon to the Steubenville yards of the company, which are capable of storing under cover and in open air thousands of tons, or nearly enough for a full year's supply. The straw, from its nature, does not admit of much assorting or preparatory cleaning for the preliminary boiling process. It is put through a cutter, operated by steam, and chopped into fragments one or two inches long. After this it is shoved through a manhole into an immense rotating horizontally set boiler, similar to the rag washing one we have already described. Not more than a ton is put in at a time and with it is inducted into the boiler a great volume of the strongest alkaline lye possible. The fires are set agoing under the boiler, it is started on its revolutions, and after a somewhat tedious cooking it is ready for discharge into the receiving tank, where it is received as half stuff. The lye drains off into the river and is lost. The inventor who will name a plan for saving this refuse chemical will make his fortune. The straw pulp is treated afterwards just as rag pulp, and when thoroughly washed, beaten and bleached is forced in a liquid mass into the tank where we left the finished rag pulp, and both are kept thoroughly mixed together by means of an agitator, moving constantly back and forward in the tank. Now we are ready for

MAKING PAPER.

We propose describing the process of making ordinary news and book paper. The main room of the Clinton Mill is supplied with two great and beautiful paper machines whose aggregate cost closely approximated fifty thousand dollars. Each is about eighty feet long, erected parallel with the other and leaving between them and on either side a broad aisleway. These are known as the Fourdrinier machines of which we partly borrow description. We have the rag and straw pulp in the vat mixed for the final process of paper making. When wanted for use it is pumped by steam into a box elevated above the machine from whence it flows down into a trough on its edge, or more properly speaking, at its beginning. This trough is supplied with a strainer, a box made of plates of brass, those forming the bottom being perforated by fine slits, and by other arrangements for permitting the water to escape and to detect and hold foreign substances. From this strainer the pulp flows into a vat as long as the width of the sheet to be produced—and we may here say the Clinton machines are capable of producing as wide if not wider paper than any others in the country—and upon the whole length of one side of this vat it passes out over an apron upon the wire, an endless belt of wire cloth having about four thousand holes to the square inch. It is supported by a series of rollers on which it is carried uniformly and steadily around. The upper surface on which the pulp is delivered, after being registered in supply to exactly suit the thickness of the paper desired, is perfectly level and some fifteen feet in length. A lateral jarring motion is communicated to the web, shaking together the fibres of the pulp. The sheet of pulp as it becomes freed from water, attains a consisteney which is increased after passing the first roll, near which, beneath, are suction boxes which draw away nearly all the water left in it. The couch rolls covered with felt are next reached, the under one carrying the wire and the upper directly over it pressing down upon the paper and wire. The web here leaves the wire, being taken on an endless blanket and passed between a pair of iron rollers. Over a succession of rolls the paper is passed, leaving each one more consistent and firm, till it reaches the drying cylinders. These are hollow cast iron and heated by steam, introduced by pipes to their interior. The heat increases with each one and at the end it is as dry as a law abiding toper would be at midnight on Sunday in the goodly city of Pittsburgh. After it leaves the last cylinder the sheet or web is passed through a series of small polished steel rolls and finished, and passing to a reel is made ready for the knives to which it next passes and is cut in the desired sizes. The "sizing" of printing paper is done in the pulp.

The paper is now trimmed in the edges and laid upon a board to be counted into quires, a work rapidly and accurately performed by ladies. The quires are then bundled, tied, weighed, stamped and shipped to all points by river and rail. A web of paper seventy-two inches wide might be rolled out long enough in one continuous unbroken sheet to cover the track of the Pacific Railway from Omaha to San Francisco! The machinery, it may be observed, must be regulated with extreme nicety, and the motive power must be communicated with marvellous evenness and delicacy, in order to keep the paper as it is forming from being broken by starts and stretches.

A FEW STATISTICS.

The Clinton Mill manufactures about two millions of pounds of superior and ordinary book and newspaper per year, in producing which it consumes one hundred thousand tons of rags, one hundred thousand tons of straw, four hundred tons of chloride of lime, four hundred and fifty tons of soda ash, and one hundred and fifty thousand bushels of coal for generating steam. Five engines of great power drive the machinery, two batteries and six large boilers are in constant use, independent of the washing boilers described. The mill, in order to keep up with orders which pour in from all sections for its superior manufactures, is run on double turn, two full sets of hands being kept in employment for work by day and night. Messrs. D. W. Hanna, H. J. Spence, and Thomas Hanna are the active managers of the mill, the first named gentleman being Superintendent, while Mr. Dunbar presides over the accounting department.

Altogether paper-making is an interesting and beautiful process, and it would repay a day's visit to Steubenville to witness the operation of the Clinton Mill, which may rightly be regarded as the model one of the west, if not of the entire country.

A LOYAL English parish clerk, not yet disestablished, read the responses in a psalter on the anniversary of Victoria's accession, from an old prayer book, and remembering that changes had been made in the sex of the sovereign since it was printed, and being thoroughly penetrated with the spirit of the institution to which he belonged, he read the last verse but one as follows: "And blessed be the name of Her Majesty forever, and all the earth shall be filled with Her Majesty. Amen and Amen."

A MAN has appeared in a country district of Poland, who pretends to be the Saviour, come to save the world again. He carries out the imitation, even to the twelve apostles. He has gained considerable popularity, and has meddled with politics to such an extent as to incur the hostility of the authorities.

A BOY in Ravenswood aged five years climbed a mulberry tree to shake off mulberries. Before going he tied his brother, aged three years, to a fence, to keep him from picking up the berries. Sharp boy that.

INSURANCE.

THE MOST SUCCESSFUL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF THE WORLD.

THE NATIONAL

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

OF THE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.

Chartered by Special Act of Congress.

Cash Capital - - - $1,000,000.

Branch Office, PHILADELPHIA.

OFFICERS.

CLARENCE H. CLARK, Philadelphia, President.
JAY COOKE, Philadelphia, Chairman Finance and Executive Committee.
HENRY D. COOKE, Washington, Vice President.
EMERSON W. PEET, Philadelphia, Secretary and Actuary
FRANCIS G. SMITH, M. D., Philadelphia, Medical Director.

This Company issued, in the first TEN MONTHS of its existence,

5,395 POLICIES,

INSURING

$15,142,800.

This Company offers to its Policy-Holders

PERFECT SECURITY

By its Cash paid up Capital of One Million Dollars, and guarantees to the insured, by its

LOW RATES OF PREMIUM,

LARGE DIVIDENDS IN ADVANCE.

Or a Reversionary Dividend of 100 per cent. by its

RETURN PREMIUM PLAN.

GENERAL AGENTS.

E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers. No. 35 South Third Street, Philadelphia, General Agents for Pennsylvania and Southern New Jersey. B. S. RUSSELL, Manager.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,

Agents for Allegheny, Beaver, Butler, Mercer and Washington counties.

☞ LOCAL AGENTS ARE WANTED in every City and Town; and applications from competent parties for such agencies with suitable endorsement, should be addressed To THE COMPANY'S GENERAL AGENTS ONLY, in their respective districts. jy2:MW&F

NOTICES.

☞ NOTICE.

CITY TAXES, 1869.

In accordance with Section 6th, Page 298 of City Digest.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

TO THE

CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH,

That the assessments for 1869 of City, City Building, Special, Poor, Business, City School and Ward School Taxes and City Water Rents have been returned to me for collection.

The above taxes are subject to a DEDUCTION OF FIVE PER CENTUM if paid on or before the

First Day of August,

and TWO PER CENTUM if paid between the

FIRST DAY OF AUGUST

AND THE

FIFTEENTH DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

☞ No deduction will be allowed on taxes paid between September fifteenth and October first.

☞ An addition of five per centum will be made to all taxes unpaid October first, and an additional five per centum will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid on November first.

A. J. COCHRAN,
CITY TREASURER, 4th AVENUE.
PITTSBURGH, July 2, 1869. 65:h65

ICE.

ICE FOR SALE.

BY THE TON OR OTHERWISE,

IN ARBUCKLE ALLEY,

Between Lacock street and the Railroad.

jy27:m82 JOSEPH JOHNSTON.

ICE! ICE! ICE!

WM. KREBS,

ICE DEALER,

No. 55 Diamond Alley,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

☞ Orders addressed to W. KREBS, Eighth ward, Allegheny, will receive prompt attention. Wagons running in Pittsburgh and Allegheny. my15:110

ICE CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Having been appointed sole agent for this city for the sale of

Chautauqua County (New York)

LAKE ICE,

I am now prepared to furnish it daily in car loads at depot to dealers at low rates.

Parties desiring to purchase or make arrangements to get it will please leave their orders two days before requiring.

JOHN WHITE, Jr.,

jy21:m44 336 PENN STREET.

PROPOSALS.

NOTICE

TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS addressed to the undersigned will be received until AUGUST 6th, 1869, for the

Graduation, Masonry and Ballasting,

OF THE BUTLER BRANCH

Of the Western Penn R. R.,

Extending from Freeport, Armstrong county, to Butler, Butler county, Pa., a distance of TWENTY-ONE MILES. Profiles and specifications can be seen at the Engineer's office, Freeport, Armstrong county, Pa., on and after July 26th.

G. B ROBERTS,

jy22:m41 CHIEF ENGINEER.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SEAWEED TONIC AND MANDRAKE PILLS will cure Consumption, Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, if taken according to directions. They are all three to be taken at the same time. They cleanse the stomach, relax the liver and put it to work; then the appetite becomes good; the food digests and makes good blood; the patient begins to grow in flesh; the diseased matter ripens into the lungs, and the patient outgrows the disease and gets well. This is the only way to cure consumption.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary Consumption. The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, nature throws it off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, and the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To do this, the Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver, so that the Pulmonic Syrup and the food will make good blood.

Schenck's Mandrake Pills act upon the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the ducts of the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved; the stools will show what the Pills can do; nothing has ever been invented except calomel (a deadly poison which is very dangerous to use unless with great care,) that will unlock the gall bladder and start the secretions of the liver like Schenck's Mandrake Pills.

Liver Complaint is one of the most prominent causes of Consumption.

Schenck's Seaweed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, and the alkali in the Seaweed, which this preparation is made of, assists the stomach to throw out the gastric juice to dissolve the food with the Pulmonic Syrup, and it is made into a good blood without fermentation or souring in the stomach.

The great reason why physicians do not cure Consumption is, they try to do too much; they give medicine to stop the cough, to stop chills, to stop night sweats, hectic fever, and by so doing they derange the whole digestive powers, locking up the secretions, and eventually the patient sinks and dies.

Dr. Schenck, in his treatment, does not try to stop a cough, night sweats, chills or fever. Remove the cause, and they will all stop of their own accord. No one can be cured of Consumption, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Catarrh, Canker, Ulcerated Throat, unless the liver and stomach are made healthy.

If a person has consumption, of course the lungs in some way are diseased, either tubercles, abcesses, bronchial irritation, pleura adhesion, or the lungs are a mass of inflammation and fast decaying. In such cases what must be done? It is not only the lungs that are wasting, but it is the whole body. The stomach and liver have lost their power to make blood out of food. Now the only chance is to take Dr. Schenck's three medicines, which will bring up a tone to the stomach, the patient will begin to want food, it will digest it easily and make good blood; then the patient begins to gain in flesh, and as soon as the body begins to grow, the lungs commence to heal up, and the patient gets fleshy and well. This is the only way to cure Consumption.

When there is no lung disease and only Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills are sufficient, without the Pulmonic Syrup. Take the Mandrake Pills freely in all bilious complaints, as they are perfectly harmless.

Dr. Schenck, who has enjoyed uninterrupted health for many years past, and now weighs 245 pounds, was wasted away to a mere skeleton, in the very last stage of Pulmonary Consumption, his physicians having pronounced his case hopeless and abandoned him to his fate. He was cured by the aforesaid medicines, and since his recovery many thousands similarly afflicted have used Dr. Schenck's preparation with the same remarkable success. Full directions accompany each. Nothing is not absolutely necessary to personally see Dr. Schenck, unless patients wish their lungs examined, and for this purpose he is professionally at his Principal Office, Philadelphia, every Saturday, where all letters for advice must be addressed. He is also professionally at No. 32 Bond street, New York, every other Tuesday, and at No. 35 Hanover street, Boston, every other Wednesday. He gives advice free, but for a thorough examination with his Respirometer the price is $5. Office hours at each city from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic each $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists. my19:151-d&F

☞ DOCTOR WHITTIER CONTINUES TO TREAT ALL PRIVATE DISEASES. That numerous class of cases resulting from self-abuse, producing unmanliness, nervous debility, irritability, eruptions, seminal emissions, and finally impotency, permanently cured. Persons afflicted with delicate, intricate and long standing constitutional complaints are politely invited to call for consultation, which costs nothing. Experience, the best of teachers, has enabled him to perfect remedies at once effectual, safe, permanent, and which in most cases can be used without hindrance to business. Medicines prepared in the establishment, which embraces office, reception and waiting rooms; also, boarding and sleeping apartments for patients requiring daily personal attention, and vapor and chemical baths, thus concentrating the famed mineral springs. No matter who have failed, state your case. Read what he says in his pamphlet of fifty pages, sent to any address for two stamps in sealed envelope. Thousands of cases treated annually, at office and all over the country. Consultation free, personally or by mail. Office No. 9 Wylie street, (near Court House) Pittsburgh, Pa. Hours 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays 12 M. to 2 P. M. Pamphlet sent to any address for *two stamps*. ap2

☞ ELECTRICITY AS A CURATIVE.—Dr. A. H. STEVENS has been using Electricity as a SPECIAL REMEDY in curing chronic as well as acute conditions WITHOUT MEDICINE for more than TEN YEARS, with unbounded success. A PAMPHLET, including all particulars, with certificates and reliable references, will be sent to any inquirer.

A few furnished rooms vacant, for boarding patients in the Doctor's family, if applied for soon. Office and residence, 2,001 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA. my13:j22

☞ BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world: the only true and perfect Dye; harmless, reliable, instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints; remedies the ill effects of bad dyes; invigorates and leaves the Hair soft and beautiful. *black or brown.* Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers; and properly applied at Batchelor's Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond street, New York. my22:j82

☞ EPILEPSY CAN BE CURED—Those having friends afflicted are earnestly solicited to send for a Circular Letter of References and Testimonials, which will convince the most skeptical of the *curability of the disease.* Address VAN BUREN LOCKROW, M. D., 36 Great Jones street, New York. mh19:g28-d&F

☞ THE MARRIAGE RING.—Essays on the ERRORS OF YOUTH, and the FOLLIES OF AGE, in regard to SOCIAL EVILS, with certain help for the erring and unfortunate. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. my21:j83-d&F

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SCHMIDT & FRIDAY,

IMPORTERS OF

WINES, BRANDIES, GIN, &C.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

PURE RYE WHISKIES,

409 PENN STREET.

Have Removed to

NOS. 384 AND 386 PENN,

Cor. Eleventh St., (formerly Canal.)

J. L. DILLINGER..... A. E. STEVENSON.

DILLINGER & STEVENSON,

DISTILLERS AND DEALERS IN

Pure Rye Whiskies.

IMPORTERS OF

BRANDIES, WINES, GINS, &C.,

No. 87 Second Avenue,

ap20 PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOSEPH S. FINCH & CO.,

Nos. 185, 187, 189, 191, 193 and 195,

FIRST STREET, PITTSBURGH,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Copper Distilled Pure Rye Whiskey.

Also, dealers in FOREIGN WINES and LIQUORS, HOPS, &c. mh28.n52

FISH! FISH!—Potomoc Shad in half barrels; Potomac Herring in barrels; Mackerel No. 1, 2 and 3 in various sized packages; White Fish; Lake Herring. For sale low to the trade by WATT, LANG & CO., 172 and 174 Wood street.

AMUSEMENTS.

☞ FIFTH AVENUE HALL.—No. 65 Fifth avenue, opposite the Opera House, Pittsburgh, Pa., is the coolest and most desirable place of resorte. Liquors can be had at this place Pure and Good. The Billiard Rooms are on the ground floor in the rear.

SUMMER RESORTS.

CRESSON SPRINGS.

Is Favorite Summer Resort,

Situated on the Summit of the ALLEGHENY MOUNTAINS, 2,200 FEET ABOVE THE LEVEL OF THE SEA, will be open for the reception of guests on the 15th day of JUNE. The buildings connected with the establishment have been entirely renovated and newly furnished. Excursion Tickets sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad, at Philadelphia, Harrisburg and Pittsburgh, good for the season. All trains stop at Cresson. TWO FURNISHED COTTAGES FOR RENT. For further information, address

GEO. W. MULLIN, Proprietor,

Cresson Springs, Cambria county, Pa.

jy6:65

STOCKTON HOTEL,

CAPE MAY, N. J.,

Will open on the 29th of JUNE, 1869. This hotel has been erected within the past year, affords ample accommodation for nearly one thousand guests and is furnished equal to any of the leading hotels in the United States.

For terms, &c., until then, address,

PETER GARDNER, Proprietor.
No. 307 Walnut street Philadelphia.

je2:k15-WF&S

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

CAPE MAY CITY, N. J.,

Will be opened for the season SATURDAY, May 29th. In all first class appointments, equal to any and yet affording to families all the comforts of a home. President Grant expects to visit Cape May this season and will stop at the "United States." Address,

my21:194 AARON MILLER, Proprietor.

LEGAL.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT for the county of Allegheny, No. 79, June Term, 1869.

In the matter of the account of D. W. ELDER, Esq., Trustee to sell real estate of MARY SAMPSON, dec'd.

And now, to wit, June 19, 1869, on motion of John Barton, Attorney for Geo. Burnes and wife and other distributees, the Court appoint JAS. S. STRICKLER Auditor to make distribution of the fund in the hands of trustees

BY THE COURT.

The Auditor appointed in the above case will meet the parties interested in the above fund at his office, No. 145 Fifth avenue, on SATURDAY 24th day of July, A. D. 1869, at 10 o'clock A. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of his appointment.

J. S. STRICKLER, Auditor.

June 22, 1869. je25:k95-w

IN THE MATTER of the application of the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company" for a Charter of Incorporation. No. 141, Sept. T., 1868.

Notice is hereby given that the "Consolidated Mutual Insurance Company of Pittsburgh" have made application to the Court of Common Pleas for a

CHARTER OF INCORPORATION,

And that the same will be granted at the next term of Court, unless sufficient reason should be shown to the contrary.

JACOB H. WALTER,
Prothonotary.

je30:123 w

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS, of Allegheny County, No. 427 of September Term, 1869. In the matter of the Incorporation of "THE ARTISANS BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF ALLEGHENY CITY, PA."

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of July, 1869, application was made to said Court to grant a Charter of Incorporation to said Association; and that if no sufficient reason be shown to the contrary, the same will be granted at the next term of said Court.

D. W. & A. S. BELL,
Attorneys for Petitioners.

JULY 19, 1869, jy20:m58

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, letters testamentary on the estate of MARY ANN YOUNG, deceased, late of Indiana township, Allegheny county, Pa., having been granted to the undersigned by the Register of said county, all persons having claims against said estate are requested to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and those indebted to said estate will make payment immediately to

BENJAMIN KELLY,
Executor.

je2:k10 w

NOTICE.—Whereas letters testamentary to the estate of Samuel Wallace, late of the borough of Birmingham, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to

ROBERT WALLACE, Executor,
No. 69 Water street.

Pittsburgh, April 28th, 1869. m5:187-w

PITTSBURGH, June 29, 1869.

NOTICE.—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN GEORGE WOODS, deceased, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to call and settle the same, and those having claims against the estate will present them, duly authenticated, to me at No. 11 Seventh (late Irwin) street.

jy17:69-w ISAAC M. KENNOCK, Adm'r.

ASSESSMENTS.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for GRADING and PAVING of HAMLIN STREET from Bidwell street to Chartiers street; also the assessment for Grading and Paving of Franklin street, from Sedgwick street to Beaver avenue, are now ready for examination and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until August 3d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
City Engineer.

jy27:m63

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA., July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessments for Grading and Paving of LINDSEY'S ALLEY, from Ledlie street to Jackson street. Also the assessment for the Grading and Paving of BLAIR ALLEY, from Lindsey's alley to Ramage alley, are now ready for examination, and can be seen at the office of the City Engineer until AUGUST 2d, 1869, when they will be placed in the hands of the City Treasurer for collection.

CHARLES DAVIS,
CITY ENGINEER.

jy24:m55

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 26, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for Grading and Paving ALMOND ALLEY, from Butler street to the Allegheny Valley R. R., is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until THURSDAY, August 5th, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

H. J. MOORE,
City Engineer.

jy26:m61

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, PITTSBURGH, July 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—The assessment for Grading, Paving and Curbing MILTENBERGER STREET, from St. Patrick's Alley to Bluff street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurers' office for collection.

jy23 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh, July 23d, 1869.

NOTICE.—The Assessment for the partial Grading of Bluff street, from Cooper to Pride street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, August 3d, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's office for collection.

jy23:m50 H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

STONE.

WEST COMMON

Machine Stone Works,

Northwest corner of West Common Allegheny.

FRED'K ATWATER & CO.

Have on hand or prepare on short notice Hearth and Step Stones, Flags for Sidewalks, Brewers' Vaults, &c. Head and Tomb Stones, &c. Orders promptly executed. Prices reasonable

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE GAZETTE *is furnished in the city the six days of the week for* 15 *cents per week; by mail,* $8 *per annum:* 3 *mos.,* $2.

Completed.—The Iron gutter in front of the Relief engine house on Fifth Avenue was completed yesterday.

Partnership Wanted.—We commend to the attention of our business friends the advertisement headed "Partnership Wanted." 2t

Disorderly Conduct.—Mathew Munn, was arrested last evening on a charge of disorderly conduct, preferred by officer Kelty. He will have a hearing this morning.

Personal.—Mr. C. D. Relyea, of the Union Pacific Railway, was in our city yesterday in connection with business of that great corporation. He left for Chicago on the night train.

Selling Liquor to Minors.—Thomas Whitaker made information before Alderman McMasters against Jos. Lofink for selling liquor to minors. Lofink keeps a saloon on Fulton street. Warrant issued.

Sale of Pews.—The sale of pews in the new edifice of the First Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, was commenced Monday evening. Twenty-one thousand dollars were realized from the sale during the evening, a number of pews remaining unsold.

Threatened Her Life.—Mary C. Jones alleges that James Bettle yesterday morning threatened to take her life. She escaped from him and called at Alderman Taylor's office, when, at her instance, a warrant for the arrest of Bettle was issued.

Stiff Hitching.—Annie Hitchings made information before the Mayor yesterday charging Mary J. Stiff with assault and battery. She alleges that Mary hitched on to her hair and took a stiff pull at it. Mary was arrested and held for a hearing.

The Rev. George P. Hays, of Wooster, Ohio, will preach this evening at 7:30 o'clock, in the Central Presbyterian Church, corner Lacock and Anderson street, Allegheny City. A cordial invitation is extended to all who can make it convenient to attend.

Stock Sale.—The following stocks were sold last evening, on second floor of Commercial Sales Rooms, 106 Smithfield St., by A. McIlwaine, auctioneer:

Allegheny National Bank,	$66.50
Second National Bank,	98.00
German Insurance Co.,	34.50

Returned Home.—Our friend John S. Lambie, Esq., has returned home from his summer trip to Long Branch, Niagra Falls and Cape May, stopping at each of these fashionable watering places some days. We welcome him home and are glad to see him look so hale and hearty.

Arrested at Last.—Leonard Hartman, who was implicated with Archie Montague in a robbery at the house of George J. Brecht, on Water street, some two weeks since, was arrested yesterday in Allegheny City by officers Dressler and Cupples. He was locked up for a hearing this morning.

Robbery.—The hardware store of J. Kennedy & Co., No. 38 Fifth avenue, was entered at an early hour yesterday morning, and about $50 worth of goods taken away. The glass in the show window was broken, through which an entrance was effected. This is the fifth time the store has been robbed. There is no clue.

Discharged Him.—Timothy Scanlon yesterday discharged one of his hands, Francis Mellon, in a rather irregular manner, by pushing him away from the cart which he at the time was driving. For this insult, Francis made information before Alderman Strain against Scanlon for assault and battery, upon which a warrant was issued.

Informations Made. — Informations were made yesterday, before Alderman Koenig, against Wm. Evans and John McCafferty, of the Sixteenth ward, for selling liquor on Sunday. The prosecutor is engaged in the business of an informer, and at his request the magistrate withheld his name from publication. The accused gave bail for a hearing.

Cross Suits.—John Owens and William Mellott had a disagreement yesterday. John, it seems, threw stones at William one of which struck him on the shoulder. William then revenged himself by throwing John down with great violence, and to the serious inconvenience of his body. Cross suits were entered by both parties for assault and battery before Alderman Taylor. The cases were held over.

A Ferocious Animal.—Annie McCune, a little girl, about ten years of age, was attacked yesterday morning on Carroll street, Allegheny, by a large dog, which threw her down and bit her very severely on the arm. The father of the child subsequently made information before Alderman Strain against the owner of the dog, Samuel Shields, for keeping a ferocious animal. Warrant issued.

Supplying the Vacancy.—Rev. R. B. Ewing, of Monmouth, Illinois, for the last two or three Sundays, has supplied the pulpit of the Fourth U. P. Church, Allegheny, made vacant by the resignation of the former pastor of the congregation, Rev. C. A. Dickey, who accepted a call to St. Louis. Mr. Ewing has met with much favor among the people, and it is probable will be chosen the regular pastor.

Open Air Meeting.—An open air temperance meeting was held last evening in front of the Allegheny Postoffice, which was largely attended. Mr. James Miller presided, with the usual number of Vice Presidents. An able and forcible address was delivered by Rev. D. Hartman, of Altoona, one of the temperance lecturers appointed by the Central League of the State, which occupied the time of the meeting.

Expensive.—John Roberts, in an attempt to swindle a little boy out of ten cents, the price of blacking his boots, beat himself out of five dollars and forty cents. He employed the boy to black his boots, and after the job was completed gave him five cents, which he afterwards took from him and refused to pay him anything, when he was arrested and taken before the Mayor, who charged him two dollars and costs, amounting in all to five dollars and forty cents.

Slight Fire.—Last evening, about half-past eight o'clock, considerable excitement was created on Fifth avenue in the vicinity of the *Dispatch* office, by the discovery of a fire in one of the rooms of A. A. Anderson & Son's, job printers, in the rear of that building. The fire originated among a pile of paper, but fortunately was discovered in time and extinguished before the arrival of the engines by a hose kept for such an emergency about the building. The damage was slight.

OHIO PRESBYTERY.

Trial of Rev. S. P. Linn—Charges and Specifications—The Testimony.

FIRST DAY—MORNING SESSION.

The Ohio Presbytery of the Old School Presbyterian Church met in the Lecture room of the First Presbyterian church, on Wood street this city Tuesday morning, pursuant to adjournment, for the purpose of trying the case of Rev. S. P. Linn, a member of the Presbytery, against whom charges and specifications of immoral and unministerial conduct on *fama clamosa* had been preferred by that body.

Presbytery convened at half past nine o'clock, A. M., and was called to order by the Moderator, Rev. Mr. Gilles, who opened the exercises with prayer.

The Clerk then called the roll of members, after which a number of gentlemen were invited to act as corresponding members, among whom were Drs. Allison, Douglas, and Bittinger.

The minutes of the preceeding meeting were read and approved.

Rev. Dr. McKinney reported the organization of a congregation at Hazlewood and moved that it be recognized by the Presbytery. Adopted.

Rev. A. C. McClelland, pastor of the 4th Presbyterian Church, asked that his pastoral relations with the congregation be dissolved, stating as his reason for making the request that he had been appointed to succeed Dr. Logan in the Freedmen's Bureau, which position he had accepted.

On motion, the relations were dissolved, and Mr. McClelland appointed to declare the pulpit vacant.

A Committee of two was appointed to supply the congregation.

After the transaction of some further business, it was resolved to take up the judicial business.

The Moderator announced that his first duty was to inquire whether the charges and specifications and other papers had been served upon the accused. The question having been answered in the affirmative by Rev. Kerr, the Chairman of the Committee appointed to prosecute the case, that gentleman stated that owing to sickness in his family it would be impossible for him to give the case the time and attention it merited, and moved that Rev. Dr. McKinney be appointed to take his place on the Committee. The motion was adopted.

Mr. Linn moved that Rev. Dr. Bittinger be permitted to act as his counsel and conduct his case.

The Moderater declined to entertain the motion, on the ground that Dr. Bittniger was not a member of the Presbytery and the Constitution prohibites any others than members from acting as counsel.

Mr. Linn appealed from the Moderator's decision.

The question was put "shall the chair be sustained," and was, decided in the affirmative by a vote of fourteen to twelve.

Rev. Mr. Eels then moved that Rev. Dr. Bittinger be permitted to act as counsel for Mr. Linn.

Considerable discussion ensued on the motion, after which it was decided in the negative.

Mr. Linn then stated to the Presbytery that he had been taken so completely by surprise in the refusal of the Presbytery to permit Dr. Bittinger to act as his counsel, that he had been left without counsel, and unless he had counsel, he would have to conduct the case himself, which would compell him to speak in his own behalf, a proceeding which he feared would prejudice his case. He was therefore compelled to ask the Presbytery to appoint some one to conduct his case,

A number of persons were suggested, but all declined.

Mr. Linn was then called upon to nominate some one to conduct the defence for him, whereupon he suggested Rev. Mr. McKaig.

After some hesitation Mr. McKaig accepted the position and the case proceeded.

The charges and specifications were read.

CHARGE 1—Unministerial conduct by which his usefulness was destroyed.

CHARGE 2—Indiscreet and immoral conduct by which the light of his influence was obscured.

Specifications under the first charge.

SPEC. 1—That he failed to properly or rightly discharge the duties of the pastoral office.

Item 1—He failed to observe the secrecy of certain meetings to which he had pledged himself.

Item 2—That he refused to carry out the action of the Presbytery.

Item 3—That he preached one of Dr. Campbell's sermons as his own.

Item 4.—That he would leave the prayer meetings and hasten to the side of young ladies.

Item 5.—That he conducted his ministerial studies as to give rise to scandal.

Item 6.—That his conduct in social life was such that he was forbidden to enter the houses of certain members of his congregation.

Item 7.—That he offended the congregation of Raccoon Church by compelling a lady to withdraw with her child.

Item 8.—That he resorted to improper places and made improper companionship as a minister of the Gospel.

Specification under second charge.

SECOND—Improper representations.

Item 1.—That he represented to his Presbytery that he was remaining for a fourth year at the Western Seminary,

Item 2.—That he obtained subscriptions for his book by representing that Dr. Jacobus had recommended it.

SPEC. 2.—Improper conduct with females.

Item 1.—That he forcibly kissed Miss ——, tearing her dress in doing so.

Item 2 and 3.—That he insulted two other ladies, one a resident of Allegheny city.

Item 4.—That he waylaid a servant girl on her way to church and insulted her.

SPEC. 3.—Lewd conversation.

Item 1.—That he insulted a lady last autumn on St. Clair street bridge, and was beaten by a person passing by for it.

Item 2.—That he returned home late at night with his face bruised and gave incoherent accounts of how he received it.

The Moderator—It now devolves upon the Moderator to ask Mr. Linn whether he pleads guilty or not guilty to these charges and specifications?

Mr. Linn—Mr. Moderator and Brethren of the Presbytery, "I plead not guilty."

Moderator—Let the plea be entered and the case proceed.

Dr. McKinney, who conducted the case for the prosecution, desired to know if the plea of Mr. Linn was to all the charges and specifications, that is, if he denied the facts set forth?

Mr. Linn stated that in putting in the general plea of not guilty, he desired to be unnderstood as being willing to be put upon this trial.

Dr. McKinney only desired to know how Mr. Linn understood the matter.

Mr. Linn proposed to read a paper, prepared by himself, explanatory of the charge, and, as he said, a protest against being tried on the charges and specifications.

The Moderator ruled the paper out of order, and refused to admit it at that time.

Mr. Linn insisted upon reading the paper to the Presbytery, and endeavored to have it read as a continuation of the plea.

The Moderator positively refused to hear the paper read.

After some further discussion, which was decided "not in order," the Moderator said no further discussion or motion would be entertained unless it pertained specially to the trial.

Dr. McKinney, for the prosecution, proceeded to call witnesses.

Rev. E. R. Donehue, sworn—I met Mr. Linn on the street and he asked me to subscribe for a book he was about to publish. I asked him the nature of the book. He said he had not time to explain it, but that Dr. Jacobus had examined the manuscript and pronounced it worthy of publication, and I subscribed for it on that statement.

Do you know anything of a difficulty between Mr. Linn and Mr. Patterson's family?

Directly, I don't know anything about Mr. Linn's difficulty with Mr. Patterson's family, of Allegheny.

The question was objected to.

Do you know anything as to Mr. Linn's general reputation in regard to his intercourse with his ladies?

Answer—I know nothing definitely.

What was the treatment of Mr. Linn to Miss Patterson?

She told me Mr. Linn had taken improper liberties with her, that she informed her father, who requested Mr. Linn to leave the house.

Cross-examined — I understood Mr. Linn to say that he had the approval of Dr. Wilson and Dr. Jacobus; they had examined the manuscript, and had subscribed for the book; know nothing directly of Mr. Linn's conduct with Miss Patterson; I do know something indirectly about the matter.

On motion of Dr. Scovel it was resolved to hold the sessions of Presbytery from half-past nine A. M. to half-past twelve P. M., and from two to five P. M.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The court reassembled at two o'clock and was called to order by the Moderator. Prayer by the Rev. Mr. Beacom.

Rev. Mr. Eels offered the following preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, Presbytery did in the first resolution in respect to Rev. S. P. Linn, declare its knowledge of rumors in regard to his character, and did also afterward declare those rumors equal to that common fame in the book of discipline, therefore,

Resolved, That the duty of the prosecuting Committee is to establish the facts charged, upon which said rumors rest, and it is also their duty to establish such charges by witnesses cognizant of the facts.

The resolution was not seconded until the reading of the minutes had been called for, and the Moderator decided it too late, and, consequently, no action was taken in the matter.

The minutes of the morning session were then read and approved.

Mr. A. M. Marshall asked the Presbytery to appoint a committee to take the testimony of witnesses who could not be brought before the Presbytery.

Mr. Scovil moved that the proceedings be arrested, and a commission appointed to take the testimony.

The motion prevailed, and Revs. Beacum and Wotring appointed on the committee.

The Commission, accompanied by the representatives of the prosecution and the defendant, retired to take the testimony of Miss Smith, who declined to come before the Session.

During their absence, the Clerk asked for instruction relative to permitting reporters the use of original papers from which to make their reports. He thought it better to allow them the use of the original papers, as the correct report could then be given, which would be difficult to obtain without them.

Rev. Mr. McIlwain thought the court should be conducted on the "star chamber" principle. He was opposed to publishing any of the proceedings, as the matter would evidently be carried before a higher Court, which body might be influenced by newspaper reports.

The Presbytery was evidently opposed to having the charges published, as no motion was made in the matter.

At three o'clock the commission appointed to take the testimony of Lewella Smith stated their readiness to report, when the following was read:

Miss Ella Smith being sworn, testifies as follows:

I met Mr. Linn at a meeting of public school teachers, in Allegheny, last winter. He spoke to me and remarked "You have developed since I saw you." I asked him what he meant, and he said I had grown. He asked me to go to the supper table with him. I declined, stating that I had company. He then asked if he could accompany me home. I told him no, that I was provided with company. He then wanted me to go down stairs with him and I refused. I wanted to go up stairs where pa and ma were, but he refused to let me go. I ran away from him and went up stairs. I did not know what he meant when he first addressed me, but I took it as an insult. I do not know what he wanted me to go down stairs for. He said he wanted to see me.

Cross Examined—I knew Mr. Linn before I met him that night. Had not seen him for some time; was small when I first became acquainted with him. When I left him I was not angry; I said "good night" and he did the same. I would have accompanied him to the supper table if he had not said what he did to me, but I thought it was an insult and went and told mother what he said.

Rev. John Smith, sworn—Some months ago I was in the office of Mr. Shiras, a lawyer, when Mr. Linn came in and stated that he was going to publish a book at the solicitation of Drs. Wilson and Jacobus; he did not ask me to subscribe for the book; I know nothing of Mr. Linn's general character or conduct with ladies.

What do you know of Mr. Linn's general reputation?

In that respect I consider this young man most unfortunate in that respect, so far as I have heard. I have never seen anything of Mr. Linn, and am not able to form an opinion of him. I have heard a great deal said about personal and ministerial indiscretions by Mr. Linn. I have heard these rumors from good Christian families.

The cross examination did not elicit anything new.

The testimony was then read to the witness, revised, corrected and approved.

Rev. Samuel J. Wilson, sworn—My recollection is that Mr. Linn said that Dr. Jacobus had examined the manuscript of that book. He did not say that he had recommended the book. Mr. Linn occupied a room in the Seminary building for over a year after he graduated. He did not attend lectures that I know of. I examined the manuscript of Mr. Linn's book, and recommended Mr. Linn to have it published. It has been enlarged since I saw it. I never saw the book as published. I suggested to Mr. Linn to have the book published. The name of Mr. Linn was not recorded in the institution as a fourth year student that I know of. He neither attended lectures, delivered lectures nor recited to any of the professors, to the best of my knowledge.

Cross-examined—It was in January last when Mr. Linn showed me the manuscript. I knew that the book was dedicated to me. After the article appeared on the Seminary I asked the publisher, Mr. Foster, if it was too late to have the dedication changed. Mr. Linn attended no lectures in my room. I cannot answer for other rooms. Mr. Linn was reading during that time and borrowed books from me. Mr. Linn was accustomed to advise and consult with me frequently.

The testimony was read to the witness, after which it was revised and corrected.

Rev. Dr. Jacobus, sworn—[Mr. Linn objected to the examination of the witness, on the ground that the name of witness did not appear on the presentment handed to him. After some discussion the Moderator refused to entertain the objection, whereupon Mr. Linn challenged Dr. Jacobus, on the ground that he was a partial witness, as he regarded him deeply interested in the result of the trial. The Moderator overruled this objection, also, and the examination proceeded.]

I never examined the manuscript of the book referred to, and never recommended the book. Mr. Linn occupied a room in the Seminary during the fourth year, and was engaged in reading at his pleasure.

Cross-examined—Mr. Linn never spoke to me about the book that I recollect of; I never saw the manuscript; I never subscribed for the book; the book was left at my door.

Testimony read, revised, corrected and approved.

Mr. Jerrold Hopkins, sworn—I am a deacon of the Westminster Church at Cleveland. I do not know of anything against Mr. Linn personally, but only know of him through common rumor. His general reputation was generally bad at Cleveland. He was said to be too intimate and took too many liberties with females. Mr. Linn was requested to resign his charge at Cleveland, for kissing Miss Bruff against her consent. Mr. Linn resigned his charge.

The cross-examination elicited nothing new.

The hour for adjournment having arrived the session was closed with prayer by the Moderator.

Pennsylvania Military Academy at Chester.

This Institution entered its new buildings upon the commencement of the last scholastic year. These had been erected and furnished at a cost of one hundred thousand dollars. Standing upon an elevated sight, commanding a view of the Delaware for many miles, this Institution is second to none in the country for its beauty and healthfulness of location. Twenty-five acres of land belong to the Academy. A portion of this is tastefully laid out and decorated with ornamental shade trees.

The extensive drill ground and skating park occupy several acres. The drill room, with gymnasium attached, afford superior advantages for in-door exercises. The Academic staff is composed of able and efficient officers, two of whom, graduates of the United States Military Academy, devote their time exclusively to the department of Mathematics, Mechanics, and Civil and Military Engineering, thus imparting instruction in the pure and applied Mathematics upon the system pursued at West Point.

Facilities of the highest order are thus afforded to cadets in the branches essential to the engineer.

The course in Chemistry is very complete, extending through three years, during which a thorough practical knowledge of blow pipe analysis, and of qualitative and quantitative analysis, is acquired.

To enforce a thorough study of Language a Professorship of English Language and Literature has been created and filled by a competent officer, while either the French, German or Latin must be studied in order for a cadet to take a degree.

The corps of cadets has been full during the past year, and every available room was occupied to the close of the session.

Among the names of the various classes we observe many from our own city, and the institution numbers among its patrons a very large number of our first citizens. At the close of the last session the following Cadets were reported to the Governor of this State, according to the requirements of the charter of the Academy, they having received the highest six average grades for the full year:

Name of Cadet.	Residence.	Av'ge Grade.
1. John R. Rutter,	New York city,	97.31
2. Harry G. Maxin,	" "	98.08
3. Jas. R. Bughman,	Pittsburgh, Pa.,	96.67
4. James H. Allock,	" "	96.54
5. Henry P. Whitney,	Belmont, N. Y.,	96.17
6. Wm. J. B. Hill,	Baltimore, Md.,	96.08

Col. Hyatt will be at the Monongahela House to-day, Thursday and Friday of this week, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 1 P. M., and invites patrons and others to call upon him on official business.

Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest.

Messrs. Fairman & Samson, the well known livery men and undertakers, have reduced the price of carriages to two dollars, and everything else in their line of business in proportion. They have control of an extensive stable and are fully prepared to meet all demands at the shortest notice, and with that efficiency and satisfaction which has heretofore gained for their firm its high reputation. They are determined to meet the people at their own price, as is evidenced in the extraordinary reduction in the rates, which seem marvelous. How they can do this, however, is no concern of the public, so long as the fact that it is done remains. They have offices corner of Seventh avenue and Smithfield street, and at 135 Sandusky street, Allegheny, at either of which orders will be received and attended to without delay.

The Continental.

There are several institutions in this city having the above name, but we desire to call the attention of our readers to one in particular, one that will long be remembered by those who have been so fortunate as to visit, when hungry, we refer to Holtzheimer's Continental Dining Rooms, Fifth avenue, next door to the Postoffice. Mr. Holtzheimer has a personal supervision over the establishment and sees that everything is kept in the most perfect order. The cullinary department is under the charge of an efficient and experienced chief cook, and a corps of gentlemanly attendants are always on hand to receive and execute the orders of customers on the shortest notice. Meals served at all hours, from six A. M. until half past eleven P. M. Everything the season and market affords can be obtained at the Continental, served in any style to suit the tastes of customers.

Preserving Fruit.—Again we desire to call the special attention of our readers to the superior fruit jars and jelly cans manufactured and for sale by S. M. Kier & Co., 363 Liberty street. There are three sizes of the fruit jars and five of the jelly cans, the principal size of the former holding one quart. These jars are covered with acid proof glazing, are durable, and more preferable than glass, because they exclude the light. They are sold lower than they can be bought in New York.

THE FIERY FURNACE.

The Best Ever Invented—Important to Owners of Public and Private Buildings, and Others.

We have frequently, during the past year, called attention to that which we consider of great importance to all in need of heating apparatus, and now, as it is the time when many of our citizens are about making arrangements for the heating of their houses for the winter season, we again propose to allude to the Fiery Furnace, manufactured by Messrs. Graff, Hugus & Co., of this city.

It has been but a short time since the introduction of the Fiery; it has already won a national reputation and is fast superceding all others. Among the public buildings in which it has been introduced in this section, are the St. Xaviers Academy, Westmoreland county, where ten furnaces are used; the North Avenue M. E. Church, Allegheny city, four furnaces; Fifth Ward School House, Pittsburgh, three; First Presbyterian Church, Pittsburgh, two; First German Lutheran Church; Mercer county Jail; Sisters of Mercy, Webster street, Pittsburgh; Disciples Congregational Church at New Castle; Pittsburgh Female College, and any number of banks, insurance and other offices, and public and private buildings.

The great advantages of the Fiery Furnace are told in a few words as follows: It is constructed upon the principle of slow combustion, which secures evenness of temperature and pure unburnt air, with cleanliness, economy and but little trouble in attending. It burns either anthracite or bituminous coal, or wood, and is so constructed as to hold several bushels of coal, the whole of which consumes slowly and evenly at the same time. It requires attention but once in twenty-four hours and emits no smoke, soot, dust or dirt, while it is perfectly safe, in every particular. Those in need of furnaces will consult their own interests by examining the Fiery. Messrs. Graff, Hugus & Co. are also the manufacturers of the

BOSTON IMPROVED ELEVATED DOUBLE OVEN COOKING RANGE.

The Boston Range is so well known here that there is little use in saying anything about it, but it is more especially to the *improvements*, which have lately been made, to which we purpose directing attention. It is constructed for bituminous coal exclusively, and the ovens being elevated over the fire are heated by one direct flue in the centre from the bottom. It is warranted to heat in eight minutes, to bake after the fire is started, and requires not half so much fuel as other ranges. The castings are extra heavy and smooth, and its cost not above that of ordinary ranges. Various sizes of the Boston adapts them for large or small families.

FINE ENAMELED GRATE FRONTS, STOVES, ETC.

The firm is also extensively engaged in the manufacture of fine Enameled Grate Fronts for marble and slate mantels, of the latest and most desirable patterns, suited to all kinds of rooms and to all tastes, and likewise cooking and heating stoves, the famous "Columbia" being the most popular among the former. We cordially commend the house of Graff, Hugus & Co, to those in need of anything in their line, and those at a distance wishing further information in regard to their wares can accomplish it by sending for a circular, which is furnished free of cost. The works of the firm, among the most extensive in the country, are situated in Allegheny City, while the spacious buildings, Nos. 206 and 208 Liberty street, are used as their office and warerooms.

An Indefinite Contract.

Joseph Stebler and Joseph Kocker, of Lawrenceville, are stone masons, and a few days ago entered into a contract which seems to have been of a rather indefinite character, at least it was sufficient to create a dispute between them, in the course of which, according to Stebler's statements, Kocker threatened to blow his brains out. To prevent a needless waste of such valuable material, Stebler sought the official protection of Alderman Koenig, who arrested Kocker and compelled him to give bail for a hearing on an information for surety of the peace.

81 Market street is the place to purchase lace goods, trimmings, hosiery and gloves at greatly reduced prices. Quick sales and small profits is the motto at this establishment.

Choice Fruit Syrups.—
Blackberry,
Strawberry,
Raspberry,
Sarsaparilla,
Lemon,
Orange,
Pine Apple
and Raspberry Vinegar,
at the lowest rates. 112 Federal street, Allegheny.
GEO. BEAVEN.

W. W. Moorhead, 81 Market street, is selling his large stock of lace goods, trimmings, hosiery and gloves, at prices which defy competition. Shoppers should call and examine the stock.

Chapped Hands, face and all roughness of the skin, certainly cured by using the *Juniper Tar Soap*, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York. It surpasses all other remedies as it will prevent roughness of the skin if used during cold weather. It is easily applied, avoiding all the trouble of the greasy compounds now in use. It can be used by ladies with the most tender skin, without irritation or pain, making it soft and clear. Sold by the druggists generally. wT

Ice Cream.—It is really a luxury to drop in at Youngson's and get a lunch of his ice cream, made of pure country cream and got up in such a way as to make your mouth water to look at it. Try it and see if we are not telling the truth. He charges the same as you pay at some places for skim milk. Youngson is on the corner of Smithfield street and Diamond alley.

Notice.—Persons indebted to the concern of J. W. Barker & Co., are requested to make immediate payment. Also, parties having claims against the said firm will please render them previous to the 1st day of August.
J. W. BARKER, JR.,
Administrator.

Marvin's Superior Crackers.—Marvin, of 91 Liberty street, is a name well known in every household. His crackers are superior in every respect being made of the best materials and baked in faultless style. Try them.

Tents for Camp Meetings.—Hunting and Fishing parties; "A," "Wall" and "Hospital" tents, good as new, at J. H. Johnston's, 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh. 22:2w

Carriages at Two Dollars, by Fairman & Samson, corner Seventh avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, and 135 Sandusky street, Allegheny City.

Summer Silks, Thin Dress Goods, Marseilles, cheap, at Bates & Bell's, to close the stock.

Only Four Days Now.

J. W. Barker & Co., 59 Market and 20 Sixth (late St. Clair) street, must, by order of the administrator of the senior member of the firm (deceased) close out their entire stock of summer, fall and winter goods in four days. Wholesale and retail buyers should make a note of this, as every article has been marked down to prices that will secure their sale. Purchasers should call early in the morning, as the rush during the day is so great that with their additional hands, they find it difficult often to wait upon all. Let all our readers go to Barker's and lay in their supply of fall and winter goods at one-half the cost they will be compelled to pay when the season comes round.

Lozenges

Of the first quality, viz:
Cream Mellow,
Ginger,
Lemon,
Wintergreen,
Cinnamon,
Sassafras,
Cayenne,
Peppermint,
Musk,
Pine Apple,
Rose,
Conversation,
Fruit,
Liquorice,
Tolu,
Vanilla,
Imperial and Cough Lozenges,
At prices to compare with any, at 112 Federal street, Allegheny.
3t GEO. BEAVEN.

"Fresh as a Maiden's Blush" is the pure peachy Complexion which follows the use Hagan's Magnolia Balm. It is the True Secret of Beauty. Fashionable Ladies in Society understand this.

The Magnolia Balm changes the rustic Country Girl into a City Belle more rapidly than any other one thing.

Redness, Sunburn, Tan, Freckles, Blotches and all effects of the Summer Sun disappear when it is used, and a genial, cultivated, fresh expression is obtained which rivals the Bloom of Youth. Beauty is possible to all who will invest 75 cents at any respectable store and insist on getting the Magnolia Balm.

USE NOTHING but Lyon's Kathairon to dress the Hair. MWFF.

Fairman & Samson have reduced their prices and are ready to wait on the public at their own price. Carriages, two dollars in the city, and everything else in the same proportion. Office, corner of Seventh avenue and Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, and 135 Sandusky street, Allegheny City.

Marvin's Bread.—Marvin's Bread, and Marvin's Crackers, are known in every household every body buys them, try them and be convinced. 19 Liberty is his number.

Bates & Bell are selling Silk Mantles, Lace Mantles and Linen Goods cheap.

Remnants of dress goods, silks and poplins and wool goods, cheap at J. M. Burchfield & Co.'s.

Hosiery and Gloves at Moorhead's, 81 Market street, at prices to suit purchasers, and of a quality unsurpassed by any stock in this market. The stock includes every variety and style now in the market.

Printed P. K's, worth one dollar, closing out at 50 cents. J. M. Burchfield & Co., No. 52 St. Clair street.

Linen Goods of all kinds at Bates & Bell's.

MARRIED,

HART—WILGUS—On Monday evening, July 26th, at Pittsburgh Female College, by Rev. I. C. Pershing, DAVID M. HART, of St. Augustine, Florida, and Miss LISSA M. WILGUS, daughter of John S. Wilgus, of Brownsville, Pa.

DIED:

KINKEAD—On Monday evening, July 26th, 1869, ROBERT MAXWELL KINKEAD.

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th inst., at 2½ o'clock, from No. 17 Gum street.

BROOKS—On Monday, July 26th, at 11½ o'clock P. M., at the residence of the late Capt. James R. Hendrickson, McKeesport, Pa., Mr. JOSHUA BROOKS, in the 73d year of his age.

Funeral from the Connellsville Depot, THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

UNDERTAKERS.

ALEX. AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. COFFINS of all kinds, CRAPES, GLOVES, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Rooms open day and night. Hearse and Carriages furnished.

REFERENCES—Rev. David Kerr, D. D., Rev. M. W. Jacobus, D. D., Thomas Ewing, Esq., Jacob Miller, Esq.

CHARLES & PEEBLES, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, corner of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night.

SPECTACLES

WEAK EYES!

Persons who are suffering from weak eyes or dimness of vision can find nothing better to restore them to their proper standard than by using

THE SCOTCH PEBBLE SPECTACLES,

An article we can guarantee to be genuine, and at such a price that they will come within the reach of all. All we ask is for you to call and examine them, and we will prove their superiority over all others.

W. G. DUNSEATH,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN, 56 FIFTH AVENUE. jy24

MERCHANT TAILORS.

HENRY G. HALE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

Would respectfully inform his friends and the public generally, that his

SPRING STOCK OF GOODS
IS NOW COMPLETE,
SOLICITING AN EARLY CALL.
Corner of Penn and Sixth Streets,
mh9

W. HESPENHEID & CO.,
No. 50 SIXTH STREET, (late St. Clair,) have just received from the East the best lot of New Goods for Spring Suits ever brought to the market. The firm warrant to cut and fit and make Clothes cheaper and better than any first-class house in this city. A new and splendid assortment of GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS are at all times to be found at his house. Our Number is 50 SIXTH STREET